HARRIS-WALLER COUNTIES MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 3 (Harris and Waller Counties, Texas)

PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT
DATED: SEPTEMBER 15, 2025

\$12,165,000 UNLIMITED TAX PARK BONDS SERIES 2025A

BIDS TO BE SUBMITTED BY: 10:30 A.M., CENTRAL TIME MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 2025

BONDS TO BE AWARDED: 1:30 P.M., CENTRAL TIME
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 2025



PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED SEPTEMBER 15, 2025

This Preliminary Official Statement is subject to completion and amendment and is intended for the solicitation of initial bids to purchase the Bonds (herein defined). Upon the sale of the Bonds, the Official Statement will be completed and delivered to the Initial Purchaser (herein defined).

IN THE OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL (HEREIN DEFINED), UNDER EXISTING LAW, INTEREST ON THE BONDS (I) IS EXCLUDABLE FROM GROSS INCOME FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES UNDER SECTION 103 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986, AS AMENDED, AND (II) IS NOT AN ITEM OF TAX PREFERENCE FOR PURPOSES OF THE ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX ON INDIVIDUALAS. SEE "TAX MATTERS" HEREIN, INCLUDING INFORMATION REGARDING POTENTIAL ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX CONSEQUENCES FOR CORPORATIONS.

The Bonds will not be designated as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for financial institutions. See "TAX MATTERS – NOT Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations" herein.

NEW ISSUE - Book-Entry-Only

HARRIS-WALLER COUNTIES MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 3

(A Political Subdivision of the State of Texas, located within Harris and Waller Counties)

\$12,165,000 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds Series 2025A

Dated: October 1, 2025

Interest Accrues from: Date of Delivery

Due: September 1, as shown on inside cover

The \$12,165,000 Harris-Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2025A (the "Bonds") are obligations of Harris-Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 (the "District") and are not obligations of the State of Texas; Harris County, Texas; Waller County, Texas; the City of Katy, Texas; or any political subdivision or entity other than the District. Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of Texas; Harris County, Texas; Waller County, Texas; the City of Katy, Texas; nor any entity other than the District is pledged to the payment of the principal of or the interest on the Bonds.

Principal of the Bonds is payable upon presentation at the principal payment office of the paying agent/registrar, initially, BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas (the "Paying Agent/Registrar"). The Bonds are dated October 1, 2025 (the "Dated Date"), and will accrue interest from the date of delivery, which is expected to be on or about October 23, 2025 (the "Date of Delivery"), with interest payable March 1, 2026, and on each September 1 and March 1 thereafter (each an "Interest Payment Date") until the earlier of maturity or redemption. Interest on the Bonds will be payable by check dated as of the Interest Payment Date and mailed by the Paying Agent/Registrar to registered owners ("Registered Owners") as shown on the records of the Paying Agent/Registrar at the close of business on the 15th calendar day of the month next preceding each Interest Payment Date (the "Record Date"). The Bonds are fully registered bonds in principal denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

The Bonds will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), which will act as securities depository for the Bonds. Beneficial owners of the Bonds will not receive physical certificates representing the Bonds, but will receive a credit balance on the books of the nominees of such beneficial owners. So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the Bonds, the principal of and interest on the Bonds will be paid by the Paying Agent/Registrar directly to DTC, which will, in turn, remit such principal and interest to its participants for subsequent disbursement to the beneficial owners of the Bonds as described herein. See "THE BONDS – Book-Entry-Only System."

See "MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES AND INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS" on inside cover.

The Bonds, when issued, will constitute valid and binding obligations of the District and will be payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied upon all taxable property within the District, as further described herein. See "THE BONDS – Source of Payment." The Bonds are obligations solely of the District and are not obligations of the State of Texas; Harris County, Texas; Waller County, Texas; the City of Katy, Texas; or any entity other than the District. Investment in the Bonds is subject to special investment considerations as described herein. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS."

The Bonds are offered subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued by the District and accepted by the winning bidders for the Bonds (the "Initial Purchaser"), subject to the approval of the Attorney General of Texas and of Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP ("Bond Counsel"). Certain legal matters will be passed on for the District by Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Houston, Texas ("Disclosure Counsel"). Delivery of the Bonds is expected on or about October 23, 2025.

MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES AND INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS

\$12,165,000 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2025A

Maturity (September 1)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate	Initial Reoffering Yield (a)	CUSIP No.	Maturity September 1	Principal Amount	Interest Rate	Initial Reoffering Yield (a)	CUSIP No.
2027	\$ 200,000	%	%		2039 (c)	\$ 360,000	%	%	
2028	210,000	%	%		2040 (c)	380,000	%	%	
2029	220,000	%	%		2041 (c)	400,000	%	%	
2030	235,000	%	%		2042 (c)	420,000	%	%	
2031	245,000	%	%		2043 (c)	440,000	%	%	
2032 (c)	260,000	%	%		2044 (c)	465,000	%	%	
2033 (c)	270,000	%	%		2045 (c)	485,000	%	%	
2034 (c)	285,000	%	%		2046 (c)	1,000,000	%	%	
2035 (c)	300,000	%	%		2047 (c)	1,000,000	%	%	
2036 (c)	315,000	%	%		2048 (c)	1,000,000	%	%	
2037 (c)	330,000	%	%		2049 (c)	1,000,000	%	%	
2038 (c)	345,000	%	%		2050 (c)	2,000,000	%	%	

⁽a) Information with respect to the initial reoffering yields of the Bonds is the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser (herein defined). Initial reoffering yields represent the initial offering price, which may be changed for subsequent purchasers. The initial yield indicated above represents the lower of the yields resulting when priced to maturity or to the first call date.

⁽b) CUSIP numbers will be assigned to the Bonds by CUSIP Global Services, managed by FactSet Research Systems Inc. on behalf of the American Bankers Association and are included solely for the convenience of the owners of the Bonds.

⁽c) Bonds maturing on September 1, 2032, and thereafter, shall be subject to redemption and payment at the option of the District, in whole or from time to time in part on October 1, 2031, or on any date thereafter, at the par value thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption.

USE OF INFORMATION IN OFFICIAL STATEMENT

For purposes of compliance with Rule 15c2-12 of the United States Securities Exchange Commission ("Rule 15c2-12"), as amended, and in effect on the date of this Preliminary Official Statement, this document constitutes an "official statement" of the District with respect to the Bonds that has been deemed "final" by the District as of its date except for the omission of no more than information permitted by Rule 15c2-12.

This document, when further supplemented by adding additional information specifying the interest rates and certain other information relating to the Bonds, shall constitute a "final official statement" of the District with respect to the Bonds, as such term is defined in Rule 15c2-12.

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized to give any information, or to make any representations, other than those contained in this Official Statement, and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the District or the Initial Purchaser.

All of the summaries of the statutes, resolutions, orders, contracts, audits, engineering and other related reports set forth in this Official Statement are made subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions and reference is made to such documents, copies of which are available from Bond Counsel, for further information.

This Official Statement is not to be used in connection with an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy in any state in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

This Official Statement contains, in part, estimates, assumptions and matters of opinion which are not intended as statements of fact, and no representation is made as to the correctness of such estimates, assumptions or matters of opinion, or as to the likelihood that they will be realized. Any information and expressions of opinion herein contained are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District or other matters described herein since the date hereof. The District has agreed to keep this Official Statement current by amendment or sticker to reflect material changes in the affairs of the District and to the extent such information actually comes to its attention, the other matters described in this Official Statement, until delivery of the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser and thereafter only as specified in "OFFICIAL STATEMENT – Updating of Official Statement" and "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION."

References to web site addresses presented herein are for informational purposes only and may be in the form of a hyperlink solely for the reader's convenience. Unless specified otherwise, such web sites and the information or links contained therein are not incorporated into, and are not part of, this final official statement for any purposes.

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SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS

Award of the Bonds

After requesting competitive bids for the Bonds, the District has accepted the bid resulting in	the lowest net effective
interest rate to the District, which was tendered by (the "Initial	Purchaser") to purchase
the Bonds bearing the interest rates shown under "MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTERI	EST RATES AND INITIAL
REOFFERING YIELDS" at a price of% of the par value thereof, which resulted in a net	effective interest rate of
%, as calculated pursuant to Chapter 1204 of the Texas Government Code, as amended,	

Prices and Marketability

Subject to certain restrictions described in the Official Notice of Sales, the District has no control over the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds or over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked prices of the Bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked prices of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional municipal entities, as bonds of such entities are more generally bought, sold or traded in the secondary market.

Subject to certain restrictions described in the Official Notice of Sales, the prices and other terms with respect to the offering and sale of the Bonds may be changed from time to time by the Initial Purchaser after the Bonds are released for sale, and the Bonds may be offered and sold at prices other than the initial offering prices, including sales to dealers who may sell the Bonds into investment accounts.

IN CONNECTION WITH THIS OFFERING, THE INITIAL PURCHASER MAY OVER-ALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS WHICH STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICE OF THE BONDS AT A LEVEL ABOVE THAT WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME.

Securities Laws

No registration statement relating to the Bonds has been filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon exemptions provided thereunder. The Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon various exemptions contained therein; nor have the Bonds been registered or qualified under the securities acts of any other jurisdictions. The District assumes no responsibility for registration or qualification of the Bonds under the securities laws of any jurisdiction in which the Bonds may be offered, sold, or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for registration or qualification for sale or other disposition of the Bonds should not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration or qualification provisions.

MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE AND RATINGS

The District has made applications for a commitment for municipal bond insurance on the Bonds. The purchase of such insurance, if available, and payment of all associated costs, including the premium charged by the insurer, and fees charged by rating companies, other than Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"), will be at the option and expense of the Initial Purchaser. The District will pay the rating fees charged by Moody's.

Moody's has assigned an underlying rating credit rating of "A3" to the Bonds. An explanation of the ratings may be obtained from Moody's, 7 World Trade Center at 250 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10007. A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell, or hold securities. Furthermore, there is no assurance that the rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by Moody's, if, in its judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any such revisions or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT SUMMARY

The following is a summary of certain information contained herein and is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information and financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Official Statement. The summary should not be detached and should be used in conjunction with the more complete information contained herein. A full review should be made of this entire Official Statement and of the documents summarized or described herein.

THE BONDS

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The District	Harris-Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 (the "District"), a political subdivision of the State of Texas, is located in Harris County, Texas and Waller County, Texas and within the City of Katy, Texas. See "THE DISTRICT."
The Bonds	The District's \$12,165,000 Harris-Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2025A (the "Bonds"), are dated October 1, 2025 (the "Dated Date"), and mature on September 1 in the years and in the principal amounts as shown on the cover page hereof. The Bonds will accrue interest from the date of delivery, which is expected to be on or about October 23, 2025 (the "Date of Delivery"), with interest payable March 1, 2026, and on each September 1 and March 1 thereafter until the earlier of stated maturity or redemption. See "THE BONDS."
Redemption of the Bonds	The Bonds that mature on or after September 1, 2032, are subject to redemption, in whole or from time to time in part, on October 1, 2031, or on any date thereafter, at the par value thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. See "THE BONDS – Redemption of the Bonds."
Book-Entry-Only System	The Bonds will be initially registered and delivered only to Cede & Co., the nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), pursuant to the Book-Entry-Only System described herein. Beneficial ownership of the Bonds may be acquired in principal denominations of \$5,000 or integral multiples thereof. No physical delivery of the Bonds will be made to the Beneficial Owners (herein defined) thereof. Principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas (the "Paying Agent/Registrar"), to Cede & Co., which will make distribution of the amounts so paid to the participating members of DTC for subsequent payment to the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Book-Entry-Only System."
Authority for Issuance	The Bonds are the second series of bonds to be issued by the District out of an aggregate \$32,500,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized by the District's voters for the purpose of constructing or acquiring parks and recreational improvements to serve the District (the "Park System") and for the refunding of bonds issued by the District for the Park System. Following the issuance of the Bonds, \$10,265,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Park System and the refunding of such bonds will remain authorized but unissued. The Bonds are issued pursuant to: an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ("TCEQ"); the general laws of the State of Texas, including Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, applicable to municipal utility districts created under Section 59, Article XVI, Texas Constitution; a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the District on the date of the sale of the Bonds (the "Bond Resolution"); and an election held in the District on November 4, 2014.
Source of Payment	

service on bonds issued for the purpose of constructing or acquiring the roads (the "Road System,"), and to pay debt service on bonds issued for the purpose of constructing or acquiring the Park System; such taxes are unlimited as to rate or amount.

Outstanding Bonds

The District has previously issued seven (7) series of bonds for the purpose of constructing or acquiring the Road System: \$9,385,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2016; \$3,290,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2017; \$3,600,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2020; \$2,860,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2021; \$13,180,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2022; \$8,920,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2023; and \$8,990,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2024 of which an aggregate of \$42,215,000 principal amount will remain outstanding as of delivery of the Bonds (the "Outstanding Road Bonds"). The District has previously issued eight (8) series of bonds for the purpose of constructing or acquiring the Utility System: \$5,765,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2017; \$8,420,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2018; \$10,680,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2019; \$6,350,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2020; \$10,000,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2021; \$14,390,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2022; \$11,080,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2023; and \$17,845,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2024 of which an aggregate of \$77,215,000 principal amount will remain outstanding as of delivery of the Bonds (the "Outstanding Utility Bonds"). The District has previously issued one (1) series of bonds for the purpose of constructing or acquiring the Park System: \$10,070,000 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2025 of which an aggregate amount of \$10,070,000 principal amount will remain outstanding as of delivery of the Bonds (the "Outstanding Park Bonds," and together with the Outstanding Utility Bonds and Outstanding Road Bonds, the "Outstanding Bonds"). See "THE BONDS - Outstanding Bonds."

Payment Record......The District has never defaulted on the timely payment of debt service on its bonded indebtedness.

Use and Distribution of the

defined) for certain costs of constructing the Park System, as shown herein under "THE BONDS - Use and Distribution of the Bond Proceeds." Additionally, proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used to pay developer interest, twelve (12) months of capitalized interest, and costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds.

NOT Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations......The Bonds will not be designated as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for financial institutions.

Municipal Bond Insurance and RatingThe District has made applications for a commitment for municipal bond insurance on the Bonds. The purchase of such insurance, if available, and payment of all associated costs, including the premium charged by the insurer, and fees charged by rating companies, other than Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"), will be at the option and expense of the Initial Purchaser. The District will pay the rating fees charged by Moody's. Moody's has assigned an underlying rating credit rating of "A3" to the Bonds. See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE AND RATINGS."

Financial Advisor......Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated, Houston, Texas.

THE DISTRICT

Description.......The District was created under Section 59, Article XVI of the Texas Constitution, by Senate Bill No. 608, an act of the 83rd Texas Legislature, Regular Session, effective June 14, 2013, and codified as Chapter 8431, Subtitle F, Title 6, Special District Local Laws Code. The District operates pursuant to Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, and is authorized to construct roads, and improvements in aid thereof, as provided under Section 52, Article III of the Texas Constitution.

Upon creation, the District comprised approximately 448.64 acres. Due to subsequent annexations, the District now contains approximately 1,089.57 acres. The District is situated within Waller County, Texas, and in Harris County, Texas. The District is located approximately 30 miles west of the central business district of the City of Houston, Texas. The District is located entirely within the corporate limits of the City of Katy, Texas. See "THE DISTRICT."

Development within the DistrictThe District is part of the development of Cane Island, a master-planned community that consists of approximately 1,089.57 total acres located in the City of Katy, Texas. In the District, approximately 767.67 acres (2,120 lots) have been developed as the single-family residential subdivisions of Cane Island, Sections 1 – 45. As of July 1, 2025, said subdivisions included approximately 2,116 completed homes, approximately 0 homes under construction, and approximately 4 vacant developed lots. The remainder of the land within the District currently includes 0.00 acres under construction, 0.00 acres that are undeveloped but developable, and 321.90 undevelopable acres for detention, roadways, and reserves for parks, open spaces, and landscaping. See "DEVELOPMENT OF THE DISTRICT."

formed for the purpose of facilitating the acquisition and development of land in the District. The Developer is managed by Rise Communities, LLC, a developer and manager of large-scale, master-planned communities in several states. See "PRINCIPAL LANDOWNERS/DEVELOPER."

INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

THE DISTRICT'S TAX IS LEVIED ONLY ON THE PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN THE DISTRICT. THEREFORE, THE INVESTMENT SECURITY AND QUALITY OF THE BONDS IS DEPENDENT UPON THE SUCCESSFUL DEVELOPMENT OF PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN THE DISTRICT AND THE PAYMENT AND COLLECTION OF TAXES LEVIED THEREON.

THE BONDS ARE SUBJECT TO CERTAIN INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS. PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS SHOULD REVIEW THIS ENTIRE OFFICIAL STATEMENT, PARTICULARLY THE SECTION OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT ENTITLED "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS," BEFORE MAKING AN INVESTMENT DECISION.

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SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(UNAUDITED)

2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation	. ,	295,085,234 312,128,422	. ,
Direct Debt: The Outstanding Bonds (as of delivery of the Bonds) The Bonds Total		132,500,000 12,165,000 144,665,000	
Estimated Overlapping Debt Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt	\$ \$ 2	71,070,867 215,735,867	(c) (c)
Direct Debt Ratios: As a percentage of the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation		11.17 11.03	% %
Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt Ratios: As a percentage of the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation		16.66 16.44	% %
System Debt Service Fund Balance (as of September 15, 2025)	\$ \$	4,410,470 842,831 762,964 261,425	(d) (e)
General Fund Balance (as of September 15, 2025)	\$	2,402,567	

- (a) All taxable property located in the District is valued on the applicable appraisal roll of the Waller County Appraisal District ("WCAD") as of January 1, 2025 and the Harris Central Appraisal District ("HCAD") as of January 1, 2024. See "TAXING PROCEDURES" and "TAX DATA"
- (b) Provided by the WCAD and HCAD for informational purposes only. This amount is an estimate of the taxable value of all taxable property located within the District as of June 1, 2025, and includes an estimate of additional taxable value in Waller County resulting from the construction of taxable improvements from January 1, 2025, through June 1, 2025. No taxes will be levied on this estimated value. See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."
- (c) See "DISTRICT DEBT Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt Statement."
- (d) Neither Texas law nor the Bond Resolution (herein defined) requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the District's fund created for payment of debt service on bonds issued for the Utility System (herein defined), and the Park System, including the Bonds, (the "System Debt Service Fund"). Funds in the System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on the Outstanding Road Bonds (herein defined) and are pledged only for payment of debt service on the Bonds, the Outstanding Utility Bonds (herein defined) and the Outstanding Park Bonds (herein defined). Twelve (12) months of capitalized interest will be deposited in the System Debt Service Fund upon delivery of the Bonds.
- (e) Neither Texas law nor the resolutions authorizing the issuance of the Outstanding Road Bonds require that the District maintain any particular sum in the District's fund created for payment of debt service on bonds issued for the Road System (herein defined) (the "Road System Debt Service Fund"). Funds in the Road System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on the Bonds, the Outstanding Utility Bonds (herein defined), or the Outstanding Park Bonds.

SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

2024 Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Taxable Valuation			
Utility System Debt Service	\$	0.515	(a)
Road System Debt Service		0.275	(a)
Maintenance and Operations		0.090	
Total	\$	0.880	(b)
Combined Estimated Average Annual Debt Service Requirement (2026–2050)	\$	8,686,229	(c)
Combined Estimated Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement (2041)	\$	9,905,298	(c)
Combined Debt Service Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Taxable Valuation Required to Pay the			
Estimated Average Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds (2026–2050) at 95% Tax Collections:			
Based on the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation	¢	0.74	
	ው ተ	0., 1	
Based on the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of June 1, 2025	\$	0.70	
Combined Debt Service Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Taxable Valuation Required to Pay the			
Estimated Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding Bonds			
and the Bonds (2041) at 95% Tax Collections:			
Based on the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$	0.85	
Based on the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of June 1, 2025	\$	0.80	

⁽a) The District is authorized to levy two separate taxes to pay debt service on the bonds issued for the Road System, and bonds issued for the Utility System and the Park System, including the Bonds. Such taxes are unlimited as to rate or amount.

⁽b) The District has authorized publication of its intent to levy a total tax rate of \$0.87 per \$100 of assessed valuation for the 2025 tax year.

⁽c) Requirement of debt service on the Outstanding Bonds (herein defined) and the Bonds. Debt service on the Bonds is an estimate based on the Bonds being sold at an average annual interest rate of 5.00%. See "DISTRICT DEBT – Pro-Forma Debt Service Requirement Schedule."

HARRIS-WALLER COUNTIES MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 3 \$12,165,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds Series 2025A

INTRODUCTION

This Official Statement provides certain information in connection with the issuance by Harris-Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 (the "District") of its \$12,165,000 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2025A (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are issued pursuant to: an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ("TCEQ"); the general laws of the State of Texas, including Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, applicable to municipal utility districts created under Section 59, Article XVI, Texas Constitution; a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the District on the date of the sale of the Bonds (the "Bond Resolution"); and an election held in the District on November 4, 2014.

Unless otherwise indicated, capitalized terms used in this Official Statement have the same meaning assigned to such terms in the Bond Resolution.

There follow in this Official Statement descriptions of the Bonds, the Developer (herein defined), the Bond Resolution and certain information about the District and its finances. All descriptions of documents contained herein are only summaries and are qualified in their entirety by reference to each such document. Copies of such documents may be obtained from Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Phoenix Tower, 3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600, Houston, Texas, 77027, upon payment of the costs of duplication therefore.

THE BONDS

General

The following is a description of some of the terms and conditions of the Bonds, which description is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Bond Resolution. A copy of the Bond Resolution may be obtained from the District upon written request made to the District's Bond Counsel, Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP ("Bond Counsel"), Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Phoenix Tower, 3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600, Houston, Texas 77027.

The Bonds are dated October 1, 2025 (the "Dated Date"), and will accrue interest from the date of delivery, which is expected to be on or about October 23, 2025 (the "Date of Delivery"), with interest payable March 1, 2026, and on each September 1 and March 1 thereafter (each an "Interest Payment Date") until the earlier of maturity or redemption. The Bonds are fully-registered bonds maturing on September 1 of the years shown under "MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES AND INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS" on the cover page of this Official Statement. Principal of the Bonds will be payable to the registered owners (the "Registered Owners") at maturity or redemption upon presentation at the principal payment office of the paying agent/registrar, initially, BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas (the "Paying Agent/Registrar"). Interest on the Bonds will be payable by check, dated as of the Interest Payment Date, and mailed by the Paying Agent/Registrar to Registered Owners as shown on the records of the Paying Agent/Registrar at the close of business on the 15th calendar day of the month next preceding the Interest Payment Date (the "Record Date") or by such other customary banking arrangements as may be agreed upon by the Paying Agent/Registrar and a Registered Owner at the risk and expense of such Registered Owner.

Book-Entry-Only System

This section describes how ownership of the Bonds is to be transferred and how the principal of and interest on the Bonds are to be paid to and credited by The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), while the Bonds are registered in its nominee's name. The information in this section concerning DTC and the Book-Entry-Only System has been provided by DTC for use in disclosure documents such as this Official Statement. The District believes the source of such information to be reliable, but takes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof.

The District cannot and does not give any assurance that (1) DTC will distribute payments of debt service on the Bonds, or redemption or other notices, to DTC Participant, (2) DTC Participants or others will distribute debt service payments paid to DTC or its nominee (as the registered owner of the Bonds), or redemption or other notices, to the Beneficial Owners, or that they will do so on a timely basis, or (3) DTC will serve and act in the manner described in this Official Statement. The current rules applicable to DTC are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and the current procedures of DTC to be followed in dealing with DTC Participants are on file with DTC.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be required by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such issue, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.6 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC.

DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of "AA+". The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchase of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Securities unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to Issue as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Securities are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, principal and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the District or Paying Agent/Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, Paying Agent/Registrar or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, principal and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the District or Paying Agent/Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The District may decide to discontinue use of the system of Book-Entry-Only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in the section concerning DTC and DTC's Book-Entry-Only system has been obtained from sources that the District believes to be reliable, but Issuer takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

Use of Certain Terms in Other Sections of This Official Statement

In reading this Official Statement it should be understood that while the Bonds are in the book-entry form, references in other sections of this Official Statement to Registered Owners should be read to include the person for which the Direct and Indirect Participant acquires an interest in the Bonds, but (i) all rights of ownership must be exercised through DTC and the Book-Entry-Only System, and (ii) except as described above, notices that are to be given to Registered Owners under the Bond Resolutions will be given only to DTC.

Successor Paying Agent/Registrar

Provision is made in the Bond Resolution for replacing the Paying Agent/Registrar. If the District replaces the Paying Agent/Registrar, such Paying Agent/Registrar shall, promptly upon the appointment of a successor, deliver the Paying Agent/Registrar's records to the successor Paying Agent/Registrar, and the successor Paying Agent/Registrar shall act in the same capacity as the previous Paying Agent/Registrar. Any successor Paying Agent/Registrar selected by the District shall be a commercial bank; a trust company organized under the laws of the State of Texas; or other entity duly qualified and legally authorized to serve and perform the duties of the Paying Agent/Registrar for the Bonds.

Registration, Transfer and Exchange

In the event the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued, the Bonds are transferable only on the bond register kept by the Paying Agent/Registrar upon surrender at the corporate trust office of the Paying Agent/Registrar in Dallas, Texas. A Bond may be assigned by the execution of an assignment form on the Bonds or by other instrument of transfer and assignment acceptable to the Paying Agent/Registrar. At any time after the date of initial delivery, any Bond may be transferred upon its presentation and surrender at the designated offices of the Paying Agent/Registrar, duly endorsed for transfer or accompanied by an assignment duly executed by the Bondholder.

The Bonds are exchangeable upon presentation at the designated office(s) of the Paying Agent/Registrar, for an equal principal amount of Bonds of the same maturity in authorized denominations. To the extent possible, new Bonds issued in exchange or transfer of Bonds will be delivered to the Bondholder or assignee of the Bondholder within not more than three (3) business days after the receipt by the Paying Agent/Registrar of the request in proper form to transfer or exchange the Bonds. New Bonds registered and delivered in an exchange or transfer shall be in the denomination of \$5,000 in principal amount for a Bond, or any integral multiple thereof for any one maturity and shall bear interest at the same rate and be for a like aggregate principal or maturity amount as the Bond or Bonds surrendered for exchange or transfer. Neither the Paying Agent/Registrar nor the District is required to issue, transfer, or exchange any Bond during a period beginning at the opening of business on a Record Date and ending at the close of business on the next succeeding Interest Payment Date or to transfer or exchange any Bond selected for redemption, in whole or in part, beginning fifteen (15) calendar days prior to, and ending on the date of the mailing of notice of redemption, or where such redemption is scheduled to occur within thirty (30) calendar days. No service charge will be made for any transfer or exchange, but the District or Paying Agent/Registrar may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or governmental charge payable in connection therewith.

Redemption of the Bonds

Bonds maturing on September 1, 2032, and thereafter shall be subject to redemption and payment at the option of the District, in whole or from time to time in part, on October 1, 2031, or on any date thereafter, at the par value thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. Notice of the exercise of the reserved right of redemption will be given at least thirty (30) days prior to the redemption date by sending such notice by first class mail to the Registered Owner of each Bond to be redeemed in whole or in part at the address shown on the bond register. If less than all of the Bonds are redeemed at any time, the maturities of the Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected by the District. If less than all of the Bonds of a certain maturity are to be redeemed, the particular Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed will be selected by the Paying Agent/Registrar prior to the redemption date by such random method as the Paying Agent/Registrar deems fair and appropriate in integral multiples of \$5,000 within any one maturity. The Registered Owner of any Bond, all or a portion of which has been called for redemption, shall be required to present such Bond to the Paying Agent/Registrar for payment of the redemption price on the portion of the Bonds so called for redemption and issuance of a new Bond in the principal amount equal to the portion of such Bond not redeemed.

Mutilated, Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Bonds

In the event the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued, the District has agreed to replace mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Bonds upon surrender of the mutilated Bonds to the Paying Agent/Registrar, or receipt of satisfactory evidence of such destruction, loss or theft, and receipt by the District and Paying Agent/Registrar of security or indemnity as may be required by either of them to hold them harmless. The District may require payment of taxes, governmental charges and other expenses in connection with any such replacement.

Authority for Issuance

The Bonds are the second series of bonds to be issued by the District out of an aggregate \$32,500,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized by the District's voters for the purpose of constructing or acquiring parks and recreational improvements to serve the District (the "Park System") and for the refunding of bonds issued by the District for the Park System.

The Bonds are issued pursuant to: an order of the TCEQ; the general laws of the State of Texas, including Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, applicable to municipal utility districts created under Section 59, Article XVI, Texas Constitution; a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the District on the date of the sale of the Bonds (the "Bond Resolution"); and an election held in the District on November 4, 2014.

Following the issuance of the Bonds, the following amounts will remain authorized but unissued: \$10,265,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Park System and for the refunding of such bonds; \$270,370,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of constructing or acquiring a water, wastewater and drainage system (the "Utility System") and for the refunding of such bonds; and \$77,175,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purposes of constructing or acquiring road facilities to serve the District (the "Road System") and for the refunding of such bonds.

Outstanding Bonds

The District has previously issued seven (7) series of bonds for the purpose of constructing or acquiring the Road System: \$9,385,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2016; \$3,290,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2017; \$3,600,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2022; \$8,920,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2021; \$13,180,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2022; \$8,920,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2023; and \$8,990,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2024 of which an aggregate of \$42,215,000 principal amount will remain outstanding as of delivery of the Bonds (the "Outstanding Road Bonds"). The District has previously issued eight (8) series of bonds for the purpose of constructing or acquiring the Utility System: \$5,765,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2017; \$8,420,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2018; \$10,680,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2019; \$6,350,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2020; \$10,000,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2021; \$14,390,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2022; \$11,080,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2023; and \$17,845,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2024 of which an aggregate of \$77,215,000 principal amount will remain outstanding as of delivery of the Bonds (the "Outstanding Utility Bonds"). The District has previously issued one (1) series of bonds for the purpose of constructing or acquiring the Park System: \$10,070,000 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2025 of which an aggregate amount of \$10,070,000 principal amount will remain outstanding as of delivery of the Bonds (the "Outstanding Park Bonds," and together with the Outstanding Utility Bonds and Outstanding Road Bonds, the "Outstanding Bonds").

Issuance of Additional Debt

The District may issue additional bonds with, as needed, the approval of the TCEQ necessary to provide improvements and facilities consistent with the purposes for which the District was created. The District's voters have authorized the issuance of \$32,500,000 unlimited tax bonds for the Park System and for the refunding of such bonds, \$354,900,000 unlimited tax bonds for the Utility System and for the refunding of such bonds; \$127,400,000 unlimited tax bonds for the Road System and for the refunding of such bonds; and could authorize additional amounts.

The Bonds are the second series of bonds to be issued by the District out of an aggregate \$32,500,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds authorized by the District's voters for the purpose of constructing or acquiring the Park System and for the refunding of bonds issued by the District for the Park System. Following the issuance of the Bonds, \$10,265,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Park System and the refunding of such bonds, \$270,370,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Utility System and the refunding of such bonds, and \$77,175,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the Road System and the refunding of such bonds will remain authorized but unissued.

The Bond Resolution imposes no limitation on the amount of additional parity bonds which may be issued by the District (if authorized by the District's voters and, in the case of bonds issued for the Utility System or for the Park System, approved by the TCEQ). As of July 1, 2025, the District owes the Developer approximately \$0 for expenditures to construct the Utility System, Road System, and Park System in the District.

The District is also authorized by statute to engage in fire-fighting activities, including the issuing of bonds payable from taxes for such purposes. Before the District could issue such bonds, the following actions would be required: (a)

authorization of a detailed fire protection plan; (b) approval of the fire plan by the TCEQ; (c) approval of the fire plan by the voters of the District; and (d) approval of bonds, if any, by the Attorney General of Texas. The Board of Directors has not considered adoption of a fire plan or calling an election at this time for such purposes. If additional debt obligations are issued in the future by the District, such issuance may increase gross debt-property ratios and might adversely affect the investment security of the Bonds.

The District is authorized by statute to develop parks and recreational facilities, including the issuing of bonds payable from taxes for such purpose. The District prepared a parks master plan, and on November 4, 2014, as noted above, the District's voters authorized \$32,500,000 in unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring and constructing the Park System and the refunding of such bonds. Before the District can issue park bonds payable from taxes, the following actions are required: (a) approval of the park bond application for the issuance of bonds by the TCEQ; and (b) approval of the bonds by the Attorney General of Texas. If the District does issue park bonds, the outstanding principal amount of such bonds may not exceed an amount equal to one percent of the value of the taxable property in the District, unless the District meets certain financial feasibility requirements under the TCEQ rules, in which case the outstanding principal amount of such bonds issued by the District may exceed an amount equal to one percent but not greater than three percent of the value of the taxable property in the District.

Source of Payment

The Bonds are payable from the proceeds of a continuing, direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property located within the District. In the Bond Resolution, the District covenants to levy a sufficient tax to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds, with full allowance being made for delinquencies, costs of collections, fees of the Paying Agent/Registrar and fees of appraisal districts. Tax proceeds, after deduction for collection costs, will be placed in the debt service fund and used solely to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds, and additional bonds payable from taxes which may be issued, and Paying Agent/Registrar fees. The District is authorized to levy separate taxes to pay debt service on bonds issued for the Utility System, to pay debt service on bonds issued for the Park System and to pay debt service on bonds issued for the Road System; such taxes are unlimited as to rate or amount.

The Bonds are obligations solely of the District and are not the obligations of the State of Texas; Harris County, Texas; Waller County, Texas; the City of Katy, Texas (the "City"); or any entity other than the District.

No Arbitrage

The District will certify, on the date of delivery of the Bonds, that based upon all facts and estimates now known or reasonably expected to be in existence on the date the Bonds are delivered and paid for, the District reasonably expects that the proceeds of the Bonds will not be used in a manner that would cause the Bonds, or any portion of the Bonds, to be "arbitrage bonds" under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and the regulations prescribed thereunder. Furthermore, all officers, employees and agents of the District have been authorized and directed to provide certifications of facts and estimates that are material to the reasonable expectations of the District as of the date the Bonds are delivered and paid for. In particular, all or any officers of the District are authorized to certify to the facts and circumstances and reasonable expectations of the District on the date the Bonds are delivered and paid for regarding the amount and use of the proceeds of the Bonds. Moreover, the District covenants that it shall make such use of the proceeds of the Bonds, regulate investment of proceeds of the Bonds and take such other and further actions and follow such procedures, including, without limitation, calculating the yield on the Bonds, as may be required so that the Bonds shall not become "arbitrage bonds" under the Code and the regulations prescribed from time to time thereunder.

Consolidation and Dissolution

The District has the legal authority to consolidate with other districts and, in connection therewith, to provide for the consolidation of its assets (such as cash and the Utility System) and liabilities (such as the Bonds), with the assets and liabilities of districts with which it is consolidating. Although no consolidation is presently contemplated by the District, no representation is made concerning the likelihood of consolidation in the future.

The City has the right to abolish and dissolve the District and to acquire the District's assets and assume the District's obligations in accordance with state law, subject, however to the terms of the Utility Agreement (hereinafter defined) entered into by and between the District and the City. See "UTILITY SERVICE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE DISTRICT AND THE CITY OF KATY." If any of the Bonds are outstanding at the time of dissolution, the payment of such Bonds becomes the obligation of the City. Dissolution of the District is a policy matter for the City. The District can make no representation regarding the likelihood that the City will dissolve the District.

Defeasance

The Bond Resolution provides that the District may discharge its obligations to the Registered Owners of any or all of the Bonds to pay principal, interest and redemption price thereon in any manner permitted by law. Under current Texas law, such discharge may be accomplished either (i) by depositing with the Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas

a sum of money equal to the principal of, premium, if any, and all interest to accrue on the Bonds to maturity or redemption or (ii) by depositing with any place of payment (paying agent) of the Bonds or other obligations of the District payable from revenues or from ad valorem taxes or both, amounts sufficient to provide for the payment and/or redemption of the Bonds; provided that such deposits may be invested and reinvested only in (a) direct noncallable obligations of the United States of America, (b) noncallable obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the agency or instrumentality and that, on the date the governing body of the District adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, and (c) noncallable obligations of a state or an agency or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state that have been refunded and that, on the date the governing body of the District adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, and which mature and/or bear interest payable at such times and in such amounts as will be sufficient to provide for the scheduled payment and/or redemption of the Bonds.

Upon such deposit as described above, such Bonds shall no longer be regarded as outstanding or unpaid. After firm banking and financial arrangements for the discharge and final payment or redemption of the Bonds have been made as described above, all rights of the District to initiate proceedings to call the Bonds for redemption or take any other action amending the terms of the Bonds are extinguished; provided, however, that the right to call the Bonds for redemption is not extinguished if the District: (i) in the proceedings providing for the firm banking and financial arrangements, expressly reserves the right to call the Bonds for redemption; (ii) gives notice of the reservation of that right to the owners of the Bonds immediately following the making of the firm banking and financial arrangements; and (iii) directs that notice of the reservation be included in any redemption notices that it authorizes.

There is no assurance that the current law will not be changed in the future in a manner which would permit investments other than those described above to be made with amounts deposited to defease the Bonds.

Legal Investment and Eligibility to Secure Public Funds in Texas

Section 49.186 of the Texas Water Code is applicable to the District and provides:

- "(a) All bonds, notes, and other obligations issued by a district shall be legal and authorized investments for all banks, trust companies, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, insurance companies of all kinds and types, fiduciaries, and trustees, and for all interest and sinking funds and other public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic.
- (b) A district's bonds, notes, and other obligations are eligible and lawful security for all deposits of public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic, to the extent of the market value of the bonds, notes, and other obligations when accompanied by any unmatured interest coupons attached to them."

The Public Funds Collateral Act (Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code) also provides that bonds of the District (including the Bonds) are eligible as collateral for public funds.

No representation is made that the Bonds will be suitable for or acceptable to financial or public entities for investment or collateral purposes. No representation is made concerning other laws, rules, regulations, or investment criteria which apply to or which might be utilized by any of such persons or entities to limit the acceptability or suitability of the Bonds for any of the foregoing purposes. Prospective purchasers are urged to carefully evaluate the investment quality of the Bonds as to the suitability or acceptability of the Bonds for investment or collateral purposes.

Registered Owners' Remedies

Pursuant to Texas law, the Bond Resolution provides that, in the event the District defaults in the payment of the principal of or interest on any of the Bonds when due, fails to make payments required by the Bond Resolution into the System Debt Service Fund, or defaults in the observance or performance of any of the other covenants, conditions or obligations set forth in the Bond Resolution, any Registered Owner shall be entitled to seek a writ of mandamus from a court of competent jurisdiction compelling and requiring the District to make such payments or to observe and perform such covenants, obligations or conditions. Such right is in addition to other rights the Registered Owners may be provided by the laws of the State of Texas.

In the event of default in the payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds, the Registered Owners may seek a writ of mandamus requiring the District to levy adequate taxes to make such payments. Except for the remedy of mandamus, the Bond Resolution does not specifically provide for remedies to a Registered Owner in the event of a District default, nor does

it provide for the appointment of a trustee to protect and enforce the interests of the Registered Owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. Although the Registered Owners could obtain a judgment against the District, such a judgment could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the Registered Owners cannot themselves foreclose on the property of the District or sell property within the District in order to pay the principal of or interest on the Bonds. The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners may be further limited by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions such as the District. For example, a Chapter 9 bankruptcy proceeding by the District could delay or eliminate payment of principal or interest to the Registered Owners.

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Use and Distribution of the Bonds Proceeds

Proceeds of the Bonds will be used to reimburse the Developer (herein defined) for certain costs of constructing the Park System, as shown below. Additionally, proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used to pay developer interest, twelve (12) months of capitalized interest, and costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds.

	District's
	Share
CONSTRUCTION COSTS	
A. Developer Contribution Items	
1. Phase 2 Pond G	\$ 378,474
2. Phase 3 Section 40 & Pond L	297,172
3. Phase 4 Pond H	481,093
4. Phase 4 North Side Basins	1,359,411
5. South Detention Basin	971,918
6. Ponds K & J Landscaping	89,079
7. Parkway Phase 1	2,818,465
8. Phase 4 Ponds P, Q, R & S	1,034,607
9. Phase 4 Ponds T & U	210,640
10. Landscape Architect	551,430
11. South Detention Basin (Additional Planting)	54,733
12. Amenity Pond Fountains	418,932
13. Wells for Irrigating Landscape & Amenity Ponds	193,986
14. Tree Relocation & Planting	226,550
15. Hydro Mulching Pond Slopes	16,702
16. Park/Landscape Improvements	104,550
17. Land Acquisition Expenses (26 reserves)	366,254
Total Developer Contribution Items	\$ 9,573,996
SUBTOTAL CONSTRUCTION COSTS	\$ 9,573,996
LESS SURPLUS FUNDS	\$ (189,908)
NET TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COSTS	\$ 9,384,088
NON-CONSTRUCTION COSTS	
A. Legal Fees	\$ 283,300
B. Fiscal Agent Fees	243,300
C. Developer Interest	1,121,725
D. Capitalized Interest (12 Months at 5.00%)	608,250
E. Bond Discount (3.00%)	364,950
F. Bond Issuance Expenses	58,518
G. Bond Application Report	60,956
H. Attorney General Fee (0.10%)	9,500
I. TCEQ Bond Issuance Fee	30,413
TOTAL NON-CONSTRUCTION COSTS	\$ 2,780,912
TOTAL BOND ISSUE REQUIREMENT	<u>\$12,165,000</u>

In the instance that approved estimated amounts exceed the actual costs, the difference comprises a surplus which may be expended for uses approved by the TCEQ, where required. In the instance that actual costs exceed previously approved estimated amounts and contingencies, additional TCEQ approval and the issuance of additional bonds may be required. However, the District cannot and does not guarantee the sufficiency of such funds for such purposes.

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THE DISTRICT

Authority

The District was created under Section 59, Article XVI of the Texas Constitution, by Senate Bill No. 608, an act of the 83rd Texas Legislature, Regular Session, effective June 14, 2013 (codified as Chapter 8431, Subtitle F, Title 6, Special District Local Laws Code), and by a confirmation election held within the District on November 4, 2014. The District operates under the general laws of the State of Texas, including Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, applicable to municipal utility districts created under Section 59, Article XVI of the Texas Constitution and is authorized to construct and finance road project as provided under Section 52, Article III of the Texas Constitution.

The District is empowered, among other things, to purchase, construct and maintain roads in the District, and to purchase, construct, operate, and maintain all works, improvements, facilities, and plants necessary for the supply of water; the collection, transportation, and treatment of wastewater; and the control and diversion of storm water.

The District also is authorized to construct, develop and maintain park and recreational facilities using operating revenues or by issuing bonds payable from taxes. In addition, the District is authorized, upon TCEQ and voter approval, to establish, operate and maintain a fire department, independently or with one or more other conservation and reclamation districts, and provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District.

Description

The District comprised approximately 448.64 total acres of land at the time of its creation. Subsequently, there have been seven (7) annexations adding lands into the District's boundaries: the first dated January 19, 2015, adding 158.38 acres, the second dated November 16, 2015, adding 137.12 acres, the third dated October 16, 2017, adding 72.98 acres, the fourth dated November 19, 2018, adding 3.22 acres, the fifth dated December 17, 2018, adding 98.66 acres, the sixth dated December 16, 2019, adding 91.78 acres, and the seventh dated December 20, 2021, adding 78.79 acres. The District now contains approximately 1,089.57 acres.

The District is situated primarily within Waller County, Texas, although a portion of the District's lands, approximately 31.06 acres of undeveloped property owned by the Developer, is within Harris County, Texas. The District is located entirely within the corporate limits of the City and lies approximately 30 miles west of the central business district of the City of Houston, Texas.

Management of the District

The District is governed by its Board of Directors (the "Board") consisting of five directors, who have control over and management supervision of all affairs of the District. All of the directors own property in the District. The directors serve staggered, four-year terms. Elections are held in even-numbered years in May. The current members and officers of the Board are listed below:

Name	Title	Term Expires May		
Tony Bonaventure	President	2028		
Randy Pfieffer	Vice President	2028		
Jennifer White	Secretary	2026		
Steven Dornak	Assistant Vice President	2026		
Jay Houck	Assistant Secretary	2026		

Investment Policy

The District has adopted an Investment Policy (the "Policy") as required by the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code (the "Act"). The District's goal is to preserve principal and maintain liquidity in a diversified portfolio while securing a competitive yield on its portfolio. Funds of the District are to be invested only in accordance with the Policy. The Policy states that the funds of the District may be invested in short term obligations of the U.S. or its agencies or instrumentalities, in certificates of deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") and secured by collateral authorized by the Act, and in TexPool and TexStar, which are public funds investment pools rated in the highest rating category by a nationally recognized rating service. The District does not currently own, nor does it anticipate, the inclusion of long-term securities or derivative products in the portfolio.

Consultants

Although the District does not have a general manager or any other full-time employees, it has contracted for utility system operating, bookkeeping, tax assessing and collecting, auditing, engineering, and legal services as follows:

<u>Tax Assessor/Collector</u>: The tax assessor/collector for the District is Assessments of the Southwest, Inc.

Bookkeeper: The District's bookkeeper is District Data Services, Inc.

<u>Utility System Operator:</u> The City, pursuant to the Utility Agreement (herein defined) by and between the District and the City, operates the District's water and sewer system. See "UTILITY SERVICE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE DISTRICT AND THE CITY OF KATY."

<u>Auditor</u>: As required by the Texas Water Code, the District retains an independent auditor to audit the District's financial statements annually, which audited financial statements are filed annually with the TCEQ. The District engaged McGrath & Co., PLLC as its auditor for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, which audited financial statements are attached hereto as "APPENDIX A"

<u>Engineer</u>: The District's engineer is Edminster, Hinshaw, Russ and Associates, Inc. (the "Engineer"). Such firm acts as engineer for many residential and commercial developments in Texas.

<u>Attorney</u>: The District has engaged Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Houston, Texas, as general counsel to the District and as bond counsel in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The fees to be paid to Bond Counsel in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds. See "LEGAL MATTERS."

<u>Disclosure Counsel</u>: The District has engaged Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Houston, Texas, as disclosure counsel ("Disclosure Counsel") in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The fees to be paid to Disclosure Counsel in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

Financial Advisor: Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated serves as financial advisor ("Financial Advisor") to the District in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The Financial Advisor's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery of the Bonds. The Financial Advisor is not obligated to undertake, and has not undertaken to make, an independent verification or to assume responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or fairness of the information in this Official Statement.

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General Fund Operating Statement

The following is a summary of the District's operating fund activity for the last five full fiscal years. The summary below has been prepared by the Financial Advisor based upon information obtained from the District's audited financial statements. Reference is made to such statements for further and more complete information. See "APPENDIX A."

	Fiscal Year Ended March 31,				
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$ 1,066,014	\$ 1,439,250	\$ 701,497	\$ 876,391	\$ 537,337
Investment Earnings	128,384	105,171	45,273	625	1,489
Total Revenues	\$ 1,194,398	\$ 1,544,421	\$ 746,770	\$ 877,016	\$ 538,826
Expenditures:					
Professional Fees	\$ 165,371	\$ 200,497	\$ 155,709	\$ 158,013	\$ 153,160
Contracted Services	15,984	15,300	12,033	11,145	11,290
Repairs and Maintenance	893,480	528,395	188,347	178,072	170,833
Administrative	33,454	25,134	27,320	24,222	18,820
Other	26,529	11,532	16,500	229	11,917
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,134,818	\$ 773,338	\$ 399,909	\$ 371,681	\$ 366,020
Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	\$ 59,580	\$ 771,338	\$ 346,861	\$ 505,335	\$ 172,806
Fund Balance, Beginning of Period	<u>\$ 2,863,271</u>	\$ 2,092,188	\$ 1,745,327	\$1,239,992	<u>\$1,067,186</u>
Fund Balance, End of Period	<u>\$ 2,922,851</u>	<u>\$ 2,863,271</u>	\$ 2,092,188	<u>\$1,745,327</u>	<u>\$1,239,992</u>

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DEVELOPMENT OF THE DISTRICT

The District is part of the development of Cane Island, a master-planned community that consists of approximately 1,089.57 total acres located in the City. In the District, approximately 767.67 acres (2,120 lots) have been developed as the single-family residential subdivisions of Cane Island, Sections 1-45. As of July 1, 2025, said subdivisions included approximately 2,116 completed homes, approximately 0 homes under construction, and approximately 4 vacant developed lots. The remainder of the land within the District currently includes 0.00 acres under construction, 0.00 acres that are undeveloped but developable and 321.90 undevelopable acres for detention, roadways, and reserves for parks, open spaces, and landscaping.

Status of Development within the District

The table below summarizes the status of development and land use within the District as of July 1, 2025:

Cane Island	Acreage	Lots	Homes Completed	Under Construction	Lots
Section 1	16.03	62	62	0	0
Section 2	20.83	83	83	0	0
Section 3	13.78	48	48	0	0
Section 4	14.48	55	55	0	0
Section 5	21.25	72	72	0	0
Section 6	34.59	84	84	0	0
Section 7	19.55	47	47	0	0
Section 8	20.58	39	39	0	0
Section 9	21.49	45	45	0	0
Section 10	5.43	15	13	0	2
Section 11	16.99	72	72	0	0
Section 12	13.39	43	43	0	0
Section 13	26.39	48	48	0	0
Section 14	15.2	46	46	0	0
Section 15	13.53	50	50	0	0
Section 16	19.54	22	22	0	0
Section 17	15.54	36	36	0	0
Section 18	22.15	40	40	0	0
Section 19	15.44	34	34	0	0
Section 20	15.76	48	48	0	0
Section 21	21.74	61	61	0	0
Section 22	17.02	50	50	0	0
Section 23	14.73	49	49	0	0
Section 24	17.05	44	44	0	0
Section 25	27.53	61	61	0	0
Section 26	5.41	20	20	0	0
Section 27	15.58	73	73	0	0
Section 28	17.75	54	54	0	0
Section 29	13.01	31	31	0	0
Section 30	11.02	17	15	0	2
Section 31	27	54	54	0	0

Section 32A	6.58	16	16	0	0
Section 32B	13.82	39	39	0	0
Section 33	14.97	38	38	0	0
Section 34	21.95	53	53	0	0
Section 35	10.32	37	37	0	0
Section 36	10.32	48	48	0	0
Section 37	16.47	54	54	0	0
Section 38	14.38	66	66	0	0
Section 39	21.57	53	53	0	0
Section 40	23.4	32	32	0	0
Section 41	10.8	52	52	0	0
Section 42	14.29	39	39	0	0
Section 43	11.25	34	34	0	0
Section 44	19.41	30	30	0	0
Section 45	8.36	26	26	0	0
Totals	767.67	2,120	2,116	0	4

Undevelopable 321.90

Under Construction 0

Remaining Developable

District Total 1,089.57

PRINCIPAL LANDOWNERS/DEVELOPER

Role of the Developer

In general, the activities of a developer in a municipal utility district such as the District include purchasing the land within the District, designing the subdivision, designing the utilities and streets to be constructed in the subdivision, designing any community facilities to be built, defining a marketing program and building schedule, securing necessary governmental approvals and permits for development, arranging for the construction of roads and the installation of utilities (including, in some cases, water, wastewater, and drainage facilities pursuant to the rules of the TCEQ, as well as gas, telephone, and electric service) and selling improved lots and commercial reserves to builders, developers, or other third parties. In most instances, the developer will be required to pay up to thirty percent of the cost of constructing certain water, wastewater and drainage facilities in a utility district pursuant to the rules of the TCEQ. The relative success or failure of a developer to perform such activities in development of the property within a utility district may have a profound effect on the security of the unlimited tax bonds issued by a district. A developer is generally under no obligation to a district to develop the property which it owns in a district. Furthermore, there is no restriction on a developer's right to sell any or all of the land which it owns within a district. In addition, a developer is ordinarily a major taxpayer within a municipal utility district during the development phase of the property.

Principal Landowner/Developer

Katy 850 LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Developer" as previously defined herein), was formed for the purpose of acquisition, development, and divestment of tracts of land, including lands in the District. The Developer has determined the overall development plan for such land in the District and arranged for the construction of water, sanitary

sewer and road facilities within the District. The Developer has completed all development within Cane Island, including the District.

The Developer is managed by Rise Communities, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company ("Rise"). Rise is a developer and manager of master-planned, large-scale communities. In addition to developing Cane Island, Rise is also developing Meridiana, a 3,000-acre master planned community located near Highway 288 and Highway 6 in Brazoria County, Texas, and is in the planning stages of a 3,600-acre master-planned community in Phoenix, Arizona.

UTILITY SERVICE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE DISTRICT AND THE CITY OF KATY

The District operates pursuant to a Utility Agreement between the City and the Developer (the "Utility Agreement"). Pursuant to the Utility Agreement, the District assumed responsibility for acquiring and constructing for the benefit of, and for ultimate conveyance to, the City, the water distribution and wastewater collection facilities to serve development occurring within the boundaries of the District (the "Facilities") and the City agreed to provide the District with its ultimate capacity needs for water and wastewater service and to make an annual payment to the District in consideration of the District's financing, acquisition and construction of the Facilities.

The Facilities: The Utility Agreement provides that the Facilities shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the City's requirements and criteria. The City agrees to provide the District with its ultimate requirements for water supply subject to a per-connection capital recovery fee. The Utility Agreement authorizes the District to purchase capacity in the City's Sewage Treatment Plant based on the City's capital recovery fee. The capital recovery fee for water supply is \$1,236 per connection and for wastewater treatment plant capacity is \$1,236 per connection. The District agrees to limit the quantity of wastewater delivered to the amount of wastewater treatment plant capacity purchased through one point of discharge, which is metered. The City agrees to acknowledge any purchase by the District and agrees to hold such capacity for the sole benefit of the District. The District has the right to assign all or any part of its capacity to subsequent purchasers, landowners and developers within the District's boundaries. Prior to making any connection to the District's sanitary sewer system, the District agrees to issue an assignment of capacity and ensure that all required inspections are conducted by the City.

<u>Authority of District to Issue Bonds:</u> The District has the authority to issue, sell and deliver unlimited tax bonds as permitted by law and the City's consent ordinance. Bonds issued by the District are obligations solely of the District and shall not be construed to be obligations or indebtedness of the City.

Ownership, Operation and Maintenance of the Facilities: Upon completion of construction of the Facilities, the District agrees to convey the Facilities to the City, reserving for itself a security interest in the Facilities for the purpose of securing the performance of the City under the Utility Agreement. When all bonds issued by the District to acquire and construct the Facilities have been issued and subsequently paid or redeemed and discharged in full, the District agrees to execute a release of the security interest retained by the District and the City shall own the Facilities without encumbrance. As each phase of the Facilities is completed, the City agrees to inspect the same and upon approval, will accept the Facilities for operation and maintenance. The accepted Facilities shall be operated and maintained by the City at its sole cost and expense. Prior to accepting such Facilities, if the City determines that the Facilities or any portion thereof have not been constructed in accordance with approved plans and specifications, the City agrees to notify the District, and the District shall correct any deficiency noted by the City.

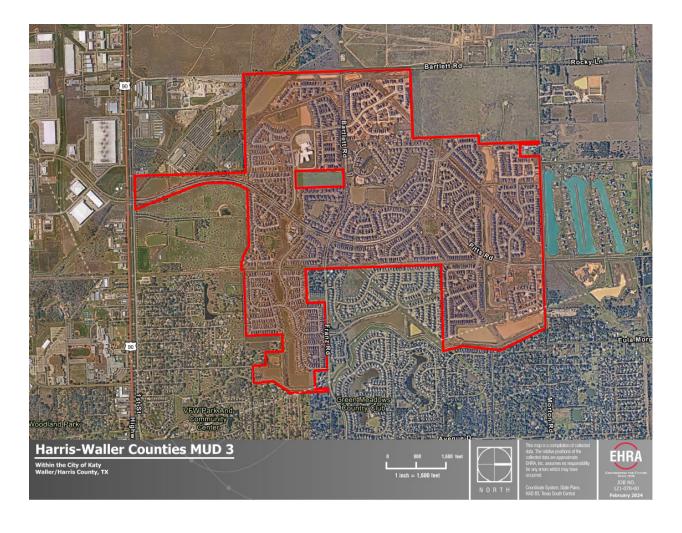
<u>Rates for Service:</u> The City agrees to bill and collect from customers of the District such rates and charges for such customers as the City, in its sole discretion, determines are necessary, provided that the rates and charges will be equal and uniform to those charged to other similar users outside the District. The City may impose a charge for connection to Facilities at a rate to be determined from time to time by the City, provided that the charge is equal to the amount charged other City users for comparable connections.

Annual Payment: The City agrees to make an annual payment (the "Annual Payment") based on the City's property tax rate that is attributable to water, sewer and drainage facilities based on a formula provided in the Utility Agreement. Under such formula, for a given year, the Annual Payment is equal to the amount of the City's property tax rate (per \$100 in valuation) that is attributable to debt service or operation of water, sewer and drainage facilities multiplied by the assessed valuation in the District. The City's property tax rate attributable to water, sewer and drainage facilities may change from year to year. The District does not expect to receive any significant amount of money from the City based upon the Annual Payment. The District has not pledged the Annual Payment to the Bonds.

<u>Dissolution of the District</u>: The City has the right to abolish and dissolve the District and to acquire the District's assets and assume the District's obligations in accordance with state law. In the Utility Agreement, the City agrees that it will not abolish and dissolve the District until (1) the Facilities required to serve the District have been completed, (2) bonds have been issued to finance the Facilities, and (3) the Developer developing Facilities has been reimbursed by the District to the maximum extent permitted by the rules of the TCEQ or the City assumes the obligation to reimburse the Developer.

AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH OF THE DISTRICT

(February 2024)



PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN WITHIN THE DISTRICT (August 2025)













PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN WITHIN THE DISTRICT (August 2025)













DISTRICT DEBT

Pro-Forma Debt Service Requirement Schedule

The following schedule sets forth the principal and interest requirements of the Outstanding Bonds and the principal and estimated interest requirements for the Bonds, assuming the Bonds are issued at an interest rate of 5.00%. Totals may not sum due to rounding.

			The Bonds		
	Outstanding			Total	Total
Year	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Debt Service
2026	\$ 9,046,405	\$ -	\$ 584,596	\$ 584,596	\$ 9,631,001
2027	9,022,005	200,000	608,250	808,250	9,830,255
2028	8,991,318	210,000	598,250	808,250	9,799,568
2029	8,976,436	220,000	587,750	807,750	9,784,186
2030	8,957,661	235,000	576,750	811,750	9,769,411
2031	8,937,949	245,000	565,000	810,000	9,747,949
2032	8,943,180	260,000	552,750	812,750	9,755,930
2033	8,944,815	270,000	539,750	809,750	9,754,565
2034	8,958,521	285,000	526,250	811,250	9,769,771
2035	8,981,634	300,000	512,000	812,000	9,793,634
2036	8,994,109	315,000	497,000	812,000	9,806,109
2037	9,014,503	330,000	481,250	811,250	9,825,753
2038	9,041,884	345,000	464,750	809,750	9,851,634
2039	9,053,740	360,000	447,500	807,500	9,861,240
2040	9,071,190	380,000	429,500	809,500	9,880,690
2041	9,094,798	400,000	410,500	810,500	9,905,298
2042	8,573,039	420,000	390,500	810,500	9,383,539
2043	8,304,811	440,000	369,500	809,500	9,114,311
2044	7,500,151	465,000	347,500	812,500	8,312,651
2045	7,523,046	485,000	324,250	809,250	8,332,296
2046	6,355,900	1,000,000	300,000	1,300,000	7,655,900
2047	5,663,769	1,000,000	250,000	1,250,000	6,913,769
2048	3,760,956	1,000,000	200,000	1,200,000	4,960,956
2049	2,465,300	1,000,000	150,000	1,150,000	3,615,300
2050	9,022,005	2,000,000	100,000	2,100,000	2,100,000
Total	\$ 194,177,119	\$12,165,000	\$10,813,596	\$22,978,596	\$217,155,715

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Bonded Indebtedness

2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation		,295,085,234 ,312,128,422	. ,
Direct Debt: The Outstanding Bonds (as of delivery of the Bonds) The Bonds Total	_	132,500,000 <u>12,165,000</u> 144,665,000	
Estimated Overlapping Debt Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt	<u>\$</u>	71,070,867 215,735,867	(c) (c)
Direct Debt Ratios: As a percentage of the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation As a percentage of the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of June 1, 2025		11.17 11.03	% %
Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt Ratios: As a percentage of the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation As a percentage of the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of June 1, 2025		16.66 16.44	% %
System Debt Service Fund Balance (as of September 15, 2025)	\$ \$ \$ \$	4,410,470 842,831 762,964 261,425 2,402,567	(d) (e)

⁽a) All taxable property located in the District is valued on the applicable appraisal roll of the WCAD as of January 1, 2025 and the HCAD as of January 1, 2024. See "TAXING PROCEDURES" and "TAX DATA."

- (c) See "DISTRICT DEBT Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt Statement."
- (d) Neither Texas law nor the Bond Resolution requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the System Debt Service Fund. Funds in the System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on the Outstanding Road Bonds and are pledged only for payment of debt service on the Bonds, the Outstanding Utility Bonds, and the Outstanding Park Bonds. Twelve (12) months of capitalized interest will be deposited in the System Debt Service Fund upon delivery of the Bonds.
- (e) Neither Texas law nor the resolutions authorizing the issuance of the Outstanding Road Bonds require that the District maintain any particular sum in the Road System Debt Service Fund. Funds in the Road System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on the Bonds, the Outstanding Park Bonds, or the Outstanding Utility Bonds.

⁽b) Provided by the WCAD and HCAD for informational purposes only. This amount is an estimate of the taxable value of all taxable property located within the District as of June 1, 2025, and includes an estimate of additional taxable value in Waller County resulting from the construction of taxable improvements from January 1, 2025, through June 1, 2025. No taxes will be levied on this estimated value. See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."

Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt Statement

Other governmental entities whose boundaries overlap the District have outstanding bonds payable from ad valorem taxes. The following statement of direct and estimated overlapping ad valorem tax debt was developed from information contained in *Texas Municipal Reports* published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas, or other available information. Except for the amount relating to the District, the District has not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of such information, and no person is entitled to rely upon such information as being accurate or complete. Furthermore, certain of the entities listed below may have issued additional bonds since the dates stated in this table, and such entities may have programs requiring the issuance of substantial amounts of additional bonds, the amount of which cannot presently be determined. Political subdivisions overlapping the District are authorized by Texas law to levy and collect ad valorem taxes for operation, maintenance or general revenue purposes in addition to taxes for payment of their debt, and some are presently levying and collecting such taxes.

	Outstanding Debt	Overlapp	oing	
Taxing Jurisdiction	June 30, 2025	Percent	Amount	
Waller County, Texas	\$ 167,045,000	10.25%	\$ 17,128,450	
City of Katy, Texas	22,525,000	20.91	4,709,947	
Katy Independent School District	2,219,503,000	2.18	48,419,891	
Harris County, Texas	2,424,019,039	0.00	30	
Harris County Department of Education	28,960,000	0.00	0	
Harris County Flood Control District	968,445,000	0.00	12	
Harris County Hospital District	867,820,000	0.00	11	
Port of Houston Authority	406,509,397	0.20	<u>812,526</u>	
Total Estimated Overlapping Debt				
Direct Debt (a)				
Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt (a)				

⁽a) Includes the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds.

Debt Ratios

		i ci cciitage oi
	Percentage of 2025	Estimated Taxable
	Certified Taxable	Assessed Valuation as
	Assessed Valuation	of June 1, 2025
Direct Debt (a)	11.17%	11.03%
Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt (a)	16.66%	16.44%

Percentage of

⁽a) Includes the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds.

INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The Bonds, which are obligations of the District and not of the State of Texas; Harris County, Texas; Waller County, Texas; the City; or any political subdivision other than the District, will be secured by a continuing, direct, annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property located within the District. Therefore, the ultimate security for payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds depends upon the ability of the District to collect from the property owners within the District taxes levied against all taxable property located within the District, or, in the event taxes are not collected and foreclosure proceedings are instituted by the District, upon the value of the taxable property with respect to taxes levied by the District and by other taxing authorities. The District makes no representations that over the life of the Bonds the property within the District will maintain a value sufficient to justify continued payment of taxes by the property owners. The potential increase in taxable valuation of District property is directly related to the economics of the residential housing industry, not only due to general economic conditions, but also due to the particular factors discussed below. See "DEVELOPMENT OF THE DISTRICT," "TAX DATA," and "TAXING PROCEDURES."

Factors Affecting Taxable Values and Tax Payments

Economic Factors: The rate of development of the District is directly related to the vitality of the residential housing industry. New residential housing construction can be significantly affected by factors such as interest rates, construction costs, and consumer demand. Decreased levels of home construction activity would restrict the growth of property values in the District. The District cannot predict the pace or magnitude of any future development or home construction in the District

<u>Principal Landowner/Developer</u>: There is no commitment by or legal requirement of the principal landowners/developers or any other landowner to the District to proceed at any particular rate or according to any specified plan with the development of land in the District, or of any homebuilder to proceed at any particular pace with the construction of homes in the District. Moreover, there is no restriction on any landowner's right to sell its land. Therefore, the District can make no representation about the probability of future development, if any, or the rate of future home construction activity in the District. Failure to construct taxable improvements on developed lots would restrict the rate of growth of taxable values in the District and result in higher tax rates. See "DEVELOPMENT OF THE DISTRICT," "PRINCIPAL LANDOWNERS/DEVELOPERS," and "TAX DATA – Principal Taxpayers."

<u>Dependence on Principal Taxpayers</u>: The ability of any principal landowner to make full and timely payments of taxes levied against its property by the District and similar taxing authorities will directly affect the District's ability to meet its debt service obligations. As illustrated in this Official Statement under the caption "TAX DATA – Principal Taxpayers," the District's principal taxpayers in 2025 owned property located within the District the aggregate assessed valuation of which comprised approximately 1.58% of the District's total 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation. In the event that the Developer or any other taxpayer, or any combination of taxpayers, should default in the payment of taxes in an amount which exceeds the District's debt service fund surplus, the ability of the District to make timely payment of debt service on the Bonds will be dependent on its ability to enforce and liquidate its tax liens, which is a time-consuming process. Failure to recover or borrow funds in a timely fashion could result in an excessive District tax rate. The District is not required by law or the Bond Resolution to maintain any specified amount of surplus in its interest and sinking fund. See "TAX DATA – Principal Taxpayers" and "TAXING PROCEDURES – Levy and Collection of Taxes."

Maximum Impact on District Tax Rates: Assuming no further development or home construction, the value of the land and improvements currently within the District will be the major determinant of the ability or willingness of property owners to pay their taxes. The 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation of property located within the District is \$1,295,085,234, and the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of June 1, 2025, is \$1,312,128,422. After issuance of the Bonds, the combined estimated maximum annual debt service requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds will be \$9,905,298 (2041) and the combined estimated average annual debt service requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds will be \$8,686,229 (2026–2050). Assuming no increase to nor decrease from the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation, tax rates of \$0.81 and \$0.71 per \$100 of assessed valuation at a 95% tax collection rate would be necessary to pay the combined estimated maximum annual debt service requirement and the combined estimated average annual debt service requirement, respectively. Assuming no increase to nor decrease from the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of June 1, 2025, tax rates of \$0.80 and \$0.70 per \$100 of assessed valuation at a 95% tax collection rate would be necessary to pay the combined estimated maximum annual debt service requirement and the combined estimated average annual debt service requirement, respectively.

The District can make no representation that the taxable property values in the District will increase in the future or will maintain a value sufficient to support the proposed District tax rate or to justify continued payment of taxes by property owners. For the 2024 tax year, the District has levied a total tax rate of \$0.88 per \$100 assessed valuation as follows: a tax of \$0.090 per \$100 of assessed valuation for maintenance and operations, \$0.515 per \$100 of assessed valuation for utility

debt service and \$0.275 per \$100 of assessed valuation for road debt service. The District has authorized publication of its intent to levy a total tax rate of \$0.87 per \$100 of assessed valuation for the 2025 tax year

Competitive Nature of Residential Housing Market

Competition: The demand for and construction of taxable improvements in the District could be affected by competition from other developments near the District. In addition to competition for new single-family home sales from other developments, there are numerous previously-owned single-family homes in more established commercial centers and neighborhoods closer to the City of Houston, Texas that are for sale. Such existing developments could represent additional competition for new development proposed to be constructed within the District. The competitive position of the Developer or the principal landowners in the sale of land, and the sale or leasing of residences is affected by most of the factors discussed in this section. Such a competitive position is directly related to the growth and maintenance of taxable values in the District and tax revenues to be received by the District. The District can give no assurance that building and marketing programs in the District by the Developer will be implemented or, if implemented, will be successful.

Location and Access: The District is located approximately 30 miles west of the central business district of the City of Houston, Texas. Many of the single-family developments with which the District competes are in a more developed state and have lower taxes. As a result, particularly during times of increased competition, the Developer within the District may be at a competitive disadvantage to the developers in other single-family projects located closer to major urban centers or in a more developed state. See "THE DISTRICT" and "DEVELOPMENT OF THE DISTRICT."

Tax Collection Limitations

The District's ability to make debt service payments may be adversely affected by its inability to collect ad valorem taxes. Under Texas law, the levy of ad valorem taxes by the District constitutes a lien in favor of the District on a parity with the liens of all other state and local taxing authorities on the property against which taxes are levied, and such lien may be enforced by foreclosure. The District's ability to collect ad valorem taxes through such foreclosure may be impaired by (a) cumbersome, time-consuming and expensive collection procedures, (b) a bankruptcy court's stay of tax collection procedures against a taxpayer, (c) market conditions limiting the proceeds from a foreclosure sale of taxable property, or (d) the taxpayer's right to redeem the property within two years of foreclosure for residential homestead and agricultural use property and within six (6) months of foreclosure for other property. While the District has a lien on taxable property within the District for taxes levied against such property, such lien can be foreclosed only in a judicial proceeding. Moreover, the value of property to be sold for delinquent taxes and thereby the potential sales proceeds available to pay debt service on the Bonds, may be limited by among other factors, the existence of other tax liens on the property, by the current aggregate tax rate being levied against the property, or by the taxpayers' right to redeem residential or agricultural use property within two (2) years of foreclosure and all other property within six (6) months of foreclosure. Finally, a bankruptcy court with jurisdiction over bankruptcy proceedings initiated by or against a taxpayer within the District pursuant to Federal Bankruptcy Code could stay any attempt by the District to collect delinquent ad valorem taxes assessed against such taxpayer. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

Registered Owners' Remedies and Bankruptcy

In the event of default in the payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds, the Registered Owners of the Bonds have a right to seek a writ of mandamus requiring the District to levy sufficient taxes each year to make such payments. Except for mandamus, the Bond Resolution does not specifically provide for remedies to protect and enforce the interests of the Registered Owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. Although the Registered Owners could obtain a judgment against the District, such a judgment could not be enforced by a direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the Registered Owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the District or sell property within the District in order to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. Since there is no trust indenture or trustee, the Registered Owners would have to initiate and finance the legal process to enforce their remedies. The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners may be limited further by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions such as the District. In this regard, should the District file a petition for protection from creditors under federal bankruptcy laws, the remedy of mandamus or the right of the District to seek judicial foreclosure of its tax lien would be automatically stayed and could not be pursued unless authorized by a federal bankruptcy judge.

Marketability

The District has no understanding (other than the initial reoffering yields) with the winning bidder of the Bonds (the "Initial Purchaser" as applicable) regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds and has no control over the trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made for the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price of the Bonds may be greater than the bid and asked spread of other bonds generally bought, sold, or traded in the secondary market. See "SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS."

Bankruptcy Limitation to Registered Owners' Rights

Subject to the requirements of Texas law, the District may voluntarily proceed under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. Sections 901-946. Under Texas law, the District must obtain the approval of the TCEQ prior to filing bankruptcy. The rights and remedies of the Registered Owners could be adjusted in accordance with the confirmed plan of adjustment of the District's debt.

Future Debt

The District reserves in the Bond Resolution the right to issue the remaining: \$10,265,000 unlimited tax bonds authorized but unissued for the Park System and for the refunding of such bonds, \$270,370,000 unlimited tax bonds authorized but unissued for the Utility System and for the refunding of such bonds, \$77,175,000 unlimited tax bonds authorized but unissued for the Road System and for the refunding of such bonds; and such additional bonds as may hereafter be approved by the voters of the District. See "THE BONDS – Issuance of Additional Debt." The District has also reserved the right to issue certain other additional bonds, special project bonds, and other obligations described in the Bond Resolution that have been authorized by the voters of the District, or may be issued by the District from time to time as needed. Issuance of the \$270,370,000 remaining unlimited tax bonds for the Utility System, as well as the \$10,265,000 remaining unlimited tax bonds for parks and recreational improvements, is subject to approval by the TCEQ.

The principal amount of bonds issued to finance the Park System may not exceed 1% of the District's assessed value. However, if the District meets certain financial feasibility requirements under TCEQ rules, the outstanding principal amount of such bonds issued by the District may exceed an amount equal to 1% but not greater than 3% of the value of taxable property in the District.

As of July 1, 2025, the District owes the Developer approximately \$0 for expenditures to construct the Utility System, Road System, and the Park System in the District. If additional bonds are issued in the future and property values have not increased proportionately, such issuance may increase gross debt-property valuation ratios and thereby adversely affect the investment quality or security of the Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Issuance of Additional Debt."

Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants

The Bond Resolution contains covenants by the District intended to preserve the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds. Failure of the District to comply with such covenants on a continuous basis prior to maturity of the Bonds could result in interest on the Bonds becoming taxable retroactively to the date of original issuance. See "TAX MATTERS."

Environmental Regulations

Wastewater treatment, water supply, storm sewer facilities and construction activities within the District are subject to complex environmental laws and regulations at the federal, state and local levels that may require or prohibit certain activities that affect the environment, such as:

- Requiring permits for construction and operation of water wells, wastewater treatment and other facilities:
- Restricting the manner in which wastes are treated and released into the air, water and soils;
- Restricting or regulating the use of wetlands or other properties; or
- Requiring remedial action to prevent or mitigate pollution.

Sanctions against a municipal utility district or other type of special purpose district for failure to comply with environmental laws and regulations may include a variety of civil and criminal enforcement measures, including assessment of monetary penalties, imposition of remedial requirements and issuance of injunctions to ensure future compliance. Environmental laws and compliance with environmental laws and regulations can increase the cost of planning, designing, constructing and operating water production and wastewater treatment facilities. Environmental laws can also inhibit growth and development within the District. Further, changes in regulations occur frequently, and any changes that result in more stringent and costly requirements could materially impact the District.

Air Quality Issues. Air quality control measures required by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (the "EPA") and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ") may impact new industrial, commercial and residential development in the Houston area. Under the Clean Air Act ("CAA") Amendments of 1990, the eight-county Houston-Galveston-Brazoria area ("HGB Area")—Harris, Galveston, Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Waller, Montgomery and Liberty Counties—has been designated a nonattainment area under two separate federal ozone standards: the eight-hour ozone standard of 75 ppb promulgated by the EPA in 2008 (the "2008 Ozone Standard"), and the EPA's most-recent promulgation of an even lower, 70 ppb eight-hour ozone standard in 2015 (the "2015 Ozone Standard"). While the State of Texas has

been able to demonstrate steady progress and improvements in air quality in the HGB Area, the HGB Area remains subject to CAA nonattainment requirements.

The HGB Area is currently designated as a "severe" nonattainment area under the 2008 Ozone Standard, with an attainment deadline of July 20, 2027. If the EPA ultimately determines that the HGB Area has failed to meet the attainment deadline based on the relevant data, the area is subject to reclassification to a nonattainment classification that provides for more stringent controls on emissions from the industrial sector. In addition, the EPA may impose a moratorium on the awarding of federal highway construction grants and other federal grants for certain public works construction projects if it finds that an area fails to demonstrate progress in reducing ozone levels.

The HGB Area is currently designated as a "serious" nonattainment area under the 2015 Ozone Standard, with an attainment deadline of August 3, 2027. For purposes of the 2015 Ozone Standard, the HGB Area consists of only six counties: Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Galveston, Harris, and Montgomery Counties.

In order to demonstrate progress toward attainment of the EPA's ozone standards, the TCEQ has established a state implementation plan ("SIP") for the HGB Area setting emission control requirements, some of which regulate the inspection and use of automobiles. These types of measures could impact how people travel, what distances people are willing to travel, where people choose to live and work, and what jobs are available in the HGB Area. These SIP requirements can negatively impact business due to the additional permitting/regulatory constraints that accompany this designation and because of the community stigma associated with a nonattainment designation. It is possible that additional controls will be necessary to allow the HGB Area to reach attainment with the ozone standards by the EPA's attainment deadlines. These additional controls could have a negative impact on the HGB Area's economic growth and development.

<u>Water Supply & Discharge Issues</u>. Water supply and discharge regulations that municipal utility districts, including the District, may be required to comply with involve: (1) groundwater well permitting and surface water appropriation; (2) public water supply systems; (3) wastewater discharges from treatment facilities; (4) storm water discharges; and (5) wetlands dredge and fill activities. Each of these is addressed below:

Certain governmental entities regulate groundwater usage in the HGB Area. A municipal utility district or other type of special purpose district that (i) is located within the boundaries of such an entity that regulates groundwater usage, and (ii) relies on local groundwater as a source of water supply, may be subject to requirements and restrictions on the drilling of water wells and/or the production of groundwater that could affect both the engineering and economic feasibility of district water supply projects.

Pursuant to the federal Safe Drinking Water Act ("SDWA") and the EPA's National Primary Drinking Water Regulations ("NPDWRs"), which are implemented by the TCEQ's Water Supply Division, a municipal utility district's provision of water for human consumption is subject to extensive regulation as a public water system. Municipal utility districts must generally provide treated water that meets the primary and secondary drinking water quality standards adopted by the TCEQ, the applicable disinfectant residual and inactivation standards, and the other regulatory action levels established under the agency's rules. The EPA has established NPDWRs for more than ninety (90) contaminants and has identified and listed other contaminants which may require national drinking water regulation in the future. Further, the EPA has established a NPDWR for six (6) Per- and Polyflouroalkyl Substances ("PFAS"), which requires public water systems to perform certain monitoring and remediation measures. Public water systems may be subject to additional PFAS regulation in the future, which could increase the cost of constructing, operating, and maintaining water production and distribution facilities.

Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("TPDES") permits set limits on the type and quantity of discharge, in accordance with state and federal laws and regulations. The TCEQ reissued the TPDES Construction General Permit (TXR150000) ("CGP"), with an effective date of March 5, 2023, which is a general permit authorizing the discharge of stormwater runoff associated with small and large construction sites and certain non-stormwater discharges into surface water in the state. The CGP has a 5-year permit term, and is then subject to renewal. Moreover, the Clean Water Act ("CWA") and Texas Water Code require municipal wastewater treatment plants to meet secondary treatment effluent limitations and more stringent water quality-based limitations and requirements to comply with the Texas water quality standards. Any water quality-based limitations and requirements with which a municipal utility district must comply may have an impact on the municipal utility district's ability to obtain and maintain compliance with TPDES permits.

The District is subject to the TCEQ's General Permit for Phase II (Small) Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (the "MS4 Permit"), which was issued by the TCEQ on August 15, 2024. The MS4 Permit authorizes the discharge of stormwater to surface water in the state from small municipal separate storm sewer systems. The District has applied for coverage under the MS4 Permit and is awaiting final approval from the TCEQ. In order to maintain compliance with the MS4 Permit, the District continues to develop, implement, and maintain the required plans, as well as to install or implement best management practices to minimize or eliminate unauthorized pollutants that may otherwise be found in stormwater runoff. Costs associated with these compliance activities could be substantial in the future.

Operations of utility districts, including the District, are also potentially subject to requirements and restrictions under the CWA regarding the use and alteration of wetland areas that are within the "waters of the United States." The District must obtain a permit from the United States Army Corps of Engineers ("USACE") if operations of the District require that wetlands be filled, dredged, or otherwise altered.

In 2023, the Supreme Court of the United States issued its decision in *Sackett v. EPA*, which clarified the definition of "waters of the United States" and significantly restricted the reach of federal jurisdiction under the CWA. Under the *Sackett* decision, "waters of the United States" includes only geographical features that are described in ordinary parlance as "streams, oceans, rivers, and lakes" and to adjacent wetlands that are indistinguishable from such bodies of water due to a continuous surface connection. Subsequently, the EPA and USACE issued a final rule amending the definition of "waters of the United States" under the CWA to conform with the Supreme Court's decision.

While the *Sackett* decision and subsequent regulatory action removed a great deal of uncertainty regarding the ultimate scope of "waters of the United States" and the extent of EPA and USACE jurisdiction, operations of municipal utility districts, including the District, could potentially be subject to additional restrictions and requirements, including additional permitting requirements, in the future.

Potential Effects of Oil Price Fluctuations on the Houston Area

The economy of the Houston area has, in the past, been particularly affected by adverse conditions in the oil and gas industry, and such conditions and their spillover effects into other industries could result in declines in the demand for residential and commercial property in the Houston area and could reduce or negatively affect property values within the District. The District cannot predict the impact that negative conditions in the oil industry could have on property values in the District.

Specific Flood Type Risks

The District may be subject to the following flood risks:

<u>Ponding (or Pluvial) Flood</u>: Ponding, or pluvial, flooding occurs when heavy rainfall creates a flood event independent of an overflowing water body, typically in relatively flat areas. Intense rainfall can exceed the drainage capacity of a drainage system, which may result in water within the drainage system becoming trapped and diverted onto streets and nearby property until it is able to reach a natural outlet. Ponding can also occur in a flood pool upstream or behind a dam, levee or reservoir.

<u>Riverine (or Fluvial) Flood:</u> Riverine, or fluvial, flooding occurs when water levels rise over the top of river, bayou or channel banks due to excessive rain from tropical systems making landfall and/or persistent thunderstorms over the same area for extended periods of time. The damage from a riverine flood can be widespread. The overflow can affect smaller rivers and streams downstream, or may sheet-flow over land. Flash flooding is a type of riverine flood that is characterized by an intense, high velocity torrent of water that occurs in an existing river channel with little to no notice. Flash flooding can also occur even if no rain has fallen, for instance, after a levee, dam or reservoir has failed or experienced an uncontrolled release, or after a sudden release of water by a debris or ice jam. In addition, planned or unplanned controlled releases from a dam, levee or reservoir also may result in flooding in areas adjacent to rivers, bayous or drainage systems downstream.

National Weather Service Atlas Rainfall Study

The National Weather Service recently completed a rainfall study known as NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 11 Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the United States ("Atlas 14"). Floodplain boundaries within the District may be redrawn based on the Atlas 14 study based on a higher statistical rainfall amount, resulting in interim floodplain regulations applying to a larger number of properties and consequently leaving less developable property within the District. Such regulations could additionally result in higher insurance rates, increased development fees, and stricter building codes for any property located within the expanded boundaries of the floodplain.

Severe Weather Events

The Texas Gulf Coast area is subject to occasional severe tropical weather events, including tropical storms and hurricanes. If the District were to sustain damage to its facilities requiring substantial repair or replacement or if substantial damage were to occur to taxable property within the District as a result of such a weather event, the investment security of the Bonds could be adversely affected.

The Texas Gulf Coast area, including the District, has experienced multiple storms exceeding a 0.2% probability (i.e. "500 year flood" events) since 2015. The most recent event was Hurricane Harvey, which made landfall along the Texas Gulf Coast on August 26, 2017, and brought historic levels of rainfall during the successive four days.

If a future weather event significantly damaged all or part of the improvements within the District, the assessed value of property within the District could be substantially reduced, which could result in a decrease in tax revenues and/or necessitate an increase the District's tax rate. Further, there can be no assurance that a casualty loss to taxable property

within the District will be covered by insurance (or that property owners will even carry flood or other casualty insurance), that any insurance company will fulfill its obligation to provide insurance proceeds, or that insurance proceeds will be used to rebuild or repair any damaged improvements within the District. Even if insurance proceeds are available and improvements are rebuilt, there could be a lengthy period in which assessed values within the District could be adversely affected.

Changes in Tax Legislation

Certain tax legislation, whether currently proposed or proposed in the future, may directly or indirectly reduce or eliminate the benefit of the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Any proposed legislation, whether or not enacted, may also affect the value and liquidity of the Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult with their own tax advisors with respect to any proposed, pending or future legislation.

2025 Legislative Session

The 89th Regular Legislative Session convened on January 14, 2025, and concluded on June 2, 2025. The Legislature meets in regular session in odd numbered years for 140 days. When the Legislature is not in session, the Governor of Texas (the "Governor") may call one or more special sessions, at the Governor's discretion, each lasting no more than 30 days, and for which the Governor sets the agenda. During this time, the Legislature may enact laws that materially change current laws affecting ad valorem tax matters, including rollback elections for maintenance tax increases, and other matters which could adversely affect the marketability or market value of the Bonds. On June 23, 2025, the Governor called a special session which began on July 21, 2025, and ended on August 15, 2025. No legislation was passed during the first special session. The Governor immediately called a second special session which began on August 15, 2025. The agenda released by the Governor for the second special session includes, in part, "[I]egislation reducing the property tax burden on Texans and legislation imposing spending limits on entities authorized to impose property taxes." The District can make no representations or predictions regarding any actions the Texas Legislature may take or the effect of any such actions.

Bond Insurance Risk Factors

The District has applied for a bond insurance policy to guarantee the scheduled payment of principal and interest on the Bonds. The District has yet to determine whether an insurance policy will be purchased with the Bonds. If an insurance policy is purchased, the following are risk factors relating to bond insurance.

In the event of default of the payment of principal or interest with respect to the Bonds when all or some becomes due, any owner of the Bonds shall have a claim under the applicable bond insurance policy (the "Policy") for such payments. However, in the event of any acceleration of the due date of such principal by reason of mandatory or optional redemption or acceleration resulting from default or otherwise, other than any advancement of maturity pursuant to a mandatory sinking fund payment, the payments are to be made in such amounts and at such times as such payments would have been due had there not been any such acceleration. The Policy does not insure against redemption premium, if any. The payment of principal and interest in connection with mandatory or optional prepayment of the Bonds by the District which is recovered by the District from the bond owner as a voidable preference under applicable bankruptcy law is covered by the insurance policy. However, such payments will be made by the bond insurer at such time and in such amounts as would have been due absent such prepayment by the District unless the bond insurer chooses to pay such amounts at an earlier date.

Under most circumstances, default of payment of principal and interest does not obligate acceleration of the obligations of the bond insurer without appropriate consent. The bond insurer may direct and must consent to any remedies and the bond insurer's consent may be required in connection with amendments to any applicable bond documents.

In the event the bond insurer is unable to make payment of principal and interest as such payments become due under the Policy, the Bonds are payable solely from the moneys received pursuant to the applicable bond documents. In the event the bond insurer becomes obligated to make payments with respect to the Bonds, no assurance is given that such event will not adversely affect the market price of the Bonds or the marketability (liquidity) for the Bonds.

The long-term ratings on the Bonds are dependent in part on the financial strength of the bond insurer and its claim paying ability. The bond insurer's financial strength and claims paying ability are predicated upon a number of factors which could change over time. No assurance is given that the long-term ratings of the bond insurer and of the ratings on the Bonds insured by the bond insurer will not be subject to downgrade and such event could adversely affect the market price of the Bonds or the marketability (liquidity) for the Bonds. See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE AND RATINGS."

The obligations of the bond insurer are contractual obligations and in an event of default by the bond insurer, the remedies available may be limited by applicable bankruptcy law or state law related to insolvency of insurance companies.

Neither the District or Initial Purchaser have made independent investigation into the claims paying ability of the bond insurer and no assurance or representation regarding the financial strength or projected financial strength of the bond insurer is given. Thus, when making an investment decision, potential investors should carefully consider the ability of the

District to pay principal and interest on the Bonds and the claims paying ability of the bond insurer, particularly over the life of the investment. See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE AND RATINGS" herein for further information provided by the bond insurer and the Policy, which includes further instructions for obtaining current financial information concerning the bond insurer.

TAXING PROCEDURES

Authority to Levy Taxes

The Board is authorized to levy an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, on all taxable property within the District in sufficient amount to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds and any additional bonds payable from taxes which the District may hereafter issue (see "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Future Debt"), and to pay the expenses of assessing and collecting such taxes. The District agrees in the Bond Resolution to levy such a tax from year to year as described more fully above under "THE BONDS – Source of Payment." Under Texas law, the Board may also levy and collect annual ad valorem taxes for the operation and maintenance of the District and the Utility System and for the payment of certain contractual obligations. See "TAX DATA – Maintenance Tax."

Property Tax Code and County-Wide Appraisal District

Title I of the Texas Tax Code (the "Property Code") specifies the taxing procedures of all political subdivisions of the State of Texas, including the District. Provisions of the Property Code are complex and are not fully summarized herein. The Property Code requires, among other matters, county-wide appraisal and equalization of taxable property values and establishes in each county of the State of Texas an appraisal district with the responsibility for recording and appraising property for all taxing units within a county and an appraisal review board with responsibility for reviewing and equalizing the values established by the Appraisal District. The Harris Central Appraisal District and the Waller County Appraisal District (collectively, the "Appraisal District") have the responsibility of appraising property for all taxing units within Harris County and Waller County, Texas, respectively, including the District. Such appraisal values will be subject to review and change by the Harris County Appraisal Review Board and Waller County Appraisal Review Board (collectively, the "Appraisal Review Board"). The appraisal roll, as approved by the Appraisal Review Board, will be used by the District in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate.

Property Subject to Taxation by the District

Except for certain exemptions provided by Texas law, all real property, tangible personal property held or used for the production of income, mobile homes, and certain categories of intangible personal property with a tax situs in the District are subject to taxation by the District. Principal categories of exempt property include, but are not limited to: property owned by the State of Texas or its political subdivisions, if the property is used for public purposes; property exempt from ad valorem taxation by federal law; certain household goods, family supplies and personal effects; certain goods, wares, and merchandise in transit; certain farm products owned by the producer; certain property of charitable organizations, youth development associations, religious organizations, and qualified schools; designated historical sites; and most individually-owned automobiles. In addition, the District may by its own action exempt residential homesteads of persons 65 years or older and certain disabled persons, to the extent deemed advisable by the Board of Directors of the District. The District has not granted such exemption. The District may be required to offer such exemptions if a majority of voters approve same at an election. The District would be required to call an election upon petition by twenty percent (20%) of the number of qualified voters who voted in the preceding election. The District is authorized by statute to disregard exemptions for the disabled and elderly if granting the exemption would impair the District's obligation to pay tax supported debt incurred prior to adoption of the exemption by the District. Furthermore, the District must grant exemptions to disabled veterans or the surviving spouse or children of a deceased veteran who died while on active duty in the armed forces, if requested, but only to the maximum extent of between \$5,000 and \$12,000 depending upon the disability rating of the veteran claiming the exemption. A veteran who receives a disability rating of 100% is entitled to an exemption for the full value of the veteran's residence homestead. Furthermore, qualifying surviving spouses of persons 65 years of age and older are entitled to receive a resident homestead exemption equal to the exemption received by the deceased spouse. Additionally, subject to certain conditions, the surviving spouse of a disabled veteran who is entitled to an exemption for the full value of the veteran's residence homestead is also entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the same property to which the disabled veteran's exemption applied. A partially disabled veteran or certain surviving spouses of partially disabled veterans are entitled to an exemption from taxation of a percentage of the appraised value of their residence homestead in an amount equal to the partially disabled veteran's disability rating if the residence homestead was donated by a charitable organization. This exemption will also apply to a residence homestead that was donated by a charitable organization at some cost to such veterans. Also, the surviving spouse of a member of the armed forces who was killed in action is entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead if the surviving spouse has not remarried since the service member's death and said property was the service member's residence homestead at the time of death. Such exemption may be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse, if the surviving spouse has not remarried, in an amount equal to the exemption received on the prior residence in the last year in which such exemption was received.

The surviving spouse of a first responder who is killed or fatally injured in the line of duty is entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead if the surviving spouse has not remarried since the first responder's death, and said property was the first responder's residence homestead at the time of death. Such exemption would be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse, if the surviving spouse has not remarried, in an amount equal to the exemption received on the prior residence in the last year in which such exemption was received.

Residential Homestead Exemptions: The Property Code authorizes the governing body of each political subdivision in the State to exempt up to twenty percent (20%) of the appraised market value of residential homesteads from ad valorem taxation. Where ad valorem taxes have previously been pledged for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect taxes against the exempt value of the homesteads until the debt is discharged, if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligations of the contract by which the debt was created. The adoption of a homestead exemption may be considered each year, but must be adopted by before July 1. The District has never adopted a homestead exemption. See "TAX DATA."

Freeport Goods and Goods-in-Transit Exemption: A "Freeport Exemption" applies to goods, wares, ores, and merchandise other than oil, gas, and petroleum products (defined as liquid and gaseous materials immediately derived from refining petroleum or natural gas), and to aircraft or repair parts used by a certified air carrier acquired in or imported into Texas which are destined to be forwarded outside of Texas and which are detained in Texas for assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing or fabricating for less than 175 days. Although certain taxing units may take official action to tax such property in transit and negate such exemption, the District does not have such an option. A "Goods-in-Transit" Exemption is applicable to the same categories of tangible personal property which are covered by the Freeport Exemption, if, for tax year 2013 and prior applicable years, such property is acquired in or imported into Texas for assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing, or fabricating purposes and is subsequently forwarded to another location inside or outside of Texas not later than 175 days after acquisition or importation, and the location where said property is detained during that period is not directly or indirectly owned or under the control of the property owner. For tax year 2012 and subsequent years, such Goods-in-Transit Exemption includes tangible personal property acquired in or imported into Texas for storage purposes only if such property is stored under a contract of bailment by a public warehouse operator at one or more public warehouse facilities in Texas that are not in any way owned or controlled by the owner of such property for the account of the person who acquired or imported such property. A property owner who receives the Goods-in-Transit Exemption is not eligible to receive the Freeport Exemption for the same property. Local taxing units such as the District may, by official action and after public hearing, tax goods-in-transit property. A taxing unit must exercise its option to tax goods-in-transit property before January 1 of the first tax year in which it proposes to tax the property at the time and in the manner prescribed by applicable law. The District has taken official action to allow taxation of all such goods-in-transit personal property for all prior and subsequent years.

Tax Abatement

Harris County, Texas or Waller County, Texas may designate all or part of the area within the District as a reinvestment zone. Thereafter, Harris County, Texas, Waller County, Texas and the District, at the option and discretion of each entity, may enter into tax abatement agreements with owners of property within the zone. Prior to entering into a tax abatement agreement, each entity must adopt guidelines and criteria for establishing tax abatement which each entity will follow in granting tax abatement to owners of property. The tax abatement agreements may exempt from ad valorem taxation by each of the applicable taxing jurisdictions, including the District, for a period of up to ten (10) years, all or any part of any increase in the assessed valuation of property covered by the agreement over its assessed valuation in the year in which the agreement is executed on the condition that the property owner make specified improvements or repairs to the property in conformity with the terms of the tax abatement. Each taxing jurisdiction has discretion to determine terms for its tax abatement agreements without regard to the terms approved by the other taxing jurisdictions. At this time, neither Harris County, Texas nor Waller County, Texas has designated any of the area within the District as a reinvestment zone.

Valuation of Property for Taxation

Generally, property in the District must be appraised by the Appraisal District at market value as of January 1 of each year. Once an appraisal roll is prepared and finally approved by the Appraisal Review Board, it is used by the District in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate. Assessments under the Property Tax Code are to be based on 100% of market value, as such is defined in the Property Tax Code. Nevertheless, certain land may be appraised at less than market value, as such is defined in the Property Tax Code. The Texas Constitution limits increases in the appraised value of residence homesteads to 10% annually regardless of the market value of the property.

The Property Tax Code permits land designated for agricultural use, open space or timberland to be appraised at its value based on the land's capacity to produce agricultural or timber products rather than at its fair market value. The Property Tax Code permits under certain circumstances that residential real property inventory held by a person in the trade or business be valued at the price all of such property would bring if sold as a unit to a purchaser who would continue the business. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized here. Landowners wishing to avail

themselves of the agricultural use, open space or timberland designation or residential real property inventory designation must apply for the designation and the appraiser is required by the Property Tax Code to act on each claimant's right to the designation individually. A claimant may waive the special valuation as to taxation by one (1) political subdivision while claiming it for another. If a claimant receives the agricultural use designation and later loses it by changing the use of the property or selling it to an unqualified owner, the District can collect taxes based on the new use, including taxes for the previous three (3) years, for open space land and timberland.

The Property Tax Code requires the Appraisal District to implement a plan for periodic reappraisal of property to update appraisal values. The plan must provide for appraisal of all property in the Appraisal District at least once every three (3) years. It is not known what frequency of reappraisals will be utilized by the Appraisal District or whether reappraisals will be conducted on a zone or county wide basis. The District, however, at its expense, has the right to obtain from the Appraisal District a current estimate of appraised values within the District or an estimate of any new property or improvements within the District. While such current estimate of appraised values may serve to indicate the rate and extent of growth of taxable values within the District, it cannot be used for establishing a tax rate within the District until such time as the Appraisal District chooses to formally include such values on its appraisal roll.

The Property Tax Code provides for a temporary exemption from ad valorem taxation of a portion of the appraised value of certain property that is at least 15% physically damaged by a disaster and located within an area declared to be a disaster area by the Governor of Texas (the "Governor"). This temporary exemption is automatic if the disaster is declared prior to a taxing unit, such as the District, adopting its tax rate for the tax year. A taxing unit, such as the District, may authorize the exemption at its discretion if the disaster is declared after the taxing unit has adopted its tax rate for the tax year. The amount of the exemption is based on the percentage of damage and is prorated based on the date of the disaster. Upon receipt of an application submitted within the eligible timeframe by a person who qualifies for a temporary exemption under the Property Tax Code, the Appraisal District is required to complete a damage assessment and assign a damage assessment rating to determine the amount of the exemption. The temporary exemption amounts established in the Property Tax Code range from 15% for property less than 30% damaged to 100% for property that is a total loss. Any such temporary exemption granted for disaster-damaged property expires on January 1 of the first year in which the property is reappraised.

During the 2nd Special Session, convened on June 27, 2023, the Texas Legislature passed Senate Bill 2 ("SB 2"), which, among other things, includes provisions that prohibit an appraisal district from increasing the appraised value of real property during the 2024 tax year on non-homestead properties (the "Subjected Property") whose appraised values are not more than \$5,000,000 (the "Maximum Property Value") to an amount not to exceed the lesser of: (1) the market value of the Subjected Property for the most recent tax year that the market value was determined by the appraisal office or (2) the sum of: (a) 20% of the appraised value of the Subjected Property for the preceding tax year; (b) the appraised value of the Subjected Property for the preceding tax year; and (c) the market value of all new improvements to the Subjected Property. After the 2024 tax year, through December 31, 2026, the Maximum Property Value may be increased or decreased by the product of the preceding state fiscal year's increase or decrease in consumer price index, as applicable, to the Maximum Property Value. SB 2 was signed into law by the Governor on July 22, 2023. The provisions described hereinabove took effect January 1, 2024, after the constitutional amendment proposed by H.J.R. 2, 88th Legislature, 2nd Called Session, 2023, was approved by voters at an election held on November 7, 2023.

Tax Payment Installments After Disaster

Certain qualified taxpayers, including owners of residential homesteads, located within a designated disaster area or emergency area and whose property has been damaged as a direct result of the disaster or emergency, are entitled to enter into a tax payment installment agreement with a taxing jurisdiction, such as the District, if the taxpayer pays at least one-fourth of the tax bill imposed on the property by the delinquency date. The remaining taxes may be paid without penalty or interest in three equal installments within six months of the delinquency date.

Additionally, the Property Code authorizes a taxing jurisdiction such as the District, solely at the jurisdiction's discretion to adopt a similar installment payment option for taxes imposed on property that is located within a designated disaster area or emergency area and is owned or leased by certain qualified business entities, regardless of whether the property has been damaged as a direct result of the disaster or emergency.

District and Taxpayer Remedies

Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units, including the District, may appeal orders of the Appraisal Review Board by filing a timely petition for review in district court. In such event, the property value in question may be determined by the court, or by a jury, if requested by any party. Additionally, taxing units may bring suit against the Appraisal District to compel compliance with the Property Code.

The Property Code sets forth notice and hearing procedures for certain tax rate increases by the District and provides for taxpayer referenda which could result in the repeal of certain tax increases. The Property Code also establishes a procedure

for notice to property owners of reappraisals reflecting increased property values, appraisals that are higher than renditions and appraisals of property not previously on an appraisal roll.

Levy and Collection of Taxes

The District is responsible for the levy and collection of its taxes unless it elects to transfer such functions to another governmental entity. The rate of taxation is set by the Board of Directors, after the legally required notice has been given to owners of property within the District, based upon: a) the valuation of property within the District as of the preceding January 1, and b) the amount required to be raised for debt service, maintenance purposes, and authorized contractual obligations. Taxes are due October 1, or when billed, whichever comes later, and become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. A delinquent tax incurs a penalty of six percent (6%) of the amount of the tax for the first calendar month it is delinquent, plus one percent (1%) for each additional month or portion of a month the tax remains unpaid prior to July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent. If the tax is not paid by July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent, the tax incurs a total penalty of twelve percent (12%) regardless of the number of months the tax has been delinquent and incurs an additional penalty for collection costs of an amount established by the District and a delinquent tax attorney. A delinquent tax on personal property incurs an additional penalty, in an amount established by the District and a delinquent tax attorney, 60 days after the date the taxes become delinquent. The delinquent tax accrues interest at a rate of one percent (1%) for each month or portion of a month it remains unpaid. The Property Code makes provisions for the split payment of taxes, discounts for early payment and the postponement of the delinquency date of taxes under certain circumstances which, at the option of the District, which may be rejected by taxing units. The District's tax collector is required to enter into an installment payment agreement with any person who is delinquent on the payment of tax on a residence homestead for payment of tax, penalties and interest, if the person requests an installment agreement and has not entered into an installment agreement with the collector in the preceding 24 months. The installment agreement must provide for payments to be made in monthly installments and must extend for a period of at least 12 months and no more than 36 months. Additionally, the owner of a residential homestead property who is (i) sixtyfive (65) years of age or older, (ii) disabled, or (iii) a disabled veteran, is entitled by law to pay current taxes on a residential homestead in installments without penalty or to defer the payment of taxes during the time of ownership. In the instance of tax deferral, a tax lien remains on the property and interest continue to accrue during the period of deferral.

Rollback of Operation and Maintenance Tax Rate

Chapter 49 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, classifies districts differently based on the current operation and maintenance tax rate or on the percentage of build-out that the District has completed. Districts that have adopted an operation and maintenance tax rate for the current year that is 2.5 cents or less per \$100 of taxable value are classified as "Special Taxing Units." Districts that have financed, completed, and issued bonds to pay for all improvements and facilities necessary to serve at least 95% of the projected build-out of the district are classified as "Developed Districts." Districts that do not meet either of the classifications previously discussed can be classified herein as "Developing Districts." The impact each classification has on the ability of a district to increase its maintenance and operations tax rate is described for each classification below. Debt service and contract tax rates cannot be reduced by a rollback election held within any of the districts described below.

Special Taxing Units: Special Taxing Units that adopt a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of the total tax imposed by such district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions, are required to hold an election within the district to determine whether to approve the adopted total tax rate. If the adopted total tax rate is not approved at the election, the total tax rate for a Special Taxing Unit is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.08 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate.

Developed Districts: Developed Districts that adopt a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.035 times the amount of the total tax imposed by the district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions for the preceding tax year, plus any unused increment rates, as calculated and described in Section 26.013 of the Property Tax Code, are required to hold an election within the district to determine whether to approve the adopted total tax rate. If the adopted total tax rate is not approved at the election, the total tax rate for a Developed District is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.035 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate plus any unused increment rates. In addition, if any part of a Developed District lies within an area declared for disaster by the Governor of Texas or President of the United States, alternative procedures and rate limitations may apply for a temporary period. If a district qualifies as both a Special Taxing Unit and a Developed District, the district will be subject to the operation and maintenance tax threshold applicable to Special Taxing Units.

<u>Developing Districts</u>: Districts that do not meet the classification of a Special Taxing Unit or a Developed District can be classified as Developing Districts. The qualified voters of these districts, upon the Developing District's adoption of a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of the total tax rate imposed by such district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain

homestead exemptions, are authorized to petition for an election to reduce the operation and maintenance tax rate. If an election is called and passes, the total tax rate for Developing Districts is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.08 times the previous year's operation and maintenance tax rate.

<u>The District</u>: For the 2025 tax year, the District made the determination of its status as a Developing District. The District cannot give any assurances as to what its classification will be at any point in time or whether the District's future tax rates will result in a total tax rate that will reclassify the District into a new classification and new election calculation.

District's Rights in the Event of Tax Delinquencies

Taxes levied by the District are a personal obligation of the owner of the property as of January 1 of the year in which the tax is imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. The lien exists in favor of the State and each taxing unit, including the District, having the power to tax the property. The District's tax lien is on a parity with the tax liens of other such taxing units. A tax lien on real property takes priority over the claims of most creditors and other holders of liens on the property encumbered by the tax lien, whether or not the debt or lien existed before the attachment of the tax lien; however, whether a lien of the United States is on a parity with or takes priority over a tax lien of the District is determined by federal law. Personal property, under certain circumstances, is subject to seizure and sale for the payment of delinquent taxes, penalty and interest.

At any time after taxes on property become delinquent, the District may file suit to foreclose the lien securing payment of the tax, to enforce personal liability for the tax, or both. In filing a suit to foreclose a tax lien on real property, the District must join other taxing units that have claims for delinquent taxes against all or part of the same property. Collection of delinquent taxes may be adversely affected by the amount of taxes owed to other taxing units, by the effects of market conditions on the foreclosure sale price, by taxpayer redemption rights or by bankruptcy proceedings which restrict the collection of taxpayer debts. A taxpayer may redeem property within two years for residential and agricultural property and six months for commercial property and all other types of property after the purchaser's deed at the foreclosure sale is filed in the county records.

TAX DATA

General

All taxable property within the District is subject to the assessment, levy and collection by the District of a continuing, direct annual ad valorem tax without legal limitation as to rate or amount, sufficient to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds (see "TAXING PROCEDURES"). The Board has in its Bond Resolution covenanted to assess and levy for each year that all or any part of the Bonds remain outstanding and unpaid a tax ample and sufficient to produce funds to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds (see "THE BONDS" and "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS"). For the 2024 tax year, the District has levied a total tax rate of \$0.88 per \$100 assessed valuation as follows: a tax of \$0.090 per \$100 of assessed valuation for maintenance and operations, \$0.515 per \$100 of assessed valuation for utility debt service and \$0.275 per \$100 of assessed valuation for road debt service. The District has authorized publication of its intent to levy a total tax rate of \$0.87 per \$100 of assessed valuation for the 2025 tax year.

Tax Rate Limitation

Utility System Debt Service:
Road System Debt Service:
Unlimited (no legal limit as to rate or amount).
Unlimited (no legal limit as to rate or amount).
Unlimited (no legal limit as to rate or amount).

Instruction 1.50 per \$100 Assessed Taxable Valuation.

Instruction 2.50 per \$100 Assessed Taxable Valuation.

Maintenance Tax

The Board has the statutory authority to levy and collect an annual ad valorem tax for maintenance of the District's improvements if such maintenance tax is authorized by vote of the District's electors. The Board is authorized by the District's voters to levy such maintenance tax in an amount not to exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation. Such tax, when levied, is in addition to taxes which the District is authorized to levy for paying principal of and interest on the Bonds and any parity bonds which may be issued in the future. The District has levied a maintenance tax every year since the 2014 tax year. The Board is authorized by the District's voters to levy a maintenance tax for road improvements in an amount not to exceed \$0.25 per \$100 of assessed valuation. The District has not levied a maintenance tax for recreational facilities. See "- Tax Rate Distribution" below.

Additional Penalties

The District has contracted with a delinquent tax attorney to collect certain delinquent taxes. In connection with that contract, the District can establish an additional penalty of twenty percent (20%) of the tax to defray the costs of collection. This 20% penalty applies to taxes that either: (1) become delinquent on or after February 1 of a year, but not later than

June 1 of that year, and that remain delinquent on April 1 (for personal property) and July 1 (for real property) of the year in which they become delinquent or (2) become delinquent on or after June 1, pursuant to the Texas Tax Code.

Tax Rate Calculations

The tax rate calculations set forth below are presented to indicate the tax rates per \$100 of assessed taxable valuation which would be required to meet certain debt service requirements of the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds if no growth in the District's tax base occurs beyond the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation (\$1,295,085,234) or the Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of June 1, 2025 (\$1,312,128,422). The calculations assume collection of 95% of taxes levied, the sale of the Bonds but not the sale of any additional bonds by the District.

Estimated Average Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding Bonds	
and the Bonds (2026–2050)	\$ 8,686,229
Combined Debt Service Tax Rate of \$0.71 on the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$ 8,735,350
Combined Debt Service Tax Rate of \$0.70 on the	
Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of June 1, 2025	\$ 8,725,654
Estimated Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds (2041)	\$ 9,905,298
Combined Debt Service Tax Rate of \$0.81 on the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$ 9,965,681
Combined Debt Service Tax Rate of \$0.80 on the	
Estimated Taxable Assessed Valuation as of June 1, 2025	\$ 9,972,176

Estimated Overlapping Taxes

Property within the District is subject to taxation by several taxing authorities in addition to the District. Under Texas law, if ad valorem taxes levied by a taxing authority become delinquent, a lien is created upon the property which has been taxed. A tax lien on property in favor of the District is on a parity with tax liens of other taxing jurisdictions. In addition to ad valorem taxes required to make debt service payments on bonded debt of the District and of such other jurisdictions (see "DISTRICT DEBT – Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt Statement"), certain taxing jurisdictions are authorized by Texas law to assess, levy and collect ad valorem taxes for operation, maintenance, administrative and/or general revenue purposes.

Set forth below is an estimation of all taxes per \$100 of assessed valuation levied by such jurisdictions. No recognition is given to local assessments for civic association dues, emergency medical service contributions, fire department contributions or any other charges made by entities other than political subdivisions. The following chart includes the 2024 taxes per \$100 of assessed valuation levied by all such taxing jurisdictions. No prediction can be made of the tax rates that will be levied in future years by the respective taxing jurisdictions.

Taxing Jurisdiction	2024 Tax Rate
The District (a)	\$0.880000
Waller County, Texas (b)	0.496021
Brookshire-Katy Drainage District	0.057898
Katy Independent School District	1.117100
City of Katy, Texas	0.425000
Total Tax Rate	\$2.976019

⁽a) The District has authorized publication of its intent to levy a total tax rate of \$0.87 per \$100 of assessed valuation for the 2025 tax year.

Historical Tax Collections

Tax	Assessed	Tax	Adjusted	Collections	Current Year	Collections as of
Year	Valuation	Rate (a)	Levy	Current Year	Ended 9/30	8/31/2025
2020	\$357,813,982	\$ 0.93	\$3,327,670	99.70%	2021	100.00%
2021	465,107,621	0.93	4,325,501	99.93	2022	100.00
2022	678,579,619	0.93	6,310,790	99.81	2023	100.00
2023	928,133,875	0.88	8,167,578	99.47	2024	99.88
2024	1,157,854,183	0.88	10,188,995	99.77 (b)	2025	99.77 (b)

⁽a) Tax rate per \$100 of taxable value. See "Tax Rate Distribution" below.

⁽b) Includes \$0.023043 for Waller County FM; District is situated primarily within Waller County, Texas, although a portion of the District's lands, approximately 31.06 acres of undeveloped property owned by the Developer, is within Harris County, Texas, and is subject to a tax levied by each of the following jurisdictions: Harris County, Harris County Flood Control District, Harris County Hospital District, Harris County Department of Education, and Port of Houston Authority. For the 2024 tax year, said jurisdictions levied taxes in the cumulative amount of \$0.608690 per \$100 of assessed valuation.

⁽b) As of August 31, 2025, in the process of collection.

Tax Rate Distribution

_	2024 (a)	2023	2022	2021	2020
Utility System Debt Service	\$0.5150	\$0.4400	\$0.5300	\$0.5300	\$0.5200
Road System Debt Service	0.2750	0.2800	0.3000	0.2100	0.2600
Maintenance and Operations	0.0900	<u>0.1600</u>	0.1000	0.1900	0.1500
	\$0.8800	\$0.8800	\$0.9300	\$0.9300	\$0.9300

⁽a) The District has authorized publication of its intent to levy a total tax rate of \$0.87 per \$100 of assessed valuation for the 2025 tax year.

Assessed Taxable Valuation Summary

The following represents the types of property comprising the District assessed taxable value for each of the 2021–2025 tax years.

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
	Assessed Taxable				
Type of Property	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation
Land	\$ 182,412,956	\$ 136,746,669	\$ 181,983,908	\$ 159,845,576	\$ 124,233,834
Improvements	1,226,188,217	1,108,466,467	897,306,521	637,061,395	350,816,352
Personal Property	8,565,017	5,795,169	4,034,434	10,025,294	9,229,309
Exemptions	(122,080,956)	(93,154,122)	(153,932,594)	(128,292,459)	(19,205,262)
Total	\$ 1,295,085,234	\$1,157,854,183	\$ 929,392,269	\$ 678,639,806	\$ 465,074,233

Principal Taxpayers

The following are the principal taxpayers in the District as shown on the District's certified appraisal rolls for the 2025 tax year.

		Assessed Valuation	Percent of
Taxpayer	Type of Property	2025 Tax Roll	2025 Tax Roll
Homeowner	Land & Improvements	\$ 2,864,149	0.22%
Homeowner	Land & Improvements	2,434,147	0.19%
Homeowner	Land & Improvements	2,401,932	0.19%
Homeowner	Land & Improvements	2,084,870	0.16%
Homeowner	Land & Improvements	1,939,201	0.15%
Homeowner	Land & Improvements	1,871,212	0.14%
Homeowner	Land & Improvements	1,805,000	0.14%
Homeowner	Land & Improvements	1,775,920	0.14%
Homeowner	Land & Improvements	1,735,623	0.13%
Homeowner	Land & Improvements	1,571,013	0.12%
Total		\$ 20,483,067	1.58%

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THE UTILITY SYSTEM

Regulation

According to the Engineer, the District's water distribution, wastewater collection and drainage facilities have been designed in accordance with accepted engineering practices and the requirements of all governmental agencies having regulatory or supervisory jurisdiction over the construction and operation of such facilities including, among others, the TCEQ, the City, and the Brookshire-Katy Drainage District. According to the Engineer, the design of all such facilities has been approved by all required governmental agencies.

Operation of the District's waterworks and sewage treatment facilities is provided by the City and is subject to regulation by, among others, the United States Environmental Protection Agency and the TCEQ. In many cases, regulations promulgated by these agencies have become effective only recently and are subject to further development and revisions.

Source of Water Supply and Wastewater Treatment

Water supply and wastewater treatment capacity is provided by the City. All water and wastewater treatment facilities are owned and maintained by the City as stipulated by the Utility Agreement between the City and the District. Residents in the District pay the City for water service and wastewater treatment in accordance with the City's water and sewer rate order. See "UTILITY SERVICE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE DISTRICT AND THE CITY OF KATY."

Storm Drainage

The District is located within the Cane Island Branch and Snake Creek watersheds. The District contains storm water detention basins that are designed in accordance with the Brookshire-Katy Drainage District and the City's standards. The basin systems have two separate outfall locations that discharge into Cane Island Branch and Snake Creek.

THE PARK SYSTEM

The Developer has constructed certain park and recreational facilities within the District. Proceeds of the Bonds will be used to reimburse the Developer for several recreational facility projects, including but not limited to the sidewalks, landscaping, amenity ponds, hardscaping, park land, and related appurtenances, located within the District on District-owned property or within public right-of-way.

THE ROAD SYSTEM

The District's road system has been and will be funded with proceeds of the Outstanding Road System Bonds. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Future Debt" and "THE BONDS – Issuance of Additional Debt." Construction of the District's roads is subject to certain regulations by the City and Waller County, Texas. To date, construction of the road system in the District includes, but is not limited to, the following: a portion of Cane Island Parkway, a portion of Pitts Road, an extension of Franz Road, Innovation Drive and the internal road systems that serve Cane Island, Sections 1-45.

LEGAL MATTERS

Legal Opinions

Delivery of the Bonds will be accompanied by the approving legal opinion of the Attorney General of Texas to the effect that the Bonds are valid and legally binding obligations of the District under the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas, payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax levied, without limit as to rate or amount, upon all taxable property within the District, and, based upon their examination of a transcript of certified proceedings relating to the issuance and sale of the Bonds, the approving legal opinion of Bond Counsel, to a like effect and to the effect that, under existing law, interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal tax purposes and interest on the Bonds is not subject to the alternative minimum tax on individuals; however, such interest is taken into account in determining the annual adjusted financial statement income of applicable corporations for the purpose of determining the alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations.

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information appearing in this Official Statement under "THE BONDS" (except for information under the subheadings "– Book-Entry-Only System" and "Use and Distribution of Proceeds"), "THE DISTRICT – Authority," "TAXING PROCEDURES," "UTILITY SERVICE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE DISTRICT AND THE CITY OF KATY," "LEGAL MATTERS," "TAX MATTERS" and "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" solely to determine whether such information, insofar as it relates to matters of law, is true and correct and whether such information fairly summarizes matters of law and the provisions of the documents referred to therein. Bond Counsel has not, however, independently verified any of the factual information contained in this Official Statement nor has it conducted an investigation of the affairs of the District for the purpose of passing upon the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement. No person is entitled to rely upon Bond Counsel's limited participation as an assumption of responsibility for or an expression of opinion of any kind with regard to the accuracy or completeness of any information contained herein.

Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP also serves as general counsel to the District on matters other than the issuance of bonds. The legal fees paid to Bond Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

The various legal opinions to be delivered concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds express the professional judgment of the attorneys rendering the opinions as to the legal issues explicitly addressed therein. In rendering a legal opinion, the attorney does not become an insurer or guarantor of the expression of professional judgment, of the transaction opined upon, or of the future performance of the parties to the transaction, nor does the rendering of an opinion guarantee the outcome of any legal dispute that may arise out of the transaction.

No-Litigation Certificate

On the date of delivery of the Bonds, the District will execute and deliver, a certificate to the effect that no litigation of any nature has been filed or is pending, as of such date.

No Material Adverse Change

The obligations of the Initial Purchaser to take and pay for the Bonds, and of the District to deliver the Bonds, are subject to the condition that, up to the time of delivery of and receipt of payment for the Bonds, there shall have been no material adverse change in the condition (financial or otherwise) of the District subsequent to the date of sale from that set forth or contemplated in the Preliminary Official Statement, as it may have been supplemented or amended through the date of sale.

TAX MATTERS

The following discussion of certain federal income tax considerations is for general information only and is not tax advice. Each prospective purchaser of the Bonds should consult its own tax advisor as to the tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of the Bonds.

Tax Exemption

In the opinion of Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Bond Counsel, under existing law, interest on the Bonds (i) is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes under section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and (ii) is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the alternative minimum tax on individuals.

The Code imposes a number of requirements that must be satisfied for interest on state or local obligations, such as the Bonds, to be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. These requirements include limitations on the use of bond proceeds and the source of repayment of bonds, limitations on the investment of bond proceeds prior to expenditure, a requirement that excess arbitrage earned on the investment of bond proceeds be paid periodically to the United States and a requirement that the issuer file an information report with the Internal Revenue Service (the "Service"). The District has covenanted in the Bond Resolution that it will comply with these requirements.

Bond Counsel's opinion will assume continuing compliance with the covenants of the Bond Resolution pertaining to those sections of the Code that affect the excludability of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes and, in addition, will rely on representations by the District and other parties involved with the issuance of the Bonds with respect to matters solely within the knowledge of the District and such parties, which Bond Counsel has not independently verified. If the District fails to comply with the covenants in the Bond Resolution or if the foregoing representations are determined to be inaccurate or incomplete, interest on the Bonds could become includable in gross income from the date of delivery of the Bonds, regardless of the date on which the event causing such inclusion occurs.

Bond Counsel will express no opinion as to the amount or timing of interest on the Bonds or, except as stated above, any federal, state or local tax consequences resulting from the receipt or accrual of interest on, or acquisition, ownership or disposition of, the Bonds. Certain actions may be taken or omitted subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Bond Resolution upon the advice or with the approving opinion of Bond Counsel. Bond Counsel will express no opinion with respect to Bond Counsel's ability to render an opinion that such actions, if taken or omitted, will not adversely affect the excludability of interest of the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

Bond Counsel's opinions are based on existing law, which is subject to change. Such opinions are further based on Bond Counsel's knowledge of facts as of the date thereof. Bond Counsel assumes no duty to update or supplement its opinions to reflect any facts or circumstances that may thereafter come to Bond Counsel's attention or to reflect any changes in any law that may thereafter occur or become effective. Moreover, Bond Counsel's opinions are not a guarantee of result and are not binding on the Service; rather, such opinions represent Bond Counsel's legal judgment based upon its review of existing law and in reliance upon the representations and covenants referenced above that it deems relevant to such opinions. The Service has an ongoing audit program to determine compliance with rules that relate to whether interest on state or local obligations is includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes. No assurance can be given as to whether the Service will commence an audit of the Bonds. If an audit is commenced, in accordance with its current published procedures the Service is likely to treat the District as the taxpayer, and the Owners of the Bonds may not have a right to participate in

such audit. Public awareness of any future audit of the Bonds could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the Bonds, regardless of the ultimate outcome of the audit.

Not Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations

The District will not designate the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for financial institutions.

Additional Federal Income Tax Considerations

Collateral Tax Consequences

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should be aware that the ownership of tax-exempt obligations may result in collateral federal income tax consequences, including but not limited those noted below. Therefore, prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of the Bonds.

An "applicable corporation" (as defined in section 59(k) of the Code) may be subject to a 15 percent alternative minimum tax imposed under section 55 of the Code on its "adjusted financial statement income" (as defined in section 56A of the Code) for such taxable year. Because interest on tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, is included in a corporation's "adjusted financial statement income," ownership of the Bonds could subject certain corporations to alternative minimum tax consequences.

Ownership of tax-exempt obligations also may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to financial institutions, life insurance and property and casualty insurance companies, certain S corporations with Subchapter C earnings and profits, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations, low and middle income taxpayers otherwise qualifying for the health insurance premium assistance credit and individuals otherwise qualifying for the earned income tax credit. In addition, certain foreign corporations doing business in the United States may be subject to the "branch profits tax" on their effectively connected earnings and profits, including tax-exempt interest such as interest on the Bonds.

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should also be aware that, under the Code, taxpayers are required to report on their returns the amount of tax-exempt interest, such as interest on the Bonds, received or accrued during the year.

Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Premium

If the issue price of any maturity of the Bonds exceeds the stated redemption price payable at maturity of such Bonds, such Bonds (the "Premium Bonds") are considered for federal income tax purposes to have "bond premium" equal to the amount of such excess. The basis of a Premium Bond in the hands of an initial owner is reduced by the amount of such excess that is amortized during the period such initial owner holds such Premium Bond in determining gain or loss for federal income tax purposes. This reduction in basis will increase the amount of any gain or decrease the amount of any loss recognized for federal income tax purposes on the sale or other taxable disposition of a Premium Bond by the initial owner. No corresponding deduction is allowed for federal income tax purposes for the reduction in basis resulting from amortizable bond premium. The amount of bond premium on a Premium Bond that is amortizable each year (or shorter period in the event of a sale or disposition of a Premium Bond) is determined using the yield to maturity on the Premium Bond based on the initial offering price of such Premium Bond.

The federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and redemption, sale or other disposition of Premium Bonds that are not purchased in the initial offering at the initial offering price may be determined according to rules that differ from those described above. All owners of Premium Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for federal, state, and local income tax purposes of amortized bond premium upon the redemption, sale or other disposition of a Premium Bond and with respect to the federal, state, local, and foreign tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, and sale, redemption or other disposition of such Premium Bonds.

Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount

If the issue price of any maturity the Bonds is less than the stated redemption price payable at maturity of such Bonds (the "OID Bonds"), the difference between (i) the amount payable at the maturity of each OID Bond, and (ii) the initial offering price to the public of such OID Bond constitutes original issue discount with respect to such OID Bond in the hands of any owner who has purchased such OID Bond in the initial public offering of the Bonds. Generally, such initial owner is entitled to exclude from gross income (as defined in section 61 of the Code) an amount of income with respect to such OID Bond equal to that portion of the amount of such original issue discount allocable to the period that such OID Bond continues to be owned by such owner. Because original issue discount is treated as interest for federal income tax purposes, the discussions regarding interest on the Bonds under the captions "TAX MATTERS – Tax Exemption" and "TAX MATTERS – Additional Federal Income Tax Considerations – Collateral Tax Consequences" and "—Tax Legislative Changes" generally apply and should be considered in connection with the discussion in this portion of the Official Statement.

In the event of the redemption, sale or other taxable disposition of such OID Bond prior to stated maturity, however, the amount realized by such owner in excess of the basis of such OID Bond in the hands of such owner (adjusted upward by the portion of the original issue discount allocable to the period for which such OID Bond was held by such initial owner) is includable in gross income.

The foregoing discussion assumes that (i) the Underwriter has purchased the Bonds for contemporaneous sale to the public and (ii) all of the OID Bonds have been initially offered, and a substantial amount of each maturity thereof has been sold, to the general public in arm's-length transactions for a price (and with no other consideration being included) not more than the initial offering prices thereof stated on the [inside] cover page of this Official Statement. Neither the District nor Bond Counsel has made any investigation or offers any assurance that the OID Bonds will be offered and sold in accordance with such assumptions.

Under existing law, the original issue discount on each OID Bond accrues daily to the stated maturity thereof (in amounts calculated as described below for each six-month period ending on the date before the semiannual anniversary dates of the date of the Bonds and ratably within each such six-month period) and the accrued amount is added to an initial owner's basis for such OID Bond for purposes of determining the amount of gain or loss recognized by such owner upon the redemption, sale or other disposition thereof. The amount to be added to basis for each accrual period is equal to (i) the sum of the issue price and the amount of original issue discount accrued in prior periods multiplied by the yield to stated maturity (determined on the basis of compounding at the close of each accrual period and properly adjusted for the length of the accrual period) less (ii) the amounts payable as current interest during such accrual period on such Bond.

The federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, and redemption, sale or other disposition of OID Bonds that are not purchased in the initial offering at the initial offering price may be determined according to rules that differ from those described above. All owners of OID Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for federal, state, and local income tax purposes of interest accrued upon redemption, sale or other disposition of such OID Bonds and with respect to the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, redemption, sale or other disposition of such OID Bonds.

Tax Legislative Changes

Current law may change so as to directly or indirectly reduce or eliminate the benefit of the excludability of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Any proposed legislation, whether or not enacted, could also affect the value and liquidity of the Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult with their own tax advisors with respect to any recently enacted, proposed, pending or future legislation.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

In the Bond Resolution, the District has made the following agreement for the benefit of the holders and beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District is required to observe these agreements so long as it remains obligated to advance funds to pay the Bonds. Under the agreement, the District will be obligated to provide certain updated financial information and operating data annually, as well as timely notice of specified events, to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board or any successor to its function as a repository (the "MSRB"), through its Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system.

Annual Reports

The District will provide certain updated financial information and operating data to the MSRB. The information to be updated with respect to the District includes all quantitative financial information and operating data with respect to the District of the general type included in this Official Statement included under the headings "DISTRICT DEBT" (except for the subheading "– Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt Statement"), "TAX DATA," and in "APPENDIX A." The District will update and provide this information within six months after the end of each of its fiscal years ending in or after 2026. The District will provide the updated information to the MSRB.

Any information so provided shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or other such principles as the District may be required to employ from time to time pursuant to state law or regulation, and audited if the audit report is completed within the period during which it must be provided. If the audit report is not complete within such period, then the District shall provide unaudited financial statements for the applicable fiscal year to the MSRB within such six month period, and audited financial statements when and if the audit report becomes available. The District's current fiscal year end is March 31. Accordingly, it must provide updated information by the last day in September in each year, unless the District changes its fiscal year. If the District changes its fiscal year, it will notify the MSRB of the change.

Event Notices

The District will provide timely notices of certain events to the MSRB, but in no event will such notices be provided to the MSRB in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of an event. The District will provide notice of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds: (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (2) non-payment related defaults, if material; (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (4) unscheduled draws on credit

enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (6) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Bonds, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds; (7) modifications to rights of beneficial owners of the Bonds, if material; (8) bond calls, if material, and tender offers; (9) defeasances; (10) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material; (11) rating changes; (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the District or other obligated person; (13) consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the District or other obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the District or other obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material; (15) incurrence of a financial obligation of the District or other obligated person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the District or other obligated person, any of which affect Beneficial Owners of the Bonds, if material; and (16) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the District or other obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties. The terms "obligated person" and "financial obligation" when used in this paragraph shall have the meanings ascribed to them under SEC Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule"). The term "material" when used in this paragraph shall have the meaning ascribed to it under federal securities laws. Neither the Bonds nor the Bond Resolution make any provision for debt service reserves or liquidity enhancement. In addition, the District will provide timely notice of any failure by the District to provide financial information, operating data, or financial statements in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports."

Availability of Information from EMMA

The District has agreed to provide the information only to the MSRB. The MSRB has prescribed that such information must be filed via EMMA. The MSRB makes the information available to the public without charge and investors will be able to access continuing disclosure information filed with the MSRB at www.emma.msrb.org.

Limitations and Amendments

The District has agreed to update information and to provide notices of material events only as described above. The District has not agreed to provide other information that may be relevant or material to a complete presentation of its financial results of operations, condition, or prospects or agreed to update any information that is provided, except as described above. The District makes no representation or warranty concerning such information or concerning its usefulness to a decision to invest in or sell bonds at any future date. The District disclaims any contractual or tort liability for damages resulting in whole or in part from any breach of its continuing disclosure agreement, or from any statement made pursuant to its agreement, although holders and beneficial owners of Bonds may seek a writ of mandamus to compel the District to comply with its agreement.

The District may amend its continuing disclosure agreement to adapt to changed circumstances that arise from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature, status, or operations of the District but only if the agreement, as amended, would have permitted an underwriter to purchase or sell Bonds in the offering described herein in compliance with the Rule, taking into account any amendments and interpretations of the Rule to the date of such amendment, as well as changed circumstances, and either the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Bonds consent or any person unaffiliated with the District (such as nationally recognized bond counsel) determines that the amendment will not materially impair the interests of the beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District may also amend or repeal the agreement if the SEC amends or repeals the applicable provisions of such rule or a court of final jurisdiction determines that such provisions are invalid, but in either case only to the extent that its right to do so would not prevent the Initial Purchaser from lawfully purchasing the Bonds in the offering described herein. If the District so amends the agreement, it has agreed to include with any financial information or operating data next provided in accordance with its agreement described above under "Annual Reports" an explanation, in narrative form, of the reasons for the amendment and of the impact of any change in the type of financial information and operating data so provided.

Compliance with Prior Undertakings

During the last five years, the District has complied in all material respects with its prior continuing disclosure undertakings made in accordance with the Rule.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

General

The information contained in this Official Statement has been obtained primarily from the Developer, the District's records, the Engineer, the Tax Assessor/Collector and other sources believed to be reliable; however, no representation is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein, except as described below. The summaries of the

statutes, resolutions and engineering and other related reports set forth herein are included subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions and reference is made to such documents for further information.

Experts

The information contained in the Official Statement relating to engineering and to the description of the System, and, in particular, that engineering information included in the sections entitled "THE DISTRICT – Description" and "THE UTILITY SYSTEM," and "THE ROAD SYSTEM" has been provided by Edminster, Hinshaw, Russ and Associates, Inc. and has been included herein in reliance upon the authority of said firm as experts in the field of civil engineering.

The information contained in the Official Statement relating to assessed valuations of property generally and, in particular, that information concerning collection rates and valuations contained in the sections captioned "TAX DATA" and "DISTRICT DEBT" was provided by Assessments of the Southwest, Inc. and the Appraisal District. Such information has been included herein in reliance upon Assessments of the Southwest, Inc.'s authority as an expert in the field of tax collection and the Appraisal District's authority as an expert in the field of tax assessing.

Certification as to Official Statement

The District, acting by and through its Board in its official capacity and in reliance upon the experts listed above, hereby certifies, as of the date hereof, that to the best of its knowledge and belief, the information, statements and descriptions pertaining to the District and its affairs herein contain no untrue statements of a material fact and do not omit to state any material fact necessary to make the statements herein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. The information, descriptions and statements concerning entities other than the District, including particularly other governmental entities, have been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but the District has made no independent investigation or verification of such matters and makes no representation as to the accuracy or completeness thereof.

Updating of Official Statement

If, subsequent to the date of the Official Statement, the District learns, through the ordinary course of business and without undertaking any investigation or examination for such purposes, or is notified by the Initial Purchaser, of any adverse event which causes the Official Statement to be materially misleading, and unless the Initial Purchaser elects to terminate their obligation to purchase the Bonds, the District will promptly prepare and supply to the Initial Purchaser an appropriate amendment or supplement to the Official Statement satisfactory to the Initial Purchaser; provided, however, that the obligation of the District to so amend or supplement the Official Statement will terminate when the District delivers the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser, unless the Initial Purchaser notifies the District in writing on or before such date that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers, in which case the District delivers the Bonds) until all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers.

CONCLUDING STATEMENT

The information set forth herein has been obtained from the District's records, audited financial statements and other sources which are considered to be reliable. There is no guarantee that any of the assumptions or estimates contained herein will ever be realized. All of the summaries of the statutes, documents and resolutions contained in this Official Statement are made subject to all of the provisions of the provisions of such statutes, documents and resolutions. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions and reference is made to such summarized documents for further information. Reference is made to official documents in all respects.

This Official Statement was approved by the Board of Directors of Harris-Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 as of the date shown on the cover page hereof.

	/s	5/
	,	Tony Bonaventure
		President, Board of Directors
		Harris-Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3
ATTEST:		. ,
/s/		
707	Jennifer White	
	Secretary, Board of Directors	
	Harris-Waller Counties Municipal Utility Dis	trict No. 3

APPENDIX A FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE DISTRICT

HARRIS – WALLER COUNTIES MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 3

HARRIS AND WALLER COUNTIES, TEXAS

FINANCIAL REPORT

March 31, 2025

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McGRATH & CO., PLLC

Certified Public Accountants
2900 North Loop West, Suite 880
Houston, Texas 77092

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 Harris and Waller Counties, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3, as of March 31, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied

Board of Directors

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3

Harris and Waller Counties, Texas

certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Texas Supplementary Information schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Texas Supplementary Information schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Houston, Texas July 21, 2025

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

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Using this Annual Report

Within this section of the financial report of Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 (the "District"), the District's Board of Directors provides a narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the independent auditor's report and the basic financial statements that follow this section.

In addition to this discussion and analysis, this annual report consists of:

- The District's basic financial statements;
- Notes to the basic financial statements, which provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements;
- Supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) concerning the District's budget; and
- Other Texas supplementary information required by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).

Overview of the Financial Statements

The District prepares its basic financial statements using a format that combines fund financial statements and government-wide statements onto one financial statement. The combined statements are the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. Each statement contains an adjustments column which quantifies the differences between the government-wide and fund level statements. Additional details of the adjustments are provided in Note 2 to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District, both long-term and short-term. The District's government-wide financial statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, which are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The *Statement of Net Position* includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the residual reported as net position. Over time, changes in net position may provide a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating.

Accounting standards establish three components of net position. The net investment in capital assets component represents the District's investments in capital assets, less any outstanding debt or other borrowings used to acquire those assets. Resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The restricted component of net position consists of financial resources that are restricted for a specific purpose by enabling legislation or external parties. The unrestricted component of net position represents resources not included in the other components.

The *Statement of Activities* reports how the District's net position has changed during the fiscal year. All revenues and expenses are included on this statement, regardless of whether cash has been received or paid.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements include the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The focus of fund financial statements is on specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole, reported using modified accrual accounting. These statements report on the District's use of available financial resources and the balances of available financial resources at the end of the year. Except for the General Fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties, governmental statutes or regulations.

For further discussion on the government-wide and fund financial statements, please refer to Note 1 in the financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's net position at March 31, 2025, was negative \$89,003,624. The District's net position is negative because the District incurs debt to construct water, sewer, certain drainage and road facilities which are accepted by the City of Katy after completion of construction and acceptance of such facilities by the District. A comparative summary of the District's overall financial position, as of March 31, 2025 and 2024, is as follows:

	2025	2024
Current and other assets	\$ 15,495,456	\$ 11,902,555
Capital assets	48,130,338	48,785,761
Total assets	63,625,794	60,688,316
Current liabilities	3,996,010	12,786,811
Long-term liabilities	148,633,408	134,411,052
Total liabilities	152,629,418	147,197,863
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	(15,129,219)	(11,971,156)
Restricted	10,708,561	7,967,255
Unrestricted	(84,582,966)	(82,505,646)
Total net position	\$ (89,003,624)	\$ (86,509,547)

The total net position of the District decreased during the current fiscal year by \$2,494,077. A comparative summary of the District's *Statement of Activities* for the past two fiscal years is as follows:

	2025	2024
Revenues		
Property taxes, penalties and interest	\$ 10,177,293	\$ 8,252,594
Other	554,924	436,820
Total revenues	10,732,217	8,689,414
Expenses		
Operating and administrative	1,531,533	1,314,977
Debt interest and fees	4,513,123	3,337,356
Developer interest	2,680,322	1,580,114
Debt issuance costs	2,873,526	1,718,716
Depreciation and amortization	1,576,879	1,566,426
Total expenses	13,175,383	9,517,589
Change in net position before other items	(2,443,166)	(828,175)
Other items		
Transfers to other governments	(50,911)	
Change in estimate of due to developers		346,221
Change in net position	(2,494,077)	(481,954)
Net position, beginning of year	(86,509,547)	(86,027,593)
Net position, end of year	\$ (89,003,624)	\$ (86,509,547)

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances, as of March 31, 2025, were \$15,048,771, which consists of \$2,922,851 in the General Fund, \$10,932,742 in the Debt Service Fund and \$1,193,178 in the Capital Projects Fund.

General Fund

A comparative summary of the General Fund's financial position as of March 31, 2025 and 2024, is as follows:

	 2025		2024
Total assets	\$ 3,118,529		\$ 3,089,465
		•	
Total liabilities	\$ 170,822		\$ 169,742
Total deferred inflows	24,856		56,452
Total fund balance	 2,922,851		2,863,271
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$ 3,118,529		\$ 3,089,465

A comparative summary of the General Fund's activities for the current and prior fiscal year is as follows:

	 2025	2024
Total revenues	\$ 1,194,398	\$ 1,544,421
Total expenditures	 (1,134,818)	 (773,338)
Revenues over expenditures	\$ 59,580	\$ 771,083

The District manages its activities with the objectives of ensuring that expenditures will be adequately covered by revenues each year and that an adequate fund balance is maintained. The District's primary financial resources in the General Fund are from a property tax levy, which is dependent upon assessed values in the District and the maintenance tax rate set by the District. While assessed values in the District increased from the prior year, property tax revenues decreased because the District decreased the maintenance component of the levy.

Debt Service Fund

A comparative summary of the Debt Service Fund's financial position as of March 31, 2025 and 2024, is as follows:

		2025	 2024
Total assets	\$	11,171,249	\$ 8,282,374
Total liabilities	\$	1,121	\$ 12,010
Total deferred inflows		237,386	289,719
Total fund balance		10,932,742	7,980,645
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$	11,171,249	\$ 8,282,374

A comparative summary of the Debt Service Fund's activities for the current and prior fiscal year is as follows:

	 2025	_	2024
Total revenues	\$ 9,573,966	-	\$ 6,865,922
Total expenditures	 (7,232,119)		(5,325,714)
Revenues over expenditures	2,341,847		1,540,208
Other changes in fund balance	 610,250		
Net change in fund balance	\$ 2,952,097		\$ 1,540,208

The District's financial resources in the Debt Service Fund in both the current and prior fiscal year are from property tax revenues. During the current fiscal year, financial resources also included capitalized interest from the sale of bonds. The difference between these financial resources and debt service requirements resulted in an increase in fund balance each year. It is important to note that the District sets its annual debt service tax rate as recommended by its financial advisor, who monitors projected cash flows in the Debt Service Fund to ensure that the District will be able to meet its future debt service requirements.

Capital Projects Fund

A comparative summary of the Capital Projects Fund's financial position as of March 31, 2025 and 2024, is as follows:

	 2025	 2024
Total assets	\$ 1,205,678	\$ 530,716
Total liabilities	\$ 12,500	\$ 1,950
Total fund balance	 1,193,178	 528,766
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 1,205,678	\$ 530,716

A comparative summary of activities in the Capital Projects Fund for the current and prior fiscal year is as follows:

	2025		 2024
Total revenues	\$	47,782	\$ 31,343
Total expenditures		(26,408,120)	(29,119,717)
Revenues under expenditures		(26,360,338)	(29,088,374)
Other changes in fund balance		27,024,750	29,270,000
Net change in fund balance	\$	664,412	\$ 181,626

The District has had considerable capital asset activity in the last two years, which was financed with proceeds from the issuance of its Series 2024 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2024 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds and Series 2025 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds in the current fiscal year and the sale of its Series 2023 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2023 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds and Series 2024 Bond Anticipation Note in the prior year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Board of Directors adopts an annual unappropriated budget for the General Fund prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The Board did not amend the budget during the fiscal year.

Since the District's budget is primarily a planning tool, actual results varied from the budgeted amounts. Actual net change in fund balance was \$159,018 less than budgeted. The *Budgetary Comparison Schedule* on page 36 of this report provides variance information per financial statement line item.

Capital Assets

The District has entered into financing agreements with its developer for the financing of the construction of capital assets within the District. The developer will be reimbursed from proceeds of future bond issues or other lawfully available funds. These developer funded capital assets are recorded on the District's financial statements upon completion of construction.

Capital assets held by the District at March 31, 2025 and 2024, are summarized as follows:

	2025	2024
Capital assets not being depreciated		
Land and improvements	\$ 19,127,922	\$ 19,060,944
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized		
Infrastructure	7,770,040	7,510,265
Landscaping improvements	21,854,898	22,364,391
Impact fees	5,238,168	4,101,048
Other facilities	1,714,715	1,747,639
	36,577,821	35,723,343
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization		
Infrastructure	(1,140,452)	(967,784)
Landscaping improvements	(5,542,117)	(4,449,372)
Impact fees	(550,700)	(408,656)
Other facilities	(342,136)	(172,714)
	(7,575,405)	(5,998,526)
Depreciable capital assets, net	29,002,416	29,724,817
Capital assets, net	\$ 48,130,338	\$ 48,785,761

Capital asset additions during the current fiscal year include impact fees paid to the City of Katy.

The District and the City of Katy (the "City") have entered into an agreement which obligates the District to construct water, wastewater, and certain storm drainage and road facilities to serve the District and, when completed, to convey title to the facilities to the City. The City also assumes maintenance on certain public roads constructed within its boundaries. Detention facilities and certain other capital assets are retained by the District. For the year ended March 31, 2025, capital assets in

the amount of \$50,911 have been completed and recorded as transfers to other governments in the government-wide statements. Additional information is presented in Note 11.

Long-Term Debt and Related Liabilities

As of March 31, 2025, the District owes approximately \$16,279,452 to developer for completed projects. The initial cost of the completed project and related liability is estimated based on actual construction costs plus 10-15% for engineering and other fees and is recorded on the District's financial statements upon completion of construction. The District intends to reimburse the developer from proceeds of future bond issues or other lawfully available funds. The estimated cost of amounts owed to the developer is trued up when the developer is reimbursed.

At March 31, 2025 and 2024, the District had total bonded debt outstanding as shown below:

Series	2025	2024
2016 Road	\$ 7,390,000	\$ 7,705,000
2017	4,755,000	4,940,000
2017 Road	2,720,000	2,825,000
2018	7,170,000	7,440,000
2019	9,490,000	9,805,000
2020	5,625,000	5,870,000
2020 Road	3,280,000	3,390,000
2021	9,375,000	9,690,000
2021 Road	2,625,000	2,740,000
2022 Road	12,860,000	13,180,000
2022	14,100,000	14,390,000
2023 Road	8,755,000	8,920,000
2023	10,800,000	11,080,000
2024 Road	8,990,000	
2024	17,845,000	
2025 Park	10,070,000	
	\$ 135,850,000	\$ 101,975,000

During the current year, the District issued \$8,990,000 in unlimited tax road bonds, \$17,845,000 in unlimited tax bonds for water, sewer, and drainage facilities and \$10,070,000 in unlimited tax park bonds. At March 31, 2025, the District had \$270,370,000 unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District and the refunding of such bonds; \$22,430,000 for parks and recreational facilities and the refunding of such bonds; and \$77,175,000 for road improvements and the refunding of such bonds.

Property Taxes

The District's property tax base increased approximately \$84,675,000 for the 2025 tax year from \$1,154,948,759 to \$1,239,624,205, based on preliminary values.

Next Year's Budget

In establishing the budget for the next fiscal year, the Board considered various economic factors that may affect the District, most notably projected revenues from property taxes and the projected cost of operating the District. A comparison of next fiscal year's budget to current fiscal year actual amounts for the General Fund is as follows:

	2	025 Actual	2(026 Budget
Total revenues	\$	1,194,398	\$	1,202,598
Total expenditures		(1,134,818)		(1,197,178)
Revenues over expenditures		59,580		5,420
Beginning fund balance		2,863,271		2,922,851
Ending fund balance	\$	2,922,851	\$	2,928,271

Basic Financial Statements

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet March 31, 2025

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Assets Cash Investments Taxes receivable Internal balances	\$ 6,908 3,062,027 24,856 24,738	\$ 1,437,420 9,518,802 237,386 (22,359)	\$ 13,556 1,194,501 (2,379)	\$ 1,457,884 13,775,330 262,242	\$ -	\$ 1,457,884 13,775,330 262,242
Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, net					19,127,922 29,002,416	19,127,922 29,002,416
Total Assets	\$ 3,118,529	\$ 11,171,249	\$ 1,205,678	\$ 15,495,456	48,130,338	63,625,794
Liabilities Accounts payable Other payables	\$ 170,059 763	\$ - 1,121	\$ 12,500	\$ 182,559 1,884		182,559 1,884
Accrued interest payable Due to developer Long-term debt	703	1,121		1,001	461,567 16,279,452	461,567 16,279,452
Due within one year Due after one year					3,350,000 132,353,956	3,350,000 132,353,956
Total Liabilities	170,822	1,121	12,500	184,443	152,444,975	152,629,418
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred property taxes	24,856	237,386		262,242	(262,242)	
Fund Balances/Net Position Fund Balances						
Restricted Unassigned	2,922,851	10,932,742	1,193,178	12,125,920 2,922,851	(12,125,920) (2,922,851)	
Total Fund Balances	2,922,851	10,932,742	1,193,178	15,048,771	(15,048,771)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 3,118,529	\$ 11,171,249	\$ 1,205,678	\$ 15,495,456		
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Unrestricted Total Net Position					(15,129,219) 10,708,561 (84,582,966) \$ (89,003,624)	(15,129,219) 10,708,561 (84,582,966) \$ (89,003,624)

See notes to basic financial statements.

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended March 31, 2025

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 1,066,014	\$ 9,140,018	\$ -	\$ 10,206,032	\$ (75,415)	\$ 10,130,617
Penalties and interest		55,190		55,190	(8,514)	46,676
Miscellaneous	120 20 4	68,357	47.700	68,357		68,357
Investment earnings	128,384	310,401	47,782	486,567		486,567
Total Revenues	1,194,398	9,573,966	47,782	10,816,146	(83,929)	10,732,217
Expenditures/Expenses						
Operating and administrative						
Professional fees	165,371		176,635	342,006		342,006
Contracted services	15,984	204,067		220,051		220,051
Repairs and maintenance	893,480		4,924	898,404		898,404
Administrative	33,454	10,704	385	44,543		44,543
Other	26,529			26,529		26,529
Capital outlay			20,313,602	20,313,602	(20,313,602)	
Debt service						
Principal		3,030,000		3,030,000	(3,030,000)	
Interest and fees		3,987,348	358,726	4,346,074	167,049	4,513,123
Developer interest			2,680,322	2,680,322		2,680,322
Debt issuance costs			2,873,526	2,873,526		2,873,526
Depreciation and amortization					1,576,879	1,576,879
Total Expenditures/Expenses	1,134,818	7,232,119	26,408,120	34,775,057	(21,599,674)	13,175,383
Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures/Expenses	59,580	2,341,847	(26,360,338)	(23,958,911)	21,515,745	(2,443,166)
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)						
Proceeds from sale of bonds		610,250	36,294,750	36,905,000	(36,905,000)	
Repayment of bond anticipation note			(9,270,000)	(9,270,000)	9,270,000	
Other Items						
Transfers to other governments					(50,911)	(50,911)
Net Change in Fund Balances	59,580	2,952,097	664,412	3,676,089	(3,676,089)	
Change in Net Position					(2,494,077)	(2,494,077)
Fund Balance/Net Position					,	,
Beginning of the year	2,863,271	7,980,645	528,766	11,372,682	(97,882,229)	(86,509,547)
End of the year	\$ 2,922,851	\$ 10,932,742	\$ 1,193,178	\$ 15,048,771	\$ (104,052,395)	\$ (89,003,624)

See notes to basic financial statements.

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Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 (the "District") conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The following is a summary of the most significant policies:

Creation

The District was organized, created and established pursuant to Senate Bill No. 608, Acts 2013, 83rd Legislature, Regular Session, later codified as Chapter 8431, Texas Special District Local Laws Code, dated June, 14, 2013, and operates in accordance with Section 52, Article III, and Section 59, Article XVI, of the Texas Constitution, and the Texas Water Code, Chapters 49 and 54. The Board of Directors held its first meeting on October 23, 2013 and the first bonds were issued on September 28, 2016.

The District is responsible for providing water, sewer, drainage, recreational, and road facilities within the District. As further discussed in Note 12, the District transfers the water, sewer and certain drainage and road facilities to the City of Katy for operation and maintenance upon completion of construction. The District has contracted with various consultants to provide services to operate and administer the affairs of the District. The District has no employees, related payroll or pension costs.

Reporting Entity

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected five-member board. The GASB has established the criteria for determining the reporting entity for financial statement reporting purposes. To qualify as a primary government, a government must have a separately elected governing body, be legally separate, and be fiscally independent of other state and local governments, while a component unit is a legally separate government for which the elected officials of a primary government are financially accountable. Fiscal independence implies that the government has the authority to adopt a budget, levy taxes, set rates, and/or issue bonds without approval from other governments. Under these criteria, the District is considered a primary government and is not a component unit of any other government. Additionally, no other entities meet the criteria for inclusion in the District's financial statements as component units.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the District as a whole. These statements focus on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. Interfund activity, if any, has been removed from these statements. These aggregated statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*.

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for a specific purpose. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Most governments typically have

many funds; however, governmental financial statements focus on the most important or "major" funds with non-major funds aggregated in a single column. The District has three governmental funds, which are all considered major funds.

The following is a description of the various funds used by the District:

- <u>The General Fund</u> is used to account for the operations of the District and all other financial transactions not reported in other funds. The principal sources of revenue are property taxes. Expenditures include costs associated with the daily operations of the District.
- The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District's general long-term debt. The primary source of revenue for debt service is property taxes. During the current fiscal year, financial resources also included capitalized interest from the sale of bonds. Expenditures include costs incurred in assessing and collecting these taxes.
- <u>The Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for the expenditures of bond proceeds for the construction of the District's water, sewer, drainage and parks and road facilities.

As a special-purpose government engaged in a single governmental program, the District has opted to combine its government-wide and fund financial statements in a columnar format showing an adjustments column for reconciling items between the two.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized in the accounting period in which it becomes both available and measurable to finance expenditures of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes and interest earned on investments. Property taxes receivable at the end of the fiscal year are treated as deferred inflows because they are not considered available to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

Note 2 further details the adjustments from the governmental fund presentation to the government-wide presentation.

Use of Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the District uses restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Receivables from and payables to external parties are reported separately and are not offset, unless a legal right of offset exists. At March 31, 2025, an allowance for uncollectible accounts was not considered necessary.

Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds. This can include internal transfers, payables and receivables. This activity is combined as internal balances and is eliminated in both the government-wide and fund financial statement presentation.

Capital Assets

Capital assets do not provide financial resources at the fund level, and, therefore, are reported only in the government-wide statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost that exceeds the capitalization threshold for the asset class and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets that individually are below the capitalization threshold but, in the aggregate, are above the threshold are capitalized. Subsequent replacements of these assets that do not exceed the threshold are not capitalized. The District's capitalization threshold for infrastructure assets is \$50,000. The threshold for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) is \$100,000.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value, which is the price that would be paid to acquire the asset on the acquisition date. The District has not capitalized interest incurred during the construction of its capital assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciable capital assets, which primarily consist of storm drainage and landscaping improvements, are depreciated (or amortized in the case of intangible assets) using the straight-line method as follows:

Assets	Useful Life
Infrastructure	45 years
Landscaping improvements	20 years
Impact fees	45 years (max)
Other facilities	20 years

The District's detention facilities are considered improvements to land and are non-depreciable.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Financial Resources

A deferred inflow of financial resources is the acquisition of resources in one period that is applicable to a future period, while a deferred outflow of financial resources is the consumption of financial resources in one period that is applicable to a future period. A deferred inflow results from the

acquisition of an asset without a corresponding revenue or assumption of a liability. A deferred outflow results from the use of an asset without a corresponding expenditure or reduction of a liability.

At the fund level, property taxes receivable not collected within 60 days of fiscal year end do not meet the availability criteria required for revenue recognition and are recorded as deferred inflows of financial resources.

Net Position – Governmental Activities

Governmental accounting standards establish the following three components of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – represents the District's investments in capital assets, less any outstanding debt or other borrowings used to acquire those assets.

Restricted – consists of financial resources that are restricted for a specific purpose by enabling legislation or external parties.

Unrestricted – resources not included in the other components.

Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Governmental accounting standards establish the following fund balance classifications:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District does not have any nonspendable fund balances.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments. The District's restricted fund balances consist of unspent bond proceeds in the Capital Projects Fund and property taxes levied for debt service and capitalized interest from the sale of bonds in the Debt Service Fund.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The District does not have any committed fund balances.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The District has not adopted a formal policy regarding the assignment of fund balances and does not have any assigned fund balances.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses/expenditures during the period reported. These estimates include, among others, the collectability of receivables; the useful lives and impairment of capital assets; the value of amounts due to developer; the value of capital assets transferred to the City of Katy and the value of capital assets for which the developer has not been fully reimbursed. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

Note 2 – Adjustment from Governmental to Government-wide Basis

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

Total fund balance, governmental funds		\$ 15,048,77	71
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Historical cost Less accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$ 55,705,743 (7,575,405)	48,130,33	38
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. The difference consists of: Accrued interest payable Due to developer Bonds payable, net	(461,567) (16,279,452) (135,703,956)	(152,444,97	75)
Deferred inflows in the fund statements consist of property taxes receivable that have been levied and are due, but are not available to pay current period expenditures. These amounts are included in revenues in the		`	Í
government-wide statements.		262,24	
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ (89,003,62	<u> 24)</u>

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

N.T. 1	•	c 1	1	1	1	. 1	c 1
Net change	111	fund	ha	lances -	total	governmental	funde
1 VCt Change	111	runu	Da	iances	totai	governmentan	runus

\$ 3,676,089

Governmental funds do not report revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the *Statement of Activities* when earned. The difference is for property taxes and penalties and interest.

(83,929)

Financial reporting for capital assets varies significantly between the fund statements and the government-wide statements. Reporting at the fund level focuses on the impact of transactions on financial resources (i.e., cash), while reporting at the government-wide level seeks to allocate the cost of the acquisition of capital assets over their useful lives and to measure the economic impact of developer financing of capital assets used by the District or conveyed to other governmental entities. Differences during the current fiscal year are for the following:

Capital outlays	\$ 20,313,602
Transfers to other governments	(50,911)
Depreciation/amortization expense	 (1,576,879)

18,685,812

Financial reporting for certain obligations varies between the fund statements and the government-wide statements. At the fund level, the focus is on increases and decreases of financial resources as debt is issued and repaid. At the government-wide level, the focus is on measuring and reporting on changes in the District's obligation to repay liabilities in the future. Differences during the current fiscal year are for the following:

Issuance of long-term debt	(36,905,000)
Repayment of bond anticipation note	9,270,000
Principal payments	3,030,000
Interest expense accrual	(167,049)

(24,772,049)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ (2,494,077)

Note 3 - Implementation of New Accounting Guidance

During the current fiscal year, the District implemented GASB Implementation Guide ("GASBIG") 2021-1, Question 5.1, which requires the capitalization of the acquisition of a group of individual capital assets whose individual acquisition costs are less than the capitalization threshold when the cost of the acquisition of the assets in the aggregate is significant. This new guidance had no effect on the District's financial statements during the current fiscal year.

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk as it applies to deposits (i.e. cash) is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the depository institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities. The *Public Funds Collateral Act* (Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code) requires that all of the District's deposits with financial institutions be covered by federal depository insurance and, if necessary, pledged collateral held by a third-party custodian. The act further specifies the types of securities that can be used as collateral. The District's written investment policy establishes additional requirements for collateralization of deposits.

Investments

The District is authorized by the *Public Funds Investment Act* (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code) to invest in the following: (1) obligations, including letters of credit, of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including Federal Home Loan Banks, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities, (3) certain collateralized mortgage obligations, (4) other obligations, which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, (5) certain A rated or higher obligations of states and political subdivisions of any state, (6) bonds issued, assumed or guaranteed by the State of Israel, (7) certain insured or collateralized certificates of deposit and share certificates, (8) certain fully collateralized repurchase agreements, (9) bankers' acceptances with limitations, (10) commercial paper rated A-1 or P-1 or higher and a maturity of 270 days or less, (11) no-load money market mutual funds and no-load mutual funds, with limitations, (12) certain guaranteed investment contracts, (13) certain qualified governmental investment pools and (14) a qualified securities lending program.

The District has adopted a written investment policy to establish the principles by which the District's investment program should be managed. This policy further restricts the types of investments in which the District may invest.

As of March 31, 2025, the District's investments consist of the following:

				Weighted
		Carrying		Average
Type	Fund	Value	Rating	Maturity
TexPool	General	\$ 3,062,027		
	Debt Service	9,518,802		
	Capital Projects	 1,194,501		
		\$ 13,775,330	AAAm	37 days

TexPool

The District participates in TexPool, the Texas Local Government Investment Pool. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility of TexPool, which includes (1) the ability to significantly influence operations, (2) designation of management and (3) accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure.

As permitted by GAAP, TexPool uses amortized cost (which excludes unrealized gains and losses) rather than market value to compute share price and seeks to maintain a constant dollar value per share. Accordingly, the fair value of the District's position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares. Investments in TexPool may be withdrawn on a same day basis, as long as the transaction is executed by 3:30 p.m.

Investment Credit and Interest Rate Risk

Investment credit risk is the risk that the investor may not recover the value of an investment from the issuer, while interest rate risk is the risk that the value of an investment will be adversely affected by changes in interest rates. The District's investment policies do not address investment credit and interest rate risk beyond the rating and maturity restrictions established by state statutes.

Note 5 – Interfund Balances and Transactions

Amounts due to/from other funds at March 31, 2025, consist of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund Amounts		Amounts Purpose	
General	Debt Service	\$ 22,359		Maintenance tax collections not remitted as
				of year end.
General	Capital Projects		2,379	Bond application fees paid by the General
				Fund.

Amounts reported as internal balances between funds are considered temporary balances and will be paid during the following fiscal year.

Note 6 – Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets, for the year ended March 31, 2025, is as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Additions/ Adjustments	Ending Balances	
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land and improvements	\$ 19,060,944	\$ 66,978	\$ 19,127,922	
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized				
Infrastructure	7,510,265	259,775	7,770,040	
Landscaping improvements	22,364,391	(509,493)	21,854,898	
Impact fees	4,101,048	1,137,120	5,238,168	
Other facilities	1,747,639	(32,924)	1,714,715	
	35,723,343	854,478	36,577,821	
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization				
Infrastructure	(967,784)	(172,668)	(1,140,452)	
Landscaping improvements	(4,449,372)	(1,092,745)	(5,542,117)	
Impact fees	(408,656)	(142,044)	(550,700)	
Other facilities	(172,714)	(169,422)	(342,136)	
	(5,998,526)	(1,576,879)	(7,575,405)	
Subtotal depreciable capital assets, net	29,724,817	(722,401)	29,002,416	
Capital assets, net	\$ 48,785,761	\$ (655,423)	\$ 48,130,338	

Depreciation/amortization expense for the current fiscal year was \$1,576,879.

Note 7 – Bond Anticipation Note

The District uses a bond anticipation note ("BAN") to provide short-term financing for reimbursements to its developers. Despite its short-term nature, a BAN is not recorded as a fund liability, since it will not be repaid from current financial resources and will be repaid through the issuance of long-term debt or another BAN. It is, however, recorded as a liability at the government-wide level.

At the beginning of the fiscal year, the District had a BAN outstanding in the amount of \$9,270,000. This BAN was repaid on December 19, 2024 with proceeds from the issuance of the District's Series 2024 Unlimited Tax Bonds.

The effect of this transaction on the District's short-term obligations are as follows:

Beginning balance	\$ 9,270,000
Amounts repaid	 (9,270,000)
Ending balance	\$ -

Note 8 – Due to Developer

The District has entered into financing agreements with its developer for the financing of the construction of water, sewer, drainage, park and recreational facilities and road improvements. Under the agreements, the developer will construct facilities on behalf of the District. The developer will be reimbursed from proceeds of future bond issues or other lawfully available funds, subject to approval by TCEQ, as applicable. The District does not record the capital asset and related liability on the government-wide statements until construction of the facilities is complete. The initial cost is estimated based on construction costs plus 10-15% for engineering and other fees. Estimates are trued up when the developer is reimbursed.

Changes in the estimated amounts due to developer during the year are as follows:

Due to developer, beginning of year	\$ 35,620,687
Developer reimbursements	(19,176,482)
Developer funded construction and adjustments	(164,753)
Due to developer, end of year	\$ 16,279,452

Note 9 – Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt is comprised of the following:

Bonds payable	\$ 135,850,000
Unamortized discounts	 (146,044)
	\$ 135,703,956
Due within one year	\$ 3,350,000

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2025

The District's bonds payable at March 31, 2025, consists of unlimited tax bonds as follows:

				Maturity Date,		
				Serially,	Interest	
	Amounts	Original	Interest	Beginning/	Payment	Call
Series	Outstanding	Issue	Rates	Ending	Dates	Dates
2016	\$ 7,390,000	\$ 9,385,000	2.00% - 4.50%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
Road				2018/2041	March 1	2024
2017	4, 755 , 000	5,765,000	2.00% - 4.50%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
				2019/2042	March 1	2025
2017	2,720,000	3,290,000	2.125% - 4.625%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
Road				2019/2042	March 1	2025
2018	7,170,000	8,420,000	3.00% - 5.00%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
				2020/2043	March 1	2023
2019	9,490,000	10,680,000	2.00% - 4.00%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
				2021/2045	March 1	2024
2020	5,625,000	6,350,000	2.00% - 2.20%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
				2022/2045	March 1	2025
2020	3,280,000	3,600,000	2.00% - 2.375%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
Road				2022/2045	March 1	2025
2021	9,375,000	10,000,000	2.25% - 4.75%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
				2023/2046	March 1	2027
2021	2,625,000	2,860,000	2.00% - 3.00%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
Road				2023/2046	March 1	2027
2022	12,860,000	13,180,000	2.50% - 5.00%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
Road				2024/2047	March 1	2030
2022	14,100,000	14,390,000	3.50% - 6.00%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
				2024/2047	March 1	2029
2023	8,755,000	8,920,000	3.00% - 5.50%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
Road				2024/2048	March 1	2029
2023	10,800,000	11,080,000	4.00% - 6.00%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
				2024/2048	March 1	2029
2024	8,990,000	8,990,000	3.75% - 5.00%	September 1,	September 1,	April 1,
Road				2025/2049	March 1	2030
2024	17,845,000	17,845,000	3.50% - 6.00%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
				2026/2049	March 1	2030
2025	10,070,000	10,070,000	3.25% - 5.75%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
Park				2026/2049	March 1	2030
	\$ 135,850,000					

Payments of principal and interest on all series of bonds are to be provided from taxes levied on all properties within the District. Investment income realized by the Debt Service Fund from investment of idle funds will be used to pay outstanding bond principal and interest. The District is in compliance with the terms of its bond resolutions.

At March 31, 2025, the District had authorized but unissued bonds in the amount of \$270,370,000 for water, sewer and drainage facilities and the refunding of such bonds; \$22,430,000 for park and recreational facilities and the refunding of such bonds; and \$77,175,000 for road improvements and the refunding of such bonds.

On April 30, 2024, the District issued its \$8,990,000 Series 2024 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds at a net effective interest rate of 4.217375%. Proceeds of the bonds were used to reimburse developer for the cost of capital assets constructed within the District plus interest expense at the net effective interest rate of the bonds and to pay capitalized interest into the Debt Service Fund.

On December 19, 2024, the District issued its \$17,845,000 Series 2024 Unlimited Tax Bonds at a net effective interest rate of 4.211292%. Proceeds of the bonds were used to reimburse developer for the cost of capital assets constructed within the District plus interest expense at the net effective interest rate of the bonds and to repay a \$9,270,000 BAN issued in the previous fiscal year.

On January 22, 2025, the District issued its \$10,070,000 Series 2025 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds at a net effective interest rate of 4.133803%. Proceeds of the bonds were used to reimburse developers for the cost of capital assets constructed within the District plus interest expense at the net effective interest rate of the bonds and to pay capitalized interest into the Debt Service Fund.

The change in the District's long-term debt during the year is as follows:

Bonds payable, beginning of year	\$ 101,975,000
Bonds issued	36,905,000
Bonds retired	 (3,030,000)
Bonds payable, end of year	\$ 135,850,000

As of March 31, 2025, annual debt service requirements on bonds outstanding are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Totals
2026	\$ 3,350,000	\$ 4,992,728	\$ 8,342,728
2027	4,165,000	4,794,207	8,959,207
2028	4,315,000	4,616,662	8,931,662
2029	4,465,000	4,436,380	8,901,380
2030	4,630,000	4,252,051	8,882,051
2031	4,800,000	4,062,804	8,862,804
2032	4,970,000	3,875,564	8,845,564
2033	5,160,000	3,691,497	8,851,497
2034	5,345,000	3,506,669	8,851,669
2035	5,545,000	3,317,579	8,862,579
2036	5,760,000	3,120,369	8,880,369
2037	5,975,000	2,914,306	8,889,306
2038	6,205,000	2,700,693	8,905,693
2039	6,450,000	2,477,809	8,927,809
2040	6,690,000	2,244,965	8,934,965
2041	6,945,000	2,000,493	8,945,493
2042	7,220,000	1,743,916	8,963,916
2043	6,960,000	1,486,425	8,446,425
2044	6,945,000	1,232,482	8,177,482
2045	6,395,000	986,600	7,381,600
2046	6,655,000	744,473	7,399,473
2047	5,735,000	517,335	6,252,335
2048	5,250,000	317,364	5,567,364
2049	3,540,000	153,128	3,693,128
2050	2,380,000	42,651	2,422,651
	\$ 135,850,000	\$ 64,229,147	\$ 200,079,147

Note 10 – Property Taxes

On November 4, 2014, the voters of the District authorized the District's Board of Directors to levy taxes annually for use in financing general operations limited to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed value. In addition, the voters of the District authorized the District's Board of Directors to levy taxes annually for use in financing road maintenance limited to \$0.25 per \$100 of assessed value. The District's bond resolutions require that property taxes be levied for use in paying interest and principal on long-term debt and for use in paying the cost of assessing and collecting taxes. Taxes levied to finance debt service requirements on long-term debt are without limitation as to rate or amount.

All property values and exempt status, if any, are determined by the Harris Central and Waller County Appraisal Districts. Assessed values are determined as of January 1 of each year, at which time a tax lien attaches to the related property. Taxes are levied around October/November, are due upon receipt and are delinquent the following February 1. Penalty and interest attach thereafter.

Property taxes are collected based on rates adopted in the year of the levy. The District's 2025 fiscal year was financed through the 2024 tax levy, pursuant to which the District levied property taxes of \$0.88 per \$100 of assessed value, of which \$0.09 was allocated to maintenance and operations, \$0.275 was allocated to road debt service and \$0.515 was allocated to water, sewer and drainage debt service. The resulting tax levy was \$10,163,549 on the adjusted taxable value of \$1,154,948,759.

Property taxes receivable, at March 31, 2025, consisted of the following:

Current year taxes receivable	\$ 235,617
Prior years taxes receivable	4,418
	240,035
Penalty and interest receivable	22,207
Property taxes receivable	\$ 262,242

Note 11 – Transfers to Other Governments

In accordance with an agreement between the District and the City of Katy (the "City"), the District transfers all of its water, sewer, and certain drainage and road facilities to the City (see Note 12). Accordingly, the District does not record these capital assets in the *Statement of Net Position*, but instead reports the completed projects as transfers to other governments on the *Statement of Activities*. The estimated cost of each project is trued-up when the developer is subsequently reimbursed. For the year ended March 31, 2025, the District reported transfers to other governments in the amount of \$50,911 for projects completed and transferred to the City.

Note 12 – Utility Agreement with the City of Katy

On November 11, 2013, the developer, on behalf of the District, entered into a Utility Agreement with the City of Katy (the "City") for construction and extension of water distribution lines, sanitary sewer collection systems and public drainage facilities to serve the District. Pursuant to the Agreement, the City also assumes maintenance of public roads constructed within its boundaries and accepted by the District. As the system is acquired or constructed, the District shall transfer the system to the City but will reserve a security interest in the system and provide service to all users in the District. The term of the agreement is forty-five years.

Water and sewer rates charged by the City to users in the District shall be the same rates charged to similar users within the City. All revenue derived from these charges belongs to the City.

The District shall pay a capital recovery fee to the City for each water connection and each sewer connection in the amount of \$2,472 per combined connection. During the current year, the District paid \$1,137,120 in impact fees to the City.

Note 13 - Maintenance Agreement with Cane Island Community Association

On May 20, 2024, the District entered into the Sixth Amended and Restated Maintenance Agreement with the Cane Island Community Association (the "Association") for the purpose of providing groundskeeping and landscape maintenance to District owned facilities. Pursuant to the agreement the District will pay the Association each fiscal year, on a monthly basis, for performing maintenance on District facilities. The monthly payments are set to change each April 1st through fiscal year 2027. Thereafter, the monthly payments will continue at the rate established for the 2027 fiscal year. During the current fiscal year, the District paid a total of \$500,000 to the Association related to this agreement, which is included in repairs and maintenance. The following is a schedule of yearly payments through fiscal year 2027:

		Yearly
Fiscal Year	A	Amount
2026	\$	635,000
2027		695,000

Note 14 – Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and personal injuries. The risk of loss is covered by commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

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Required Supplementary Information

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended March 31, 2025

	Original and Final Budge		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			(1811 1)
Property taxes	\$ 1,152,59	98 \$ 1,066,014	\$ (86,584)
Investment earnings	50,00		78,384
Total Revenues	1,202,59	1,194,398	(8,200)
Expenditures			
Operating and administrative			
Professional fees	235,00	00 165,371	69,629
Contracted services	20,00	00 15,984	4,016
Repairs and maintenance	660,00	90 893,480	(233,480)
Administrative	53,00	33,454	19,546
Other	16,00	26,529	(10,529)
Total Expenditures	984,00	1,134,818	(150,818)
Revenues Over Expenditures	218,59	59,580	(159,018)
Fund Balance			
Beginning of the year	2,863,27	2,863,271	
End of the year	\$ 3,081,86	\$ 2,922,851	\$ (159,018)

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Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 Notes to Required Supplementary Information March 31, 2025

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual unappropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund by the District's Board of Directors. The budget is prepared using the same method of accounting as for financial reporting. There were no amendments to the budget during the year.

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Texas Supplementary Information

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-1. Services and Rates March 31, 2025

1. Serv	vices provided	by the District	During the Fiscal Y	ear:		
	Retail Water		Wholesale Water	Solie	d Waste / Garbage	X Drainage
\Box	Retail Wastew	vater V	Wholesale Wastewate	er Floo	od Control	Irrigation
X	Parks / Recre	=	Fire Protection	X Roa		Security
						<u> </u>
믬	•		regional system and	I/ or wastewates	r service (other than o	emergency interconnect)
Ш	Other (Specif	<u></u>				
2. R	Retail Service P	Providers				
a. R	Retail Rates for	a 5/8" meter ((or equivalent):			
		Minimum Charge	Minimum Usage	Flat Rate (Y / N)	Rate per 1,000 Gallons Over Minimum Usage	Usage Levels
	Water:					to
,	Wastewater:					to
	Surcharge:		· -			to
Γ	District employ	s winter averag	ging for wastewater u	ısage?	Yes	No
	Total char	ges per 10,000	gallons usage:	Water	:	Wastewater
b.		ges per 10,000 astewater Retail		Water	:	Wastewater
b.		astewater Retail		Water Active Connection		Active
b.	Water and Wa	astewater Retail	Connections:	Active	ons ESFC Fa	Active
b. -	Water and Wa Meter Unmet	astewater Retail Size	Connections:	Active		Active
b	Water and Wa	astewater Retail Size tered a 3/4"	Connections:	Active	ons ESFC Fac x 1.0	Active
b	Water and Wa Meter Unmet	Size vered a 3/4"	Connections:	Active	ens ESFC Fa x 1.0 x 1.0	Active
b	Water and Wa Meter Unmet less than 1"	Size rered 1 3/4"	Connections:	Active	ESFC Factor x 1.0 x 1.0 x 2.5	Active
b	Meter Unmet less than 1" 1.5' 2" 3"	Size vered a 3/4"	Connections:	Active	ESFC Fa x 1.0 x 1.0 x 2.5 x 5.0	Active ESFC'S
b	Meter Unmet less than 1" 1.5' 2" 3" 4"	Size gered 1 3/4"	Connections:	Active	ESFC Fa x 1.0 x 1.0 x 2.5 x 5.0 x 8.0 x 15.0 x 25.0	Active ESFC'S
b	Meter Unmet less than 1" 1.5' 2" 3" 4"	Size vered a 3/4"	Connections: Total	Active	x 1.0 x 1.0 x 1.0 x 2.5 x 5.0 x 8.0 x 15.0 x 25.0 x 50.0	Active ESFC'S
b	Meter Unmet less than 1" 1.5' 2" 3" 4" 6" 8"	Size rered 1 3/4"	Connections: Total	Active	x 1.0 x 1.0 x 1.0 x 2.5 x 5.0 x 8.0 x 15.0 x 25.0 x 80.0 x 80.0	Active ESFC'S
b	Meter Unmet less than 1" 1.5' 2" 3" 4"	Size rered 1 3/4"	Connections: Total	Active	x 1.0 x 1.0 x 1.0 x 2.5 x 5.0 x 8.0 x 15.0 x 25.0 x 50.0	Active ESFC'S
b	Meter Unmet less than 1" 1.5' 2" 3" 4" 6" 8"	Size gered a 3/4"	Connections: Total	Active	x 1.0 x 1.0 x 1.0 x 2.5 x 5.0 x 8.0 x 15.0 x 25.0 x 80.0 x 80.0	Active ESFC'S

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Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-1. Services and Rates March 31, 2025

3.	Total Water Consumption during the fiscal year (rounded to t	the nearest thousand):
	Gallons pumped into system: N/A	Water Accountability Ratio: (Gallons billed / Gallons pumped)
	Gallons billed to customers: N/A	N/A
4.	Standby Fees (authorized only under TWC Section 49.231):	
	Does the District have Debt Service standby fees?	Yes No X
	If yes, Date of the most recent commission Order:	
	Does the District have Operation and Maintenance standle	by fees? Yes No X
	If yes, Date of the most recent commission Order:	
5.	Location of District:	
	Is the District located entirely within one county?	Yes No X
	County(ies) in which the District is located:	Harris and Waller Counties
	Is the District located within a city?	Entirely X Partly Not at all
	City(ies) in which the District is located:	City of Katy
	Is the District located within a city's extra territorial jurisdi	iction (ETJ)?
		Entirely Partly Not at all X
	ETJs in which the District is located:	
	Are Board members appointed by an office outside the di	strict? Yes No X
	If Yes, by whom?	
Se	e accompanying auditor's report.	

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-2. General Fund Expenditures For the Year Ended March 31, 2025

Professional fees	
Legal	\$ 113,786
Audit	20,000
Engineering	31,585
	165,371
Contracted services	
Bookkeeping	15,984
Repairs and maintenance	
Landscape maintenance	393,480
Maintenance agreement	500,000
	893,480
Administrative	
Directors fees	15,028
Printing and office supplies	536
Insurance	4,169
Other	13,721
	33,454
Other	26,529
T I. F.	Ф 4.424.040
Total expenditures	\$ 1,134,818

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-3. Investments March 31, 2025

Fund	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance at End of Year
General			
TexPool	Variable	N/A	\$ 3,062,027
Debt Service			
TexPool	Variable	N/A	6,331,846
TexPool - Road	Variable	N/A	3,186,956
			9,518,802
Capital Projects			
TexPool	Variable	N/A	749,324
TexPool - Road	Variable	N/A	256,751
TexPool - Park	Variable	N/A	188,426
			1,194,501
Total - All Funds			\$ 13,775,330

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-4. Taxes Levied and Receivable March 31, 2025

		Maintenance Taxes	Road Debt ervice Taxes	Ι	Debt Service Taxes		Totals
Taxes Receivable, Beginning of Year	\$	56,452	\$ 100,137	\$	158,862	\$	315,451
Adjustments to Prior Year Tax Levy		(5,036)	(10,248)		(17,649)		(32,933)
Adjusted Receivable		51,416	89,889		141,213		282,518
2024 Original Tax Levy		1,044,811	3,192,479		5,978,643		10,215,933
Adjustments		(5,357)	 (16,370)		(30,657)		(52,384)
Adjusted Tax Levy		1,039,454	3,176,109		5,947,986		10,163,549
Total to be accounted for		1,090,870	 3,265,998		6,089,199		10,446,067
Tax collections: Current year Prior years Total Collections		1,015,357 50,658 1,066,015	3,102,479 88,480 3,190,959		5,810,096 138,962 5,949,058		9,927,932 278,100 10,206,032
	Φ			_		Φ	
Taxes Receivable, End of Year	\$	24,855	 75,039	\$	140,141	\$	240,035
Taxes Receivable, By Years 2024 2023	\$	24,097 693	\$ 73,630 1,214	\$	137,890 1,906	\$	235,617 3,813
2022		65	195		345		605
Taxes Receivable, End of Year	\$	24,855	\$ 75,039	\$	140,141	\$	240,035
		2024	2023		2022		2021
Property Valuations: Land Improvements Personal Property Exemptions	\$	182,002,195 1,108,567,937 16,036,475 (151,657,848)	\$ 181,983,908 897,293,302 4,034,434 (156,093,997)	\$	159,845,576 637,126,415 10,025,294 (128,410,209)	\$	120,015,964 350,816,352 9,229,309 (15,004,392)
Total Property Valuations	\$	1,154,948,759	\$ 927,217,647	\$	678,587,076	\$	465,057,233
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation: Maintenance tax rates Road debt service tax rates	\$	0.090 0.275	\$ 0.16 0.28	\$	0.10 0.30	\$	0.19 0.21
Debt service tax rates Total Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation	\$	0.515	\$ 0.44	\$	0.53	\$	0.53
1 "							
Adjusted Tax Levy:	\$	10,163,549	\$ 8,159,515	\$	6,310,860	\$	4,325,032
Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied **		97.68%	 99.95%		99.99%		100.00%

^{*} Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters: \$_\$1.50 on November 4, 2014

^{**} Maximum Road Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters: \$0.25 on November 4, 2014

^{***} Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2016 Road--by Years March 31, 2025

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2026	\$ 325,000	\$ 230,896	\$ 555,896
2027	335,000	222,809	557,809
2028	350,000	214,028	564,028
2029	360,000	204,034	564,034
2030	375,000	193,009	568,009
2031	385,000	181,609	566,609
2032	400,000	169,834	569,834
2033	415,000	157,401	572,401
2034	430,000	143,981	573,981
2035	445,000	129,763	574,763
2036	460,000	114,769	574,769
2037	475,000	98,991	573,991
2038	490,000	82,706	572,706
2039	510,000	65,830	575,830
2040	525,000	48,037	573,037
2041	545,000	29,312	574,312
2042	565,000	9,887	574,887
	\$ 7,390,000	\$ 2,296,896	\$ 9,686,896

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2017--by Years March 31, 2025

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	ng September 1 March 1		Total
2026	\$ 190,000	\$ 141,106	\$ 331,106
2027	195,000	137,134	332,134
2028	205,000	132,628	337,628
2029	210,000	127,569	337,569
2030	220,000	121,919	341,919
2031	230,000	115,444	345,444
2032	235,000	108,469	343,469
2033	245,000	101,269	346,269
2034	255,000	93,769	348,769
2035	265,000	85,969	350,969
2036	275,000	77,697	352,697
2037	285,000	68,947	353,947
2038	295,000	59,700	354,700
2039	305,000	49,950	354,950
2040	320,000	39,794	359,794
2041	330,000	29,025	359,025
2042	340,000	17,717	357,717
2043	355,000	5,991	360,991
	\$ 4,755,000	\$ 1,514,097	\$ 6,269,097

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2017 Road--by Years March 31, 2025

		Interest Due		
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,		
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total	
2026	\$ 110,000	\$ 82,063	\$ 192,063	
2027	115,000	78,366	193,366	
2028	115,000	75,778	190,778	
2029	120,000	72,913	192,913	
2030	125,000	69,694	194,694	
2031	130,000	66,025	196,025	
2032	135,000	62,050	197,050	
2033	140,000	57,925	197,925	
2034	145,000	53,650	198,650	
2035	150,000	49,225	199,225	
2036	155,000	44,553	199,553	
2037	165,000	39,553	204,553	
2038	170,000	34,213	204,213	
2039	175,000	28,606	203,606	
2040	180,000	22,838	202,838	
2041	190,000	16,706	206,706	
2042	195,000	10,209	205,209	
2043	205,000	3,459	208,459	
	\$ 2,720,000	\$ 867,826	\$ 3,587,826	

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2018--by Years March 31, 2025

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2026	\$ 285,000	\$ 241,050	\$ 526,050
2027	290,000	232,425	522,425
2028	295,000	223,650	518,650
2029	310,000	214,575	524,575
2030	315,000	205,200	520,200
2031	325,000	195,397	520,397
2032	335,000	184,875	519,875
2033	345,000	173,825	518,825
2034	355,000	162,228	517,228
2035	370,000	149,763	519,763
2036	380,000	136,638	516,638
2037	395,000	123,075	518,075
2038	405,000	108,822	513,822
2039	420,000	93,869	513,869
2040	430,000	78,462	508,462
2041	450,000	62,512	512,512
2042	465,000	45,927	510,927
2043	480,000	28,500	508,500
2044	520,000	9,750	529,750
	\$ 7,170,000	\$ 2,670,543	\$ 9,840,543

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2019--by Years March 31, 2025

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2026	\$ 320,000	\$ 256,663	\$ 576,663
2027	335,000	250,113	585,113
2028	340,000	243,363	583,363
2029	345,000	236,297	581,297
2030	355,000	228,638	583,638
2031	365,000	220,309	585,309
2032	380,000	211,225	591,225
2033	390,000	201,356	591,356
2034	400,000	190,988	590,988
2035	405,000	180,169	585,169
2036	420,000	168,825	588,825
2037	430,000	156,600	586,600
2038	450,000	143,400	593,400
2039	465,000	129,675	594,675
2040	480,000	115,500	595,500
2041	490,000	100,950	590,950
2042	510,000	85,950	595,950
2043	525,000	70,425	595,425
2044	885,000	49,275	934,275
2045	590,000	27,150	617,150
2046	610,000	9,150	619,150
	\$ 9,490,000	\$ 3,276,021	\$ 12,766,021

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2020--by Years March 31, 2025

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2026	\$ 250,000	\$ 114,709	\$ 364,709
2027	250,000	109,709	359,709
2028	250,000	104,709	354,709
2029	250,000	99,709	349,709
2030	245,000	94,759	339,759
2031	245,000	89,859	334,859
2032	245,000	84,959	329,959
2033	245,000	80,059	325,059
2034	245,000	75,159	320,159
2035	250,000	70,209	320,209
2036	250,000	65,208	315,208
2037	255,000	60,158	315,158
2038	255,000	54,899	309,899
2039	255,000	49,480	304,480
2040	265,000	43,955	308,955
2041	265,000	38,225	303,225
2042	270,000	32,340	302,340
2043	320,000	25,850	345,850
2044	330,000	18,700	348,700
2045	340,000	11,330	351,330
2046	345,000	3,795	348,795
	\$ 5,625,000	\$ 1,327,780	\$ 6,952,780

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2020 Road--by Years March 31, 2025

		Interest Due		
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,		
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total	
2026	\$ 115,000	\$ 70,256	\$ 185,256	
2027	115,000	67,956	182,956	
2028	120,000	65,606	185,606	
2029	125,000	63,157	188,157	
2030	130,000	60,606	190,606	
2031	130,000	58,006	188,006	
2032	135,000	55,357	190,357	
2033	140,000	52,607	192,607	
2034	145,000	49,757	194,757	
2035	150,000	46,807	196,807	
2036	155,000	43,756	198,756	
2037	160,000	40,607	200,607	
2038	165,000	37,150	202,150	
2039	170,000	33,381	203,381	
2040	170,000	29,450	199,450	
2041	180,000	25,294	205,294	
2042	185,000	20,959	205,959	
2043	190,000	16,506	206,506	
2044	195,000	11,934	206,934	
2045	200,000	7,244	207,244	
2046	205,000	2,434	207,434	
	\$ 3,280,000	\$ 858,830	\$ 4,138,830	

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2021--by Years March 31, 2025

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2026	\$ 325,000	\$ 243,981	\$ 568,981
2027	335,000	228,306	563,306
2028	340,000	212,275	552,275
2029	350,000	200,263	550,263
2030	360,000	192,275	552,275
2031	370,000	184,063	554,063
2032	375,000	175,681	550,681
2033	385,000	167,131	552,131
2034	395,000	156,875	551,875
2035	405,000	144,875	549,875
2036	415,000	132,575	547,575
2037	425,000	121,303	546,303
2038	435,000	111,091	546,091
2039	450,000	100,581	550,581
2040	460,000	89,775	549,775
2041	470,000	78,731	548,731
2042	480,000	67,450	547,450
2043	495,000	55,872	550,872
2044	505,000	43,997	548,997
2045	520,000	31,825	551,825
2046	535,000	19,297	554,297
2047	545,000	6,472	551,472
	\$ 9,375,000	\$ 2,764,694	\$ 12,139,694

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2021 Road--by Years March 31, 2025

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2026	\$ 115,000	\$ 66,175	\$ 181,175
2027	120,000	62,650	182,650
2028	115,000	59,125	174,125
2029	115,000	55,675	170,675
2030	110,000	52,300	162,300
2031	115,000	48,925	163,925
2032	110,000	46,100	156,100
2033	105,000	43,950	148,950
2034	105,000	41,719	146,719
2035	105,000	39,356	144,356
2036	105,000	36,994	141,994
2037	100,000	34,688	134,688
2038	105,000	32,381	137,381
2039	105,000	29,888	134,888
2040	110,000	27,200	137,200
2041	105,000	24,513	129,513
2042	105,000	21,888	126,888
2043	145,000	18,763	163,763
2044	150,000	15,075	165,075
2045	155,000	11,069	166,069
2046	160,000	6,738	166,738
2047	165,000	2,269	167,269
	\$ 2,625,000	\$ 777,438	\$ 3,402,438

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2022 Road--by Years March 31, 2025

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2026	\$ 330,000	\$ 505,075	\$ 835,075
2027	345,000	488,200	833,200
2028	365,000	470,450	835,450
2029	375,000	451,950	826,950
2030	395,000	432,700	827,700
2031	410,000	412,575	822,575
2032	430,000	391,575	821,575
2033	455,000	369,450	824,450
2034	470,000	348,675	818,675
2035	490,000	329,475	819,475
2036	510,000	309,475	819,475
2037	535,000	288,575	823,575
2038	555,000	268,163	823,163
2039	580,000	247,938	827,938
2040	610,000	225,988	835,988
2041	635,000	201,850	836,850
2042	665,000	175,850	840,850
2043	700,000	148,550	848,550
2044	730,000	119,950	849,950
2045	765,000	90,050	855,050
2046	800,000	58,750	858,750
2047	835,000	32,313	867,313
2048	875,000	10,938	885,938
	\$ 12,860,000	\$ 6,378,515	\$ 19,238,515

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2022--by Years March 31, 2025

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2026	\$ 315,000	\$ 614,338	\$ 929,338
2027	335,000	594,838	929,838
2028	365,000	573,838	938,838
2029	390,000	551,188	941,188
2030	415,000	527,038	942,038
2031	435,000	501,537	936,537
2032	460,000	474,687	934,687
2033	485,000	451,187	936,187
2034	510,000	431,287	941,287
2035	535,000	410,387	945,387
2036	570,000	388,287	958,287
2037	595,000	364,615	959,615
2038	630,000	339,349	969,349
2039	660,000	312,743	972,743
2040	685,000	285,003	970,003
2041	725,000	255,469	980,469
2042	760,000	223,913	983,913
2043	750,000	191,825	941,825
2044	790,000	159,100	949,100
2045	855,000	124,144	979,144
2046	900,000	86,850	986,850
2047	945,000	51,188	996,188
2048	990,000	17,325	1,007,325
	\$ 14,100,000	\$ 7,930,136	\$ 22,030,136

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2023 Road--by Years March 31, 2025

Due During Fiscal Years Ending Principal Due September 1 September 1 March 1 Total 2026 \$ 210,000 \$ 347,663 \$ 557,663 2027 220,000 335,838 555,838 2028 230,000 323,463 553,463 2029 240,000 311,138 551,138 2030 255,000 298,763 553,763 2031 265,000 288,412 553,412 2032 280,000 280,237 560,237 2033 295,000 271,243 566,243 2034 310,000 261,413 571,413 2035 325,000 250,687 575,687 2036 340,000 238,199 578,199 2037 355,000 224,300 579,300 2038 375,000 209,700 584,700 2039 395,000 194,500 589,300 2040 410,000 178,200 588,200 2041 435,000 161,300 596,300 <			Interest Due	
2026 \$ 210,000 \$ 347,663 \$ 557,663 2027 220,000 335,838 555,838 2028 230,000 323,463 553,463 2029 240,000 311,138 551,138 2030 255,000 298,763 553,763 2031 265,000 288,412 553,412 2032 280,000 280,237 560,237 2033 295,000 271,243 566,243 2034 310,000 261,413 571,413 2035 325,000 250,687 575,687 2036 340,000 238,199 578,199 2037 355,000 224,300 579,300 2038 375,000 209,700 584,700 2039 395,000 194,300 589,300 2040 410,000 178,200 588,200 2041 435,000 161,300 596,300 2042 455,000 143,500 598,500 2043 480,000 <t< td=""><td>Due During Fiscal</td><td>Principal Due</td><td>1</td><td></td></t<>	Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	1	
2027 220,000 335,838 555,838 2028 230,000 323,463 553,463 2029 240,000 311,138 551,138 2030 255,000 298,763 553,763 2031 265,000 288,412 553,412 2032 280,000 280,237 560,237 2033 295,000 271,243 566,243 2034 310,000 261,413 571,413 2035 325,000 250,687 578,687 2036 340,000 238,199 578,199 2037 355,000 224,300 579,300 2038 375,000 209,700 584,700 2039 395,000 194,300 589,300 2040 410,000 178,200 588,200 2041 435,000 161,300 596,300 2042 455,000 143,500 598,500 2043 480,000 124,800 604,800 2044 425,000 106,	Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2028 230,000 323,463 553,463 2029 240,000 311,138 551,138 2030 255,000 298,763 553,763 2031 265,000 288,412 553,412 2032 280,000 280,237 560,237 2033 295,000 271,243 566,243 2034 310,000 261,413 571,413 2035 325,000 250,687 575,687 2036 340,000 238,199 578,199 2037 355,000 224,300 579,300 2038 375,000 209,700 584,700 2039 395,000 194,300 589,300 2040 410,000 178,200 588,200 2041 435,000 161,300 596,300 2042 455,000 143,500 598,500 2043 480,000 124,800 604,800 2044 425,000 106,700 531,700 2045 445,000 89,300 534,300 2046 465,000 71,100 536,100	2026	\$ 210,000	\$ 347,663	\$ 557,663
2029 240,000 311,138 551,138 2030 255,000 298,763 553,763 2031 265,000 288,412 553,412 2032 280,000 280,237 560,237 2033 295,000 271,243 566,243 2034 310,000 261,413 571,413 2035 325,000 250,687 575,687 2036 340,000 238,199 578,199 2037 355,000 224,300 579,300 2038 375,000 209,700 584,700 2039 395,000 194,300 589,300 2040 410,000 178,200 588,200 2041 435,000 161,300 596,300 2042 455,000 143,500 598,500 2043 480,000 124,800 604,800 2044 425,000 106,700 531,700 2045 445,000 89,300 534,300 2046 465,000 71,100 536,100 2047 490,000 52,000 542,000<	2027	220,000	335,838	555,838
2030 255,000 298,763 553,763 2031 265,000 288,412 553,412 2032 280,000 280,237 560,237 2033 295,000 271,243 566,243 2034 310,000 261,413 571,413 2035 325,000 250,687 575,687 2036 340,000 238,199 578,199 2037 355,000 224,300 579,300 2038 375,000 209,700 584,700 2039 395,000 194,300 589,300 2040 410,000 178,200 588,200 2041 435,000 161,300 596,300 2042 455,000 143,500 598,500 2043 480,000 124,800 604,800 2044 425,000 106,700 531,700 2045 445,000 89,300 534,300 2046 465,000 71,100 536,100 2047 490,000 52,000 542,000 2048 515,000 31,900 546,900 </td <td>2028</td> <td>230,000</td> <td>323,463</td> <td>553,463</td>	2028	230,000	323,463	553,463
2031 265,000 288,412 553,412 2032 280,000 280,237 560,237 2033 295,000 271,243 566,243 2034 310,000 261,413 571,413 2035 325,000 250,687 575,687 2036 340,000 238,199 578,199 2037 355,000 224,300 579,300 2038 375,000 209,700 584,700 2039 395,000 194,300 589,300 2040 410,000 178,200 588,200 2041 435,000 161,300 596,300 2042 455,000 143,500 598,500 2043 480,000 124,800 604,800 2044 425,000 106,700 531,700 2045 445,000 89,300 534,300 2046 465,000 71,100 536,100 2047 490,000 52,000 542,000 2048 515,000 31,900 546,900 2049 540,000 10,800 550,800 <td>2029</td> <td>240,000</td> <td>311,138</td> <td>551,138</td>	2029	240,000	311,138	551,138
2032 280,000 280,237 560,237 2033 295,000 271,243 566,243 2034 310,000 261,413 571,413 2035 325,000 250,687 575,687 2036 340,000 238,199 578,199 2037 355,000 224,300 579,300 2038 375,000 209,700 584,700 2039 395,000 194,300 589,300 2040 410,000 178,200 588,200 2041 435,000 161,300 596,300 2042 455,000 143,500 598,500 2043 480,000 124,800 604,800 2044 425,000 106,700 531,700 2045 445,000 89,300 534,300 2046 465,000 71,100 536,100 2047 490,000 52,000 542,000 2048 515,000 31,900 546,900 2049 540,000 10,800 550,800	2030	255,000	298,763	553,763
2033 295,000 271,243 566,243 2034 310,000 261,413 571,413 2035 325,000 250,687 575,687 2036 340,000 238,199 578,199 2037 355,000 224,300 579,300 2038 375,000 209,700 584,700 2039 395,000 194,300 589,300 2040 410,000 178,200 588,200 2041 435,000 161,300 596,300 2042 455,000 143,500 598,500 2043 480,000 124,800 604,800 2044 425,000 106,700 531,700 2045 445,000 89,300 534,300 2046 465,000 71,100 536,100 2047 490,000 52,000 542,000 2048 515,000 31,900 546,900 2049 540,000 10,800 550,800	2031	265,000	288,412	553,412
2034 310,000 261,413 571,413 2035 325,000 250,687 575,687 2036 340,000 238,199 578,199 2037 355,000 224,300 579,300 2038 375,000 209,700 584,700 2039 395,000 194,300 589,300 2040 410,000 178,200 588,200 2041 435,000 161,300 596,300 2042 455,000 143,500 598,500 2043 480,000 124,800 604,800 2044 425,000 106,700 531,700 2045 445,000 89,300 534,300 2046 465,000 71,100 536,100 2047 490,000 52,000 542,000 2048 515,000 31,900 546,900 2049 540,000 10,800 550,800	2032	280,000	280,237	560,237
2035 325,000 250,687 575,687 2036 340,000 238,199 578,199 2037 355,000 224,300 579,300 2038 375,000 209,700 584,700 2039 395,000 194,300 589,300 2040 410,000 178,200 588,200 2041 435,000 161,300 596,300 2042 455,000 143,500 598,500 2043 480,000 124,800 604,800 2044 425,000 106,700 531,700 2045 445,000 89,300 534,300 2046 465,000 71,100 536,100 2047 490,000 52,000 542,000 2048 515,000 31,900 546,900 2049 540,000 10,800 550,800	2033	295,000	271,243	566,243
2036 340,000 238,199 578,199 2037 355,000 224,300 579,300 2038 375,000 209,700 584,700 2039 395,000 194,300 589,300 2040 410,000 178,200 588,200 2041 435,000 161,300 596,300 2042 455,000 143,500 598,500 2043 480,000 124,800 604,800 2044 425,000 106,700 531,700 2045 445,000 89,300 534,300 2046 465,000 71,100 536,100 2047 490,000 52,000 542,000 2048 515,000 31,900 546,900 2049 540,000 10,800 550,800	2034	310,000	261,413	571,413
2037 355,000 224,300 579,300 2038 375,000 209,700 584,700 2039 395,000 194,300 589,300 2040 410,000 178,200 588,200 2041 435,000 161,300 596,300 2042 455,000 143,500 598,500 2043 480,000 124,800 604,800 2044 425,000 106,700 531,700 2045 445,000 89,300 534,300 2046 465,000 71,100 536,100 2047 490,000 52,000 542,000 2048 515,000 31,900 546,900 2049 540,000 10,800 550,800	2035	325,000	250,687	575,687
2038 375,000 209,700 584,700 2039 395,000 194,300 589,300 2040 410,000 178,200 588,200 2041 435,000 161,300 596,300 2042 455,000 143,500 598,500 2043 480,000 124,800 604,800 2044 425,000 106,700 531,700 2045 445,000 89,300 534,300 2046 465,000 71,100 536,100 2047 490,000 52,000 542,000 2048 515,000 31,900 546,900 2049 540,000 10,800 550,800	2036	340,000	238,199	578,199
2039 395,000 194,300 589,300 2040 410,000 178,200 588,200 2041 435,000 161,300 596,300 2042 455,000 143,500 598,500 2043 480,000 124,800 604,800 2044 425,000 106,700 531,700 2045 445,000 89,300 534,300 2046 465,000 71,100 536,100 2047 490,000 52,000 542,000 2048 515,000 31,900 546,900 2049 540,000 10,800 550,800	2037	355,000	224,300	579,300
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2038	375,000	209,700	584,700
2041 435,000 161,300 596,300 2042 455,000 143,500 598,500 2043 480,000 124,800 604,800 2044 425,000 106,700 531,700 2045 445,000 89,300 534,300 2046 465,000 71,100 536,100 2047 490,000 52,000 542,000 2048 515,000 31,900 546,900 2049 540,000 10,800 550,800	2039	395,000	194,300	589,300
2042 455,000 143,500 598,500 2043 480,000 124,800 604,800 2044 425,000 106,700 531,700 2045 445,000 89,300 534,300 2046 465,000 71,100 536,100 2047 490,000 52,000 542,000 2048 515,000 31,900 546,900 2049 540,000 10,800 550,800	2040	410,000	178,200	588,200
2043 480,000 124,800 604,800 2044 425,000 106,700 531,700 2045 445,000 89,300 534,300 2046 465,000 71,100 536,100 2047 490,000 52,000 542,000 2048 515,000 31,900 546,900 2049 540,000 10,800 550,800	2041	435,000	161,300	596,300
2044 425,000 106,700 531,700 2045 445,000 89,300 534,300 2046 465,000 71,100 536,100 2047 490,000 52,000 542,000 2048 515,000 31,900 546,900 2049 540,000 10,800 550,800	2042	455,000	143,500	598,500
2045 445,000 89,300 534,300 2046 465,000 71,100 536,100 2047 490,000 52,000 542,000 2048 515,000 31,900 546,900 2049 540,000 10,800 550,800	2043	480,000	124,800	604,800
2046 465,000 71,100 536,100 2047 490,000 52,000 542,000 2048 515,000 31,900 546,900 2049 540,000 10,800 550,800	2044	425,000	106,700	531,700
2047 490,000 52,000 542,000 2048 515,000 31,900 546,900 2049 540,000 10,800 550,800	2045	445,000	89,300	534,300
2048 515,000 31,900 546,900 2049 540,000 10,800 550,800	2046	465,000	71,100	536,100
2049 540,000 10,800 550,800	2047	490,000	52,000	542,000
	2048	515,000	31,900	546,900
\$ 8,755,000 \$ 4,804,956 \$ 13,559,956	2049	540,000	10,800_	550,800
		\$ 8,755,000	\$ 4,804,956	\$ 13,559,956

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2023--by Years March 31, 2025

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	Principal Due September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2026	\$ 260,000	\$ 488,750	\$ 748,750
2027	270,000	472,850	742,850
2028	285,000	456,200	741,200
2029	295,000	438,800	733,800
2030	310,000	420,650	730,650
2031	325,000	403,225	728,225
2032	335,000	386,725	721,725
2033	350,000	369,600	719,600
2034	370,000	353,450	723,450
2035	385,000	338,350	723,350
2036	400,000	322,650	722,650
2037	420,000	306,250	726,250
2038	440,000	288,775	728,775
2039	460,000	269,925	729,925
2040	480,000	249,950	729,950
2041	500,000	229,125	729,125
2042	525,000	207,344	732,344
2043	545,000	184,606	729,606
2044	570,000	160,200	730,200
2045	600,000	133,875	733,875
2046	625,000	106,312	731,312
2047	655,000	77,512	732,512
2048	680,000	47,475	727,475
2049	715,000	16,088	731,088
	\$ 10,800,000	\$ 6,728,687	\$ 17,528,687

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2024 Road--by Years March 31, 2025

	Interest Due						
Due During Fiscal		Principal Due September 1,					
Years Ending	_ Septe	September 1		Iarch 1		Total	
2026	\$	200,000	\$	360,481	\$	560,481	
2027		210,000		350,232		560,232	
2028		220,000		340,581		560,581	
2029		230,000		331,581		561,581	
2030		240,000		322,181		562,181	
2031		250,000		312,381		562,381	
2032		265,000		302,081		567,081	
2033		275,000		291,281		566,281	
2034		285,000		280,081		565,081	
2035		300,000		268,381		568,381	
2036		315,000		256,081		571,081	
2037		330,000	243,181			573,181	
2038		340,000	229,781			569,781	
2039		360,000	215,781			575,781	
2040		375,000	201,550			576,550	
2041		390,000		186,719		576,719	
2042		410,000		170,719		580,719	
2043		425,000		154,019		579,019	
2044		445,000		136,619		581,619	
2045		465,000		118,419		583,419	
2046		485,000		99,419		584,419	
2047		510,000		79,200		589,200	
2048		530,000		57,750		587,750	
2049		555,000	35,372			590,372	
2050		580,000		11,963		591,963	
	\$ 8	3,990,000	\$	5,355,834	\$	14,345,834	

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2024--by Years March 31, 2025

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2026	\$ -	\$ 756,825	\$ 756,825
2027	445,000	743,475	1,188,475
2028	460,000	716,325	1,176,325
2029	480,000	688,125	1,168,125
2030	500,000	658,725	1,158,725
2031	525,000	627,975	1,152,975
2032	545,000	601,325	1,146,325
2033	570,000	579,025	1,149,025
2034	590,000	555,825	1,145,825
2035	615,000	531,725	1,146,725
2036	645,000	506,525	1,151,525
2037	670,000	480,225	1,150,225
2038	700,000	452,825	1,152,825
2039	730,000	424,225	1,154,225
2040	760,000	394,425	1,154,425
2041	790,000	363,425	1,153,425
2042	825,000	331,125	1,156,125
2043	860,000	297,425	1,157,425
2044	895,000	261,766	1,156,766
2045	935,000	224,022	1,159,022
2046	975,000	184,628	1,159,628
2047	1,015,000	143,584	1,158,584
2048	1,060,000	100,788	1,160,788
2049	1,105,000	59,587	1,164,587
2050	1,150,000	20,125	1,170,125
	\$ 17,845,000	\$ 10,704,050	\$ 28,549,050

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2025 Park--by Years March 31, 2025

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2026	\$ -	\$ 472,697	\$ 472,697
2027	250,000	419,306	669,306
2028	260,000	404,643	664,643
2029	270,000	389,406	659,406
2030	280,000	373,594	653,594
2031	295,000	357,062	652,062
2032	305,000	340,384	645,384
2033	320,000	324,188	644,188
2034	335,000	307,812	642,812
2035	350,000	292,438	642,438
2036	365,000	278,137	643,137
2037	380,000	263,238	643,238
2038	395,000	247,738	642,738
2039	410,000	231,637	641,637
2040	430,000	214,838	644,838
2041	445,000	197,337	642,337
2042	465,000	179,138	644,138
2043	485,000	159,834	644,834
2044	505,000	139,416	644,416
2045	525,000	118,172	643,172
2046	550,000	96,000	646,000
2047	575,000	72,797	647,797
2048	600,000	51,188	651,188
2049	625,000	31,281	656,281
2050	650,000	10,563	660,563
	\$ 10,070,000	\$ 5,972,844	\$ 16,042,844

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements All Bonded Debt Series--by Years March 31, 2025

		Interest Due		
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	ncipal Due September 1,		
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total	
2026	\$ 3,350,000	\$ 4,992,728	\$ 8,342,728	
2027	4,165,000	4,794,207	8,959,207	
2028	4,315,000	4,616,662	8,931,662	
2029	4,465,000	4,436,380	8,901,380	
2030	4,630,000	4,252,051	8,882,051	
2031	4,800,000	4,062,804	8,862,804	
2032	4,970,000	3,875,564	8,845,564	
2033	5,160,000	3,691,497	8,851,497	
2034	5,345,000	3,506,669	8,851,669	
2035	5,545,000	3,317,579	8,862,579	
2036	5,760,000	3,120,369	8,880,369	
2037	5,975,000	2,914,306	8,889,306	
2038	6,205,000	2,700,693	8,905,693	
2039	6,450,000	2,477,809	8,927,809	
2040	6,690,000	2,244,965	8,934,965	
2041	6,945,000	2,000,493	8,945,493	
2042	7,220,000	1,743,916	8,963,916	
2043	6,960,000	1,486,425	8,446,425	
2044	6,945,000	1,232,482	8,177,482	
2045	6,395,000	986,600	7,381,600	
2046	6,655,000	744,473	7,399,473	
2047	5,735,000	517,335		
2048	5,250,000	317,364	5,567,364	
2049	3,540,000	153,128	3,693,128	
2050	2,380,000	42,651	2,422,651	
	\$ 135,850,000	\$ 64,229,147	\$ 200,079,147	

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-6. Change in Long-Term Bonded Debt March 31, 2025

	Bond Issue							
	Series 2016 Road		Series 2017		Series 2017 Road		Series 2018	
Interest rate Dates interest payable Maturity dates	1.25% - 3.50% 9/1; 3/1 9/1/18 - 9/1/41		2.00% - 4.50% 9/1; 3/1 3/1/19 - 9/1/42		2.125% - 4.625% 9/1; 3/1 9/1/19 - 9/1/42			0% - 5.00% 9/1; 3/1 9/1/20 - 9/1/43
Beginning bonds outstanding	\$	7,705,000	\$	4,940,000	\$	2,825,000	\$	7,440,000
Bonds issued								
Bonds retired		(315,000)	,	(185,000)		(105,000)		(270,000)
Ending bonds outstanding	\$	7,390,000	\$	4,755,000	\$	2,720,000	\$	7,170,000
Interest paid during fiscal year	\$	238,419	\$	147,169	\$	86,966	\$	249,375
Paying agent's name and city Series 2022R, 2022, 2023R, 2023, 2024R, 2024 and 2025P All other series		Ameg	y Ban	BOKF, N.A., k, a division of		ıs, Texas N.A., Houston,	Texas	
Bond Authority: Amount Authorized by Voters Amount Issued Remaining To Be Issued	D	ater, Sewer, rainage and anding Bonds 354,900,000 (84,530,000) 270,370,000		Parks, reational and anding Bonds 32,500,000 (10,070,000) 22,430,000	Ref \$	Road and unding Bonds 127,400,000 (50,225,000) 77,175,000		
All bonds are secured with tax revewith taxes.	enues.	Bonds may also	o be s	ecured with oth	ner re	venues in comb	inatio	n
Debt Service Fund cash and invest	ments	balance as of N	Iarch	31, 2025:			\$	10,956,222
Average annual debt service payme	ent (pr	incipal and inte	rest) f	or remaining te	rm of	all debt:	\$	8,003,166

Bond Issue

S	Series 2019 Series 2020		S	Series 2020 Road Series 2021				Series 2021 Road			
	00% - 4.00%		% - 2.20%						% - 4.75%	2.0	00% - 3.00%
	9/1; 3/1 9/1/21 -		9/1; 3/1 9/1/22 -		9/1; 3/1 9/1/22 -		9/1; 3/1 9/1/23 -		9/1; 3/1 9/1/23 -		
d*	9/1/45	dh.	9/1/45	d*	9/1/45	ф.	9/1/46	æ	9/1/46		
\$	9,805,000	\$	5,870,000	\$	3,390,000	\$	9,690,000	\$	2,740,000		
	(315,000)		(245,000)		(110,000)		(315,000)		(115,000)		
	9,490,000	\$	5,625,000	\$	3,280,000	\$	9,375,000	\$	2,625,000		
\$	266,163	*************************************	119,659	*************************************	72,506	*************************************	259,181	*************************************	69,625		

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-6. Change in Long-Term Bonded Debt March 31, 2025

	Bond Issue							
	erest payable 9/1; 3/1 dates 9/1/24 -		Series 2022 3.50% - 6.00% 9/1; 3/1 9/1/24 -		Series 2023 Road 3.00% - 5.50% 9/1; 3/1 9/1/24 -		Series 2023 4.00% - 6.00% 9/1; 3/1 9/1/24 -	
Interest rate Dates interest payable Maturity dates								
Beginning bonds outstanding Bonds issued	\$	9/1/47 13,180,000	\$	9/1/47 14,390,000	\$	9/1/48 8,920,000	\$	9/1/48 11,080,000
Bonds retired		(320,000)		(290,000)		(165,000)		(280,000)
Ending bonds outstanding Interest paid during fiscal year	<u>\$</u> \$	12,860,000 521,325	<u>\$</u> \$	14,100,000 632,488	\$ \$	8,755,000 357,975	<u>\$</u> \$	10,800,000

Bond 1	Issue
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			Dona 133uc			
Totals	Series 2025 Park		Series 2024		Series 2024 Road	
	3.25% - 5.75% 9/1; 3/1 9/1/26 -		50% - 6.00% 9/1; 3/1 9/1/26 -	3.	3.75% - 5.00% 9/1; 3/1 9/1/25 -	3.
	9/1/49		9/1/49		9/1/49	
101,975,000	\$ \$ -		-	\$	\$ -	\$
36,905,000	10,070,000		17,845,000		8,990,000	
(3,030,000)						1
135,850,000	\$ \$ 10,070,000		17,845,000	\$	\$ 8,990,000	\$
3,982,749	\$ \$ -		151,365	\$	\$ 305,583	\$

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-7a. Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - General Fund For the Last Five Fiscal Years

	Amounts									
		2025		2024		2023	2022			2021
Revenues				_		_				
Property taxes	\$	1,066,014	\$	1,439,250	\$	701,497	\$	876,391	\$	537,337
Investment earnings		128,384		105,171		45,273		625		1,489
Total Revenues		1,194,398		1,544,421	746,770		746,770 877,016			538,826
Expenditures										
Operating and administrative										
Professional fees		165,371		200,497		155,709		158,013		153,160
Contracted services		15,984		15,300	12,033		11,145			11,290
Repairs and maintenance										
General		393,480		131,792		188,347		178,072		170,833
Association contributions		500,000		389,083						
Administrative		33,454		25,134		27,320		24,222		18,820
Other		26,529		11,532		16,500		229		11,917
Total Expenditures		1,134,818		773,338		399,909		371,681		366,020
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	59,580	\$	771,083	\$	346,861	\$	505,335	\$	172,806

^{*}Percentage is negligible

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
89%	93%	94%	100%	100%
11%	7%	6%	*	*
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
14%	13%	21%	18%	28%
1%	1%	2%	1%	2%
33%	9%	25%	20%	32%
42%	25%			
3%	2%	4%	4% 3%	
2%	1%	2%	*	2%
95%	51%	54%	42%	67%
5%	49%	46%	58%	33%

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3
TSI-7b. Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Debt Service Fund
For the Last Five Fiscal Years

	Amounts							
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021			
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$ 9,140,018	\$ 6,512,093	\$ 5,690,991	\$ 3,421,474	\$ 2,772,266			
Penalties and interest	55,190	53,523	23,854	14,078	431			
Miscellaneous	68,357	28,834	11,028	220	160			
Investment earnings	310,401	271,472	105,762	1,922	4,052			
Total Revenues	9,573,966	6,865,922	5,831,635	3,437,694	2,776,909			
Expenditures								
Tax collection services	214,771	148,397	145,315	101,520	81,193			
Debt service								
Principal	3,030,000	1,920,000	1,445,000	1,065,000	755,000			
Interest and fees	3,987,348	3,257,317	2,008,057	1,421,995	1,212,370			
Total Expenditures	7,232,119	5,325,714	3,598,372	2,588,515	2,048,563			
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 2,341,847	\$ 1,540,208	\$ 2,233,263	\$ 849,179	\$ 728,346			

^{*}Percentage is negligible

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
95%	95%	98%	100%	100%
1%	1%	*	*	*
1%	*	*	*	*
3%	4%	2%	*	*
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
2%	2%	2%	3%	3%
32%	28%	25%	31%	27%
42%	47%	34%	41%	44%
76%	77%	61%	75%	74%
24%	23%	39%	25%	26%

Harris - Waller Counties Municipal Utility District No. 3 TSI-8. Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants For the Year Ended March 31, 2025

Complete District Mailing Address:	plete District Mailing Address: 3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600, Houston, TX 77027						
District Business Telephone Number:	(713) 860-6400						
Submission Date of the most recent Distr	rict Registration For	m					
(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054):	May 20, 2024						
Limit on Fees of Office that a Director m	ay receive during a	fiscal y	ear:	\$		7,200	
(Set by Board Resolution TWC Section	49.060)						
Names:	Term of Office (Elected or Appointed) or Date Hired		ees of fice Paid	Rei	xpense mburse- nents	Title at Year End	
Board Members							
Tony Bonaventure	05/24 - 05/28	\$	2,873	\$	1,381	President	
Randy Pfeiffer	05/24 - 05/28		2,431		343	Vice President	
Jennifer White	05/22 - 05/26		2,873		1,824	Secretary	
Steven Dornak	06/22 - 05/26		3,315		1,288	Assistant Vice President	
Valerie Davis	05/22 - 05/26		3,094		1,252	Assistant Secretary	
Monica Luedecke	09/20 - 05/24		442		48	Former Director	
Consultants Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP General legal fees Bond counsel	10/13	\$	nounts Paid 111,999 886,298			Attorney	
District Data Services	09/22		24,996			Bookkeeper	
Assessments of the Southwest, Inc.	10/13		55,402			Tax Collector	
Waller County Appraisal District	Legislation		120,931			Property Valuation	

Harris County Appraisal District

Perdue Brandon Fielder Collins

Edminster Hinshaw Russ &

& Mott, LLP

Associates, Inc.

McGrath & Co., PLLC

R.W. Baird & Co., Inc.

Legislation

03/14

11/13

03/15

01/15

378

27,356

226,396

37,500

745,039

Property Valuation

Delinquent Tax

Attorney Engineer

Auditor

Financial Advisor

^{*} Fees of Office are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.