

OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED MAY 4, 2026

In the opinion of Bond Counsel (herein defined), under existing law, interest on the Bonds (i) is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes under section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and (ii) is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the alternative minimum tax on individuals. See "TAX MATTERS" herein, including information regarding potential alternative minimum tax consequences for corporations.

The Bonds have been designated as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for financial institutions. See "TAX MATTERS – Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations."

NEW ISSUE – Book Entry Only

S&P Global Ratings (BAM Insured)..... "AA"
Moody's Ratings (Underlying)..... "A3"
See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" and "RATING" herein.

SIENNA MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 4

(A political subdivision of the State of Texas, located within Fort Bend County, Texas)

\$3,820,000
Unlimited Tax Park Bonds
Series 2026

Dated: June 1, 2026

Due: September 1, as shown on the inside cover

Interest Accrues From: June 9, 2026

The \$3,820,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2026 (the "Bonds") are obligations of Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 (the "District") and are not obligations of the State of Texas; Fort Bend County, Texas; the City of Missouri City, Texas; or any entity other than the District.

The Bonds are dated June 1, 2026, and mature on September 1 in the years and in the principal amounts shown on the inside cover. Interest on the Bonds accrues from the initial date of delivery (on or about June 9, 2026) ("Date of Delivery"), at the rates set forth on the inside cover, and is payable September 1, 2026, and each March 1 and September 1 thereafter (the "Interest Payment Date") until the earlier of stated maturity or prior redemption. Principal of the Bonds is payable to the registered owners of the Bonds (the "Registered Owners") at BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas (the "Paying Agent/Registrar"), upon surrender of the Bonds for payment at the stated maturity or upon prior redemption. Unless otherwise agreed between the Paying Agent/Registrar and a Registered Owner, interest on the Bonds is dated as of the Interest Payment Date and payable to each Registered Owner, as shown on the records of the Paying Agent/Registrar on the close of business on the 15th day of the calendar month next preceding each Interest Payment Date. The Bonds will be issued only in fully registered form in the denomination of \$5,000 of principal amount, or any integral multiple thereof.

The Bonds, when issued, will constitute valid and binding obligations of the District, payable from the proceeds of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property within the District. See "THE BONDS – Source of Payment."

The Bonds will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York ("DTC"), which will act as securities depository for the Bonds. Beneficial owners of the Bonds will not receive physical certificates representing the Bonds, but will receive a credit balance on the books of the nominees of such beneficial owners. So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the Bonds, principal of and interest on the Bonds will be paid by the Paying Agent/Registrar directly to DTC, which will, in turn, remit such principal and interest to its participants for subsequent disbursement to the beneficial owners of the Bonds as discussed under "THE BONDS – Book-Entry-Only System."

See "MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS, AND CUSIPS" on the inside cover.

The scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due will be guaranteed under a municipal bond insurance policy to be issued concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds by BUILD AMERICA MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY ("BAM").



The Bonds constitute the second series of unlimited tax bonds issued by the District for the purpose of acquiring or constructing park and recreational facilities to serve the District (the "Park System"). Voters in the District have authorized a total of \$68,200,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Park System, and for the purpose of refunding such bonds. Additionally, voters in the District have authorized a total of \$265,300,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing a waterworks, wastewater, and storm drainage system to serve the District (the "Utility System"), and for the purpose of refunding such bonds, and \$166,300,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing a road system to serve the District (the "Road System"), and for the purpose of refunding such bonds. Following the issuance of the Bonds, \$52,495,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Park System, and for the purpose of refunding such bonds; \$214,895,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Utility System, and for the purpose of refunding such bonds; and \$118,285,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Road System, and for the purpose of refunding such bonds, will remain authorized and unissued.

THE BONDS ARE SUBJECT TO CERTAIN INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS AS DISCUSSED UNDER "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS."

The Bonds are offered subject to prior sale, when, as, and if issued by the District and accepted by the Initial Purchaser, subject to the approval of the Attorney General of Texas and Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Houston, Texas ("Bond Counsel"). Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the District by Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Houston, Texas ("Disclosure Counsel"). Delivery of the Bonds is expected on or about June 9, 2026.

MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS, AND CUSIPS

\$3,820,000 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2026

\$1,800,000 Serial Bonds

Maturity September 1	Principal Amount	Interest Rate	Initial Reoffering Yield (a)	CUSIP No. 82622L (b)	Maturity September 1	Principal Amount	Interest Rate	Initial Reoffering Yield (a)	CUSIP No. 82622L (b)
2027	\$90,000	3.000%	3.000%	JG5	2034 (c)	125,000	4.000%	3.350%	JP5
2028	95,000	3.000%	3.020%	JH3	****	****	****	****	****
2029	100,000	4.000%	2.900%	JJ9	2047 (c)	220,000	4.250%	4.400%	KC2
2030	105,000	4.000%	3.000%	JK6	2048 (c)	230,000	4.250%	4.450%	KD0
2031	110,000	4.000%	3.100%	JL4	2049 (c)	240,000	4.375%	4.500%	KE8
2032 (c)	115,000	4.000%	3.200%	JM2	2050 (c)	250,000	4.500%	4.520%	KF5
2033 (c)	120,000	4.000%	3.250%	JN0					

\$2,020,000 Term Bonds

\$265,000 Term Bonds Due September 1, 2036 (c)(d), Interest Rate: 4.000%, (Price: \$102.125) (a), CUSIP No. 82622L JR1(b)

\$290,000 Term Bonds Due September 1, 2038 (c)(d), Interest Rate: 4.000%, (Price: \$101.172) (a), CUSIP No. 82622L JT7(b)

\$320,000 Term Bonds Due September 1, 2040 (c)(d), Interest Rate: 4.000%, (Price: \$100.464) (a), CUSIP No. 82622L JV2(b)

\$350,000 Term Bonds Due September 1, 2042 (c)(d), Interest Rate: 4.000%, (Price: \$99.758) (a), CUSIP No. 82622L JX8 (b)

\$380,000 Term Bonds Due September 1, 2044 (c)(d), Interest Rate: 4.000%, (Price: \$98.973) (a), CUSIP No. 82622L JZ3 (b)

\$415,000 Term Bonds Due September 1, 2046 (c)(d), Interest Rate: 4.125%, (Price: \$97.645) (a), CUSIP No. 82622L KB4 (b)

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- (a) Information with respect to the initial reoffering yields of the Bonds is the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser (herein defined). Initial reoffering yields represent the initial offering price, which may be changed for subsequent purchasers. The initial yield indicated above represents the lower of the yields resulting when priced to maturity or to the first call date.
- (b) CUSIP numbers have been assigned to the Bonds by CUSIP Global Services, managed by FactSet Research Systems Inc. on behalf of the American Bankers Association and are included solely for the convenience of the owners of the Bonds.
- (c) The Bonds maturing on September 1, 2032, and thereafter shall be subject to redemption and payment at the option of the District, in whole, or from time to time in part, on September 1, 2031, or on any date thereafter, at the par value thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption.
- (d) Subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption by lot or other customary method of random selection on September 1 in each of the years and in the principal amounts set forth herein under "THE BONDS – Redemption of the Bonds – *Mandatory Redemption*."

USE OF INFORMATION IN OFFICIAL STATEMENT

No dealer, broker, salesman, or other person has been authorized to give any information, or to make any representations, other than those contained herein, and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the District or the Initial Purchaser.

All of the summaries of the statutes, resolutions, orders, contracts, audits, and engineering and other related reports set forth herein are made subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions and reference is made to such documents, copies of which are available from Bond Counsel upon payment of duplication costs, for further information.

The Financial Advisor has provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement. The Financial Advisor has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, its responsibility to the District and, as applicable, to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Financial Advisor does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

This Official Statement is not to be used in connection with an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy in any state in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

This Official Statement contains, in part, estimates, assumptions, and matters of opinion which are not intended as statements of fact, and no representation is made as to the correctness of such estimates, assumptions, or matters of opinion, or that they will be realized. Any information and expressions of opinion herein contained are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District or other matters described herein since the date hereof. However, the District has agreed to keep this Official Statement current by amendment or sticker to reflect material changes in the affairs of the District and, to the extent that information actually comes to its attention, other matters described in the Official Statement until delivery of the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser and thereafter only as specified in "OFFICIAL STATEMENT – Updating of Official Statement."

Build America Mutual Assurance Company ("BAM") makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds. In addition, BAM has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement or any information or disclosure contained herein, or omitted herefrom, other than with respect to the accuracy of the information regarding BAM, supplied by BAM and presented under "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" and "APPENDIX C."

References to web site addresses presented herein are for informational purposes only and may be in the form of a hyperlink solely for the reader's convenience. Unless specified otherwise, such web sites and the information or links contained therein are not incorporated into, and are not part of, this Official Statement for any purpose.

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SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS

Award of the Bonds

After requesting competitive bids for the Bonds, the District has accepted the bid resulting in the lowest net effective interest rate to the District, which was tendered by Raymond James & Associates, Inc (the "Initial Purchaser") to purchase the Bonds bearing the interest rates shown on the inside cover under "MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, INITIAL REOFFERING YIELDS, AND CUSIPS" at a price of 98.432287% of the par value thereof plus accrued interest to the Date of Delivery, which resulted in a net effective interest rate of 4.252230%, as calculated pursuant to Chapter 1204 of the Texas Government Code.

Prices and Marketability

The District has no control over the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds or over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked prices of the Bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked prices of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional municipal entities, as bonds of such entities are more generally bought, sold, or traded in the secondary market.

The delivery of the Bonds is conditioned upon the receipt by the District of a certificate executed and delivered by the Initial Purchaser on or before the Date of Delivery of the Bonds stating the prices at which a substantial amount of the Bonds of each maturity has been sold to the public. For this purpose, the term "public" shall not include any person who is a bond house, broker, dealer, or similar person or organization acting in the capacity of underwriter or wholesaler. Otherwise, the District has no understanding with the Initial Purchaser regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds. Information concerning reoffering yields or prices is the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser.

The prices and other terms with respect to the offering and sale of the Bonds may be changed from time to time by the Initial Purchaser after the Bonds are released for sale, and the Bonds may be offered and sold at prices other than the initial offering prices, including sales to dealers who MAY SELL THE BONDS INTO INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING OF THE BONDS, THE INITIAL PURCHASER MAY OVER-ALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS WHICH STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICES OF THE BONDS AT LEVELS ABOVE THOSE WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME.

Securities Laws

No registration statement relating to the Bonds has been filed with the SEC under the Securities Act of 1933 in reliance upon exemptions provided thereunder. The Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon various exemptions contained therein; nor have the Bonds been registered or qualified under the securities acts of any other jurisdictions. The District assumes no responsibility for registration or qualification of the Bonds under the securities laws of any jurisdiction in which the Bonds may be offered, sold, or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for registration or qualification for sale or other disposition of the Bonds should not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration or qualification provisions in such other jurisdiction.

Delivery of Official Statements

The District shall furnish to the Initial Purchaser (and to each participating underwriter of the Bonds, within the meaning of the Rule, designated by the Initial Purchaser), within seven (7) business days after the sale date, the aggregate number of Official Statements agreed upon between the District and the Initial Purchaser. The District also shall furnish to the Initial Purchaser a like number of any supplements or amendments approved and authorized for distribution by the District for dissemination to potential underwriters of the Bonds, as well as such additional copies of this Official Statement or any such supplements or amendments as the Initial Purchaser may reasonably request prior to the 90th day after the end of the underwriting period described in the Rule. The District shall pay the expense of preparing the number of copies of this Official Statement agreed upon between the District and the Initial Purchaser and an equal number of any supplements or amendments issued on or before the Date of Delivery, but the Initial Purchaser shall pay for all other copies of this Official Statement or any supplement or amendment thereto.

MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE

Bond Insurance Policy

Concurrently with the issuance of the Bonds, Build America Mutual Assurance Company (“BAM”) will issue a Municipal Bond Insurance Policy for the Bonds (the “Policy”). The Policy guarantees the scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due as set forth in the form of the Policy included as an appendix to this Official Statement.

The Policy is not covered by any insurance security or guaranty fund established under New York, California, Connecticut, or Florida insurance law.

Build America Mutual Assurance Company

BAM is a New York domiciled mutual insurance corporation and is licensed to conduct financial guaranty insurance business in all fifty states of the United States and the District of Columbia. BAM provides credit enhancement products to issuers in the U.S. public finance markets. BAM will only insure municipal

bonds, as defined in Section 6901 of the New York Insurance Law, which are most often issued by states, political subdivisions, integral parts of states or political subdivisions or entities otherwise eligible for the exclusion of income under section 115 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. No member of BAM is liable for the obligations of BAM.

The address of the principal executive offices of BAM is: 200 Liberty Street, 27th Floor, New York, New York 10281, its telephone number is: 212-235-2500, and its website is located at: <https://bambonds.com/>.

BAM is licensed and subject to regulation as a financial guaranty insurance corporation under the laws of the State of New York and in particular Articles 41 and 69 of the New York Insurance Law.

BAM’s financial strength is rated “AA/Stable” by S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor’s Financial Services, LLC (“S&P”). An explanation of the significance of the rating and current reports may be obtained from S&P at <https://www.spglobal.com/en/>. The rating of BAM should be evaluated independently. The rating reflects the S&P’s current assessment of the creditworthiness of BAM and its ability to pay claims on its policies of insurance. The above rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold the Bonds, and such rating is subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by S&P, including withdrawal initiated at the request of BAM in its sole discretion. Any downward revision or withdrawal of the above rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds. BAM only guarantees scheduled principal and scheduled interest payments payable by the issuer of the Bonds on the date(s) when such amounts were initially scheduled to become due and payable (subject to and in accordance with the terms of the Policy), and BAM does not guarantee the market price or liquidity of the Bonds, nor does it guarantee that the rating on the Bonds will not be revised or withdrawn.

Capitalization of BAM

BAM’s total admitted assets, total liabilities, and total capital and surplus, as of December 31, 2025 and as prepared in accordance with statutory accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the New York State Department of Financial Services were \$514.1 million, \$290 million, and \$224 million, respectively.

BAM is party to a first loss reinsurance treaty that provides first loss protection up to a maximum of 15% of the par amount outstanding for each policy issued by BAM, subject to certain limitations and restrictions.

BAM’s most recent Statutory Annual Statement, which has been filed with the New York State Insurance Department and posted on BAM’s website at <https://bambonds.com/>, is incorporated herein by reference and may be obtained, without charge, upon request to BAM at its address provided above (Attention: Finance Department). Future financial statements will similarly be made available when published.

BAM makes no representation regarding the Bonds or the advisability of investing in the Bonds. In addition, BAM has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement or any information or disclosure contained herein, or omitted herefrom, other than with respect to the accuracy of the information regarding BAM, supplied by BAM and presented under “MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE.”

Additional Information Available from BAM

Credit Insights Videos. For certain BAM-insured issues, BAM produces and posts a brief Credit Insights video that provides a discussion of the obligor and some of the key factors BAM’s analysts and credit committee considered when approving the credit for insurance. The Credit Insights videos are easily accessible on BAM’s website at <https://bambonds.com/insights/#video>. (The preceding website address is provided for convenience of reference only. Information available at such address is not incorporated herein by reference.)

Credit Profiles. Prior to the pricing of bonds that BAM has been selected to insure, BAM may prepare a pre- sale Credit Profile for those bonds. These pre-sale Credit Profiles provide information about the sector designation (e.g. general

obligation, sales tax); a preliminary summary of financial information and key ratios; and demographic and economic data relevant to the obligor, if available. Subsequent to closing, for any offering that includes bonds insured by BAM, any pre-sale Credit Profile will be updated and superseded by a final Credit Profile to include information about the gross par insured by CUSIP, maturity and coupon. BAM pre-sale and final Credit Profiles are easily accessible on BAM's website at <https://bambonds.com/credit-profiles/>. BAM will produce a Credit Profile for all bonds insured by BAM, whether or not a pre-sale Credit Profile has been prepared for such bonds. (The preceding website address is provided for convenience of reference only. Information available at such address is not incorporated herein by reference.)

Disclaimers. The Credit Profiles and the Credit Insights videos and the information contained therein are not recommendations to purchase, hold or sell securities or to make any investment decisions. Credit-related and other analyses and statements in the Credit Profiles and the Credit Insights videos are statements of opinion as of the date expressed, and BAM assumes no responsibility to update the content of such material. The Credit Profiles and Credit Insight videos are prepared by BAM; they have not been reviewed or approved by the issuer of or the underwriter for the Bonds, and the issuer and underwriter assume no responsibility for their content.

BAM receives compensation (an insurance premium) for the insurance that it is providing with respect to the Bonds. Neither BAM nor any affiliate of BAM has purchased, or committed to purchase, any of the Bonds, whether at the initial offering or otherwise.

RATINGS

The Bonds received an insured rating of "AA" from S&P solely in reliance upon the issuance of the Policy for the Bonds by BAM at the time of delivery of the Bonds. An explanation of the ratings of S&P may only be obtained from S&P. S&P is located at 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041, telephone number (212) 208-8000 and has engaged in providing ratings for corporate bonds since 1923 and municipal bonds since 1940. Long-term debt ratings assigned by S&P reflect its analysis of the overall level of credit risk involved in financings. At present, S&P assigns long-term debt ratings with symbols "AAA" (the highest rating) through "D" (the lowest rating). The ratings express only the view of S&P at the time the ratings are given. Furthermore, a security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by S&P, if in its judgment, circumstances so warrant.

Moody's Ratings ("Moody's") has assigned an underlying credit rating of "A3" to the Bonds. An explanation of the rating may be obtained from Moody's, 7 World Trade Center at 250 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10007. The rating expresses only the view of Moody's at the time the rating is given. Furthermore, a security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities. There is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by Moody's, if in their judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any such revisions or withdrawal of the rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds. The District will pay the underlying rating fees charged by Moody's.

The District is not aware of any rating assigned to the Bonds other than the ratings of S&P and Moody's.

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT SUMMARY

The following material is a summary of certain information contained herein and is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information and financial statements appearing elsewhere herein. The summary should not be detached and should be used in conjunction with the more complete information contained herein. A full review should be made of this entire Official Statement and of the documents summarized or discussed herein.

THE BONDS

- The IssuerSienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 (the “District”), a political subdivision of the State of Texas, is located in Fort Bend County, Texas (the “County”). See “THE DISTRICT.”
- The IssueThe \$3,820,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2026 (the “Bonds”) are dated June 1, 2026, and mature on September 1 in the years and in the principal amounts shown on the inside cover. Interest on the Bonds accrues from the initial date of delivery (on or about June 9, 2026) (“Date of Delivery”), at the rates set forth on the inside cover, and is payable September 1, 2026, and each March 1 and September 1 thereafter until the earlier of stated maturity or prior redemption. See “THE BONDS.”
- Redemption of the Bonds.....The Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2032, are subject to redemption, in whole or from time to time in part, at the option of the District on September 1, 2031, and on any date thereafter at a price of par plus accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date of redemption. See “THE BONDS – Redemption of the Bonds – *Optional Redemption.*”
- The Bonds mature serially on September 1, 2027, through September 1, 2034, both inclusive, and on September 1, 2047 through September 1, 2050, both inclusive. The Bonds maturing on September 1 in each of the years 2036, 2038, 2040, 2042, 2044, and 2046, are term bonds that are also subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption provisions set out under “THE BONDS – Redemption of the Bonds – *Mandatory Redemption.*”
- Source of Payment.....The Bonds are payable from the proceeds of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property within the District. The Bonds are obligations of the District and are not obligations of the State of Texas; the County; the City of Missouri City, Texas (the “City”); or any entity other than the District. See “THE BONDS – Source of Payment.”
- Payment RecordThe District has never defaulted on the timely payment of principal or interest on its bonded indebtedness.
- Book-Entry-Only System.....The Bonds will be initially registered and delivered only to Cede & Co., the nominee of The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”), pursuant to the Book-Entry-Only System discussed herein. Beneficial ownership of the Bonds may be acquired in principal denominations of \$5,000 or integral multiples thereof. No physical delivery of the Bonds will be made to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. Principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the office of the paying agent/registrars, initially BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas, to Cede & Co., which will make distribution of the amounts so paid to the participating members of DTC for subsequent payment to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. See “THE BONDS – Book-Entry-Only System.”
- Authority for Issuance.....The Bonds constitute the second series of unlimited tax bonds issued by the District for the purpose of acquiring or constructing park and recreational facilities to serve the District (the “Park System”). Voters in the District have authorized a total of \$68,200,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Park System, and for the purpose of refunding such bonds. Additionally, voters in the District have authorized a total of \$265,300,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing a waterworks, wastewater, and storm drainage system to serve the District (the “Utility System”), and for

the purpose of refunding such bonds, and \$166,300,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing a road system to serve the District (the "Road System"), and for the purpose of refunding such bonds. Following the issuance of the Bonds, \$52,495,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Park System, and for the purpose of refunding such bonds; \$214,895,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Utility System, and for the purpose of refunding such bonds; and \$118,285,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Road System, and for the purpose of refunding such bonds, will remain authorized and unissued.

The Bonds are issued pursuant to an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ"); a resolution of the Board of Directors of the District (the "Board") authorizing the issuance of the Bonds (the "Bond Resolution"); Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution; the general laws of Texas, including Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code; and an election held within the District on November 3, 2009. See "THE BONDS - Authority for Issuance" and "THE BONDS - Issuance of Additional Debt."

Use and Distribution of Bond Proceeds.....	Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds, along with other legally available funds, will be used to finance the projects and related costs shown under "THE BONDS - Use and Distribution of Bond Proceeds." Additionally, proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used to pay certain costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds. See "THE BONDS - Use and Distribution of Bond Proceeds."
Outstanding Bonds.....	The District has previously issued the: \$8,800,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2016; \$9,400,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2016A; \$10,135,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2017; \$8,530,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2018; \$7,500,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2019; \$14,570,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2020; \$3,190,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2021; \$3,860,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2021; \$1,355,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2022; \$17,920,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2022; \$3,825,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2023; \$6,055,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2023; \$11,885,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2024; \$3,280,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2025. At the Date of Delivery of the Bonds, \$96,415,000 principal amount of such previously issued debt will remain outstanding (the "Outstanding Bonds").
Municipal Bond Insurance.....	Build America Mutual Assurance Company ("BAM"). See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE."
Ratings	S&P Global Ratings (BAM Insured): "AA." Moody's Ratings (Underlying): "A3." See "RATING" above.
Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations.....	The Bonds have been designated as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for financial institutions. See "TAX MATTERS - Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations."
Bond Counsel	Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Houston, Texas.
Disclosure Counsel.....	Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Houston, Texas.
Financial Advisor	Cedar Creek Municipal Advisors, LLC, Houston, Texas.

Engineer LJA Engineering, Inc., Houston, Texas.

Paying Agent/Registrar BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas.

THE DISTRICT

Description.....The District was created by the TCEQ on September 26, 1996, and operates pursuant to the general laws of Texas pertaining to municipal utility districts, including particularly Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code; Article XVI, Section 59 and Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution; and Chapter 8320 of the Special District Local Laws Code. The District was originally named “Sienna Plantation Municipal Utility District No. 4” and was officially renamed “Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4” by order of the TCEQ, dated October 7, 2020. The District encompasses approximately 1,064 acres. The District is located in the southeast part of the County, approximately 24 miles southwest of the downtown of the City of Houston, Texas. The District is approximately four (4) miles south of the intersection of the Fort Bend Parkway Toll Road and Sienna Parkway; approximately 11 miles southeast of the intersection of Texas State Highway 6 and U.S. Highway 59; and approximately five (5) miles south of the intersection of Texas State Highway 6 and Sienna Parkway. The Brazos River and Flat Bank Creek diversion channel border the District on the west. The District is north of Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 6 (“SMUD6”) and south of Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 3 (“SMUD3”). The District is situated entirely within the boundaries of both Fort Bend Independent School District and SPLID (herein defined). The District also lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City.

The District, the Master District (herein defined), SMUD6, and Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 7 are collectively referred to herein as the “Participants,” and collectively comprise of the area referred to herein as the “Service Area,” which is part of Sienna (herein defined) and consists of approximately 3,424 acres. SPLID provides major outfall drainage and flood protection for the District. See “THE DISTRICT.”

Sienna In December 2013, the Developer (herein defined) purchased approximately 3,800 acres within the southern region of the approximately 10,230-acre master planned community known as “Sienna.” The Developer’s property (the “Toll Brothers Development”) encompasses the Service Area, which includes the District. An affiliate of JDC (herein defined) has been hired as fee developer for the Developer. Development and homebuilding are currently underway in the Toll Brothers Development.

In addition to the Toll Brothers Development, JDC, through several partnerships, has acquired and developed approximately 4,500 acres within the northern region of Sienna. This area includes three (3) internal municipal utility districts (previously four (4), before Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 2 was annexed and dissolved by the City) and a management district, as well as an approximate 214-acre rural estate subdivision known as The Woods at Sienna. See “SIENNA – Description of the Project.”

Development Agreement The Developer has entered into a Sienna Plantation Joint Development Agreement with the City, as amended by the Eighth Amendment (herein defined) (collectively, the “Development Agreement”), pursuant to which the City stipulates its regulatory authority over the development of the Service Area (which includes the District), establishes certain restrictions and commitments related to the development of the Service Area, sets forth a formula for determining the timing of annexation of land within the Service Area by the City, and identifies and establishes a master plan for the development of the Service Area. The development of all land within the Service Area is governed by the provisions of the Development Agreement. See “SIENNA – Development Agreement.”

Development Within the DistrictTo date, approximately 926.1 acres (2,199 lots) within the District have been developed as the single-family residential subdivision of Sienna, Sections 1-6, 6B, 7, 7B, 7C, 8, 9, 9B, 10-12, 13A, 13B, 14, 15A, 15B, 16, 17A, 17B&C, 18, 19, 20-26, 45A, and 45B. As of April 6, 2026, 2,199 homes were complete and occupied. In addition, approximately 63.0 acres have been developed as Ridge Point High School; approximately 16.0 acres have been developed as Sienna Lutheran Academy; approximately 2.0 acres have been developed as a CVS Pharmacy; and approximately 5.5 acres have been developed for commercial purposes (retail). The remaining land within the District includes approximately 24.5 undeveloped but developable acres (for commercial purposes) and approximately 26.9 undevelopable acres.

The DeveloperThe primary developer of land within the Service Area, which includes the District, is Toll-GTIS Property Owner, LLC (the "Developer"). Johnson SS Management LLC, an affiliate of Johnson Development Corporation ("JDC"), has been hired as fee developer for the Developer. No landowner is obligated to pay any principal or interest on the Bonds. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVELOPER."

Homebuilders Active Within the District.....Homebuilding within the District has been completed. Prices of new homes within the District range in price from approximately \$310,000 to over \$1,000,000, and in size from approximately 1,600 square feet to over 7,000 square feet.

Master District FacilitiesSienna Municipal Utility District No. 5 (the "Master District"), in its capacity as the provider of regional water, wastewater, drainage facilities (the "Master District System Facilities"); regional arterial, collector, and thoroughfare roads and improvements in aid thereof (the "Master District Road Facilities"); regional park and recreational facilities; and firefighting facilities necessary to serve the Service Area, which includes the District (collectively referred to herein as the "Master District Facilities"), will construct the Master District Facilities and provide services from those Master District Facilities. Each Participant, including the District, is obligated severally, but not jointly, to make contract payments to the Master District in an amount sufficient to pay its debt service requirements on contract revenue bonds issued by the Master District. At the Date of Delivery of the Bonds, the Master District will have \$100,710,000 principal amount of contract revenue bonds outstanding (exclusive of the anticipated bond issue). The Master District also contracts with Sienna Regional Municipal Utility District ("SRMUD") for water supply and wastewater treatment services. SRMUD has issued contract revenue bonds for a permanent wastewater treatment plant to serve land in the Service Area. The payments to SRMUD are part of the contract payments to the Master District. See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT."

Strategic Partnership AgreementThe District has entered into a strategic partnership agreement with the City, as amended (the "Agreement"). The Agreement provides, among other things, the terms under which the City can annex or dissolve the District. The City may annex the District but also may maintain the District for limited purposes. Once the District is dissolved, the Bonds and the Outstanding Bonds become obligations of the City. See "THE BONDS - Annexation by the City."

Flood Protection System and
Overlapping Districts and TaxesSienna Parks & Levee Improvement District of Fort Bend County, Texas ("SPLID"), is the levee improvement district created to provide the levee, detention ponds, external drainage channel, and various interior drainage channels necessary to serve Sienna. SPLID comprises approximately 9,832 acres, of which approximately 8,520 acres are within Sienna (including the Service Area, which includes the District). SPLID finances facilities to accomplish flood protection and accommodate stormwater drainage within SPLID. SPLID currently levies a tax on property located within its boundaries, which is in addition to the tax levied by the District. For the 2025 tax year, SPLID levied a total tax rate of \$0.4125 per \$100 of assessed

valuation. At the Date of Delivery of the Bonds, SPLID will have \$201,975,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds outstanding. See "TAX DATA - Estimated Overlapping Taxes," "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS - Factors Affecting Taxable Values and Tax Payments," and "THE FLOOD PROTECTION SYSTEM."

INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

THE DISTRICT'S TAX IS LEVIED ONLY ON THE PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN THE DISTRICT. THEREFORE, THE INVESTMENT SECURITY AND QUALITY OF THE BONDS IS DEPENDENT UPON THE SUCCESSFUL DEVELOPMENT OF PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN THE DISTRICT AND THE PAYMENT AND COLLECTION OF TAXES LEVIED THEREON.

THE BONDS ARE SUBJECT TO CERTAIN INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS. PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS SHOULD REVIEW THIS ENTIRE OFFICIAL STATEMENT BEFORE MAKING AN INVESTMENT DECISION, PARTICULARLY "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS."

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SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(UNAUDITED)

2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	\$ 1,204,272,067	(a)
(100% of the market valuation as of January 1, 2025)		
2026 Preliminary Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	\$ 1,231,877,762	(b)
(100% of the preliminary market valuation as of January 1, 2026)		
Direct Debt:		
The Outstanding Bonds (at the Date of Delivery of the Bonds)	\$ 96,415,000	
The Bonds.....	<u>\$ 3,820,000</u>	
Total	\$ 100,235,000	
Estimated Overlapping Debt.....	<u>\$ 141,241,109</u>	(c)
Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt.....	\$ 241,476,109	(c)
Direct Debt Ratios:		
As a Percentage of the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	8.32	%
As a Percentage of the 2026 Preliminary Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	8.26	%
Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt Ratios:		
As a Percentage of the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	20.05	%
As a Percentage of the 2026 Preliminary Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	19.90	%
Utility System Debt Service Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2026)	\$ 4,577,382	(d)
Road System Debt Service Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2026).....	\$ 3,569,404	(e)
Contract Tax Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2026).....	\$ 239	(f)
Utility System Capital Projects Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2026).....	\$ 266,389	
Road System Capital Projects Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2026).....	\$ 52,764	
Park System Capital Projects Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2026).....	\$ 484,407	(g)
General Operating Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2026).....	\$ 6,005,286	

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- (a) Represents the assessed valuation of all taxable property located within the District as of January 1, 2025, as provided by the Fort Bend Central Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District"). Such amount includes \$306,802 of assessed valuation assigned to properties that remain under review by the Fort Bend County Appraisal Review Board (the "Appraisal Review Board"). Such amount represents the estimated minimum amount of assessed valuation that will ultimately be approved by the Appraisal Review Board, upon which the District will levy its tax. See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."
- (b) Represents the preliminary determination of the taxable value in the District as of January 1, 2026, provided by the Fort Bend Central Appraisal District. This preliminary value is subject to protest by the owners of taxable property in the District. No taxes will be levied on this preliminary value. See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."
- (c) See "DISTRICT DEBT - Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt Statement."
- (d) Neither Texas law nor the Bond Resolution requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the Utility System Debt Service Fund (herein defined), which includes funds to pay debt service on bonds issued for the Park System (including the Bonds). Funds in the Utility System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on bonds issued for the Road System.
- (e) Neither Texas law nor the Bond Resolution requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the Road System Debt Service Fund (herein defined). Funds in the Road System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on bonds issued for the Utility System or the Park System, including the Bonds.
- (f) See "TAX DATA - Contract Tax."
- (g) The District intends to use \$466,057 of surplus funds in the Park System Capital Projects Fund for the projects funded with bonds proceeds. See "Use and Distribution of Bonds Proceeds."

SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(UNAUDITED)

2025 Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation:		
Debt Service.....		\$0.5775 (a)
Maintenance and Operations.....		\$0.0500
Contract.....		<u>\$0.3075</u> (b)
Total.....		\$0.9350
Requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds (2026-2050).....	\$	5,654,892 (c)
Combined Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds (2041).....	\$	7,215,348 (c)
Combined Debt Service Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation Required to Pay the Combined Average Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds (2026-2050) at 95% Collections:		
Based on the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	\$	0.50
Based on the 2026 Preliminary Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	\$	0.50
Combined Debt Service Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation Required to Pay the Combined Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds (2041) at 95% Collections:		
Based on the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	\$	0.64
Based on the 2026 Preliminary Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	\$	0.63
Single-Family Homes as of April 6, 2026.....		2,199

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- (a) The debt service tax rate is composed of a \$0.330 tax rate for payment of debt service on bonds issued for the Utility System (including the Park System) and a \$0.2475 tax rate for payment of debt service on bonds issued for the Road System. The District is authorized to levy separate taxes to pay debt service for bonds issued for the Utility System (and the Park System) and to pay debt service for bonds issued for the Road System; both such taxes are unlimited as to rate or amount. See "TAX DATA - Tax Rate Distribution."
 - (b) The contract tax rate is composed of payments to the Master District for the District's share of debt service for Master District bonds issued for Master District Facilities, including payments to SRMUD for bonds issued for the permanent wastewater treatment plant. See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT."
 - (c) See "DISTRICT DEBT - Debt Service Requirement Schedule."

SIENNA MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 4

(A political subdivision of the State of Texas, located within Fort Bend County, Texas)

**\$3,820,000
Unlimited Tax Park Bonds
Series 2026**

INTRODUCTION

This Official Statement of Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 (the "District") is provided to furnish information with respect to the issuance of the \$3,820,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2026 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are issued pursuant to an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ"); a resolution of the Board of Directors of the District (the "Board") authorizing the issuance of the Bonds (the "Bond Resolution"); Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution; the general laws of the State of Texas, including Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code; and an election held within the District on November 3, 2009.

There follows herein descriptions of the Bonds, the Developer (herein defined), the Bond Resolution, and certain information about the District and its finances. All descriptions of documents contained herein are only summaries and are qualified in their entirety by reference to each such document. Copies of such documents may be obtained from Bond Counsel (herein defined) at 3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600, Houston, Texas 77027, upon payment of the costs of duplication thereof. Certain capitalized terms used herein have the same meanings assigned to such terms in the Bond Resolution, except as otherwise indicated herein.

THE BONDS

General

The following is a description of some of the terms and conditions of the Bonds, which is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Bond Resolution adopted by the Board. A copy of the Bond Resolution may be obtained from the District upon written request made to Bond Counsel at 3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600, Houston, Texas 77027.

The Bonds are dated June 1, 2026, and mature on September 1 in the years and in the principal amounts shown on the inside cover. Interest on the Bonds accrues from the initial Date of Delivery (on or about June 9, 2026), at the rates set forth on the inside cover, and is payable September 1, 2026, and each March 1 and September 1 thereafter (the "Interest Payment Date") until the earlier of stated maturity or prior redemption. Principal of the Bonds is payable to the Registered Owners (herein defined) at the principal office of the Paying Agent/Registrar (herein defined) upon surrender of the Bonds for payment at the stated maturity or upon prior redemption. Unless otherwise agreed between the Paying Agent/Registrar and a Registered Owner, interest on the Bonds is dated as of the Interest Payment Date and payable to each Registered Owner, as shown on the records of the Paying Agent/Registrar on the close of business on the 15th day of the calendar month next preceding each Interest Payment Date (the "Record Date"). In the event of a non-payment of interest on a scheduled payment date, and for 30 days thereafter, a new record date for such interest payment (a "Special Record Date") will be established by the Paying Agent/Registrar, if and when funds for the payment of such interest have been received from the Master District. Notice of the Special Record Date and of the scheduled payment date of the past due interest ("Special Payment Date," which shall be 15 days after the Special Record Date) shall be sent at least five (5) business days prior to the Special Record Date by United States mail, first class, postage prepaid, to the address of each holder of a Bond appearing on the registration books of the Paying Agent/Registrar at the close of business on the last business day preceding the date of mailing of such notice. The Bonds will be issued only in fully registered form in the denomination of \$5,000 of principal amount, or any integral multiple thereof.

Paying Agent/Registrar

The initial paying agent/registrar for the Bonds is BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas (the "Paying Agent/Registrar"). The Bonds are being issued in fully registered form in integral multiples of \$5,000 of principal amount. Interest on the Bonds will be payable semiannually by the Paying Agent/Registrar by check mailed on each Interest Payment Date by the Paying Agent/Registrar to the Registered Owners at the last known address as it appears on the Registrar's books on the Record Date.

Book-Entry-Only System

This section describes how ownership of the Bonds is to be transferred and how principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds are to be paid to and credited by The Depository Trust Company, New York ("DTC"), while the Bonds are registered in its nominee name. The information in this section concerning DTC and the book-entry-only system (the "Book-Entry-Only System") has been provided by DTC for use in disclosure documents such as this Official Statement. The District and the Financial Advisor (herein defined) believe the source of such information to be reliable, but takes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof.

The District and the Financial Advisor cannot and do not give any assurance that: (1) DTC will distribute payments of debt service on the Bonds, or redemption or other notices, to Direct and Indirect Participants (herein defined), (2) Direct and Indirect Participants or others will distribute debt service payments paid to DTC or its nominee (as the registered owner of the Bonds), or redemption or other notices, to the Registered Owners, or that they will do so on a timely basis, or (3) DTC will serve and act in the manner discussed herein. The current rules applicable to DTC are on file with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), and the current procedures of DTC to be followed in dealing with Direct and Indirect Participants are on file with DTC.

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be required by an authorized representative of DTC. One (1) fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such issue, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants (the "Direct Participants") deposit with DTC.

DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly (the "Indirect Participants," and together with the Direct Participants, the "Direct and Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC rules applicable to its Direct and Indirect Participants are on file with the SEC. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The holder of ownership interest of each actual purchase of each Bond (the "Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to Issue as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, principal, and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon

DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Direct and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, Paying Agent/Registrar or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, principal, and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The District may decide to discontinue use of the Book-Entry-Only System transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in the section concerning DTC and the Book-Entry-Only System has been obtained from sources that the District believes to be reliable, but the District takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

Use of Certain Terms in Other Sections of this Official Statement

In reading this Official Statement it should be understood that while the Bonds are in the Book-Entry-Only form, references in other sections herein to Registered Owners should be read to include the person for which the Direct and Indirect Participant acquires an interest in the Bonds, but (i) all rights of ownership must be exercised through DTC and the Book-Entry-Only System, and (ii) except as described above, notices that are to be given to Registered Owners under the Bond Resolution will be given only to DTC.

Registration, Transfer, and Exchange

In the event the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued, the Bonds are transferable only on the bond register kept by the Paying Agent/Registrar upon surrender at the principal payment office of the Paying Agent/Registrar. A Bond may be assigned by the execution of an assignment form on the Bonds or by other instrument of transfer and assignment acceptable to the Paying Agent/Registrar. At any time after the Date of Delivery, any Bond may be transferred upon its presentation and surrender at the designated offices of the Paying Agent/Registrar, duly endorsed for transfer or accompanied by an assignment duly executed by the Registered Owner. The Bonds are exchangeable upon presentation at the designated offices of the Paying Agent/Registrar, for an equal principal amount of Bonds of the same maturity in authorized denominations. To the extent possible, new Bonds issued in exchange or transfer of Bonds will be delivered to the Registered Owner or assignee of the Registered Owner within not more than three (3) business days after the receipt by the Paying Agent/Registrar of the request in proper form to transfer or exchange the Bonds. New Bonds registered and delivered in an exchange or transfer shall be in the denomination of \$5,000 in principal amount for a Bond, or any integral multiple thereof for any one (1) maturity and shall bear interest at the same rate and be for a like aggregate principal or maturity amount as the Bond or Bonds surrendered for exchange or transfer. Neither the Paying Agent/Registrar nor the District is required to issue, transfer, or exchange any Bond during a period beginning at the opening of business on a Record Date and ending at the close of business on the next succeeding Interest Payment Date or to transfer or exchange any Bond selected for redemption, in whole or in part, beginning 15 calendar days prior to, and ending on the date of the mailing of notice of redemption, or where such redemption is scheduled to occur within 30 calendar days. No service charge will be made for any transfer or exchange, but the District or Paying Agent/Registrar may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or governmental charge payable in connection therewith.

Mutilated, Lost, Stolen, or Destroyed Bonds

In the event the Book-Entry-Only System should be discontinued, the District has agreed to replace mutilated, destroyed, lost, or stolen Bonds upon surrender of the mutilated Bonds, on receipt of satisfactory evidence of such destruction, loss, or theft, and receipt by the District and the Paying Agent/Registrar of security or indemnity to hold them harmless. Upon the issuance of a new bond the District may require payment of taxes, governmental charges and other expenses (including the fees and expenses of the Registrar), bond printing and legal fees in connection with any such replacement.

Redemption of the Bonds

Optional Redemption:

The Bonds maturing on September 1, 2032, and thereafter shall be subject to redemption and payment at the option of the District, in whole or from time to time in part, on September 1, 2031, or on any date thereafter, at the par value thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. Notice of the exercise of the reserved right of redemption will be given by the Paying Agent/Registrar at least 30 days prior to the redemption date by sending such notice by first class mail to the Registered Owner of each Bond to be redeemed in whole or in part at the address shown on the bond register. If less than

all of the Bonds are redeemed at any time, the maturities of the Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected by the District. If less than all of the Bonds of a certain maturity are to be redeemed, the particular Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed will be selected by the Paying Agent/Registrar prior to the redemption date by such random method as the Paying Agent/Registrar deems fair and appropriate in integral multiples of \$5,000 within any one (1) maturity. The Registered Owner of any Bond, all or a portion of which has been called for redemption, shall be required to present such Bond to the Paying Agent/Registrar for payment of the redemption price on the portion of the Bonds so called for redemption and issuance of a new Bond in the principal amount equal to the portion of such Bond not redeemed.

Mandatory Redemption:

The Bonds maturing on September 1 in each of the years 2036, 2038, 2040, 2042, 2044, and 2046, are term bonds (the "Term Bonds"), and shall be redeemed by lot or other customary method of random selection (or by DTC in accordance with its procedures while the Bonds are in book-entry-only form) prior to maturity, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption ("Mandatory Redemption Date"), and in the principal amount set forth in the following schedule:

\$265,000 Term Bonds Maturing on September 1, 2036

<u>Mandatory Redemption Date</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>
September 1, 2035	\$ 130,000
September 1, 2036 (Maturity)	\$ 135,000

\$290,000 Term Bonds Maturing on September 1, 2038

<u>Mandatory Redemption Date</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>
September 1, 2037	\$ 140,000
September 1, 2038 (Maturity)	\$ 150,000

\$320,000 Term Bonds Maturing on September 1, 2040

<u>Mandatory Redemption Date</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>
September 1, 2039	\$ 155,000
September 1, 2040 (Maturity)	\$ 165,000

\$350,000 Term Bonds Maturing on September 1, 2042

<u>Mandatory Redemption Date</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>
September 1, 2041	\$ 170,000
September 1, 2042 (Maturity)	\$ 180,000

\$380,000 Term Bonds Maturing on September 1, 2044

<u>Mandatory Redemption Date</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>
September 1, 2043	\$ 185,000
September 1, 2044 (Maturity)	\$ 195,000

\$415,000 Term Bonds Maturing on September 1, 2046

<u>Mandatory Redemption Date</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>
September 1, 2045	\$ 205,000
September 1, 2046 (Maturity)	\$ 210,000

The principal amount of the Term Bonds of a maturity required to be redeemed pursuant to the operation of the mandatory sinking fund redemption provisions shall be reduced, at the direction of the District, by the principal amount of any Term Bonds of such maturity which, at least thirty (30) days prior to a Mandatory Redemption Date, (1) shall have been acquired by the District at a price not exceeding the principal amount of such Term Bonds plus accrued interest to the date of purchase thereof, and delivered to the Paying Agent/Registrar for cancellation, (2) shall have been purchased and cancelled by the Paying Agent/Registrar at the request of the District with monies in the applicable debt service fund at a price not exceeding the principal amount of the Term Bonds plus accrued interest to the date of purchase thereof, or (3) shall have been redeemed pursuant to the optional redemption provisions and not theretofore credited against a mandatory sinking fund redemption requirements.

Successor Paying Agent/Registrar

Provision is made in the Bond Resolution for replacing the Paying Agent/Registrar. If the District replaces the Paying Agent/Registrar, such Paying Agent/Registrar shall, promptly upon the appointment of a successor, deliver the Paying Agent/Registrar's records to the successor Paying Agent/Registrar, and the successor Paying Agent/Registrar shall act in the same capacity as the previous Paying Agent/Registrar. Any successor Paying Agent/Registrar selected by the District

shall be a commercial bank; a trust company organized under the laws of Texas; or other entity duly qualified and legally authorized to serve and perform the duties of the Paying Agent/Registrar for the Bonds.

Authority for Issuance

The Bonds are issued pursuant to an order of the TCEQ; the Bond Resolution; Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution; the general laws of Texas, including Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code; and an election held within the District on November 3, 2009.

Before the Bonds are issued, the Attorney General of Texas must pass upon the legality of certain related matters. The Attorney General of Texas does not guarantee or pass upon the safety of the Bonds as an investment or upon the adequacy of the information contained herein.

Outstanding Bonds

The District has previously issued the: \$8,800,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2016; \$9,400,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2016A; \$10,135,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2017; \$8,530,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2018; \$7,500,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2019; \$14,570,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2020; \$3,190,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2021; \$3,860,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2021; \$1,355,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2022; \$17,920,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2022; \$3,825,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2023; \$6,055,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2023; \$11,885,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2024; \$3,280,000 Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2025. At the Date of Delivery of the Bonds, \$96,415,000 principal amount of such previously issued debt will remain outstanding (the "Outstanding Bonds").

Funds

The Bond Resolution confirms the District's debt service fund for payment of debt service on the Bonds and any other bonds issued by the District for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Park System (herein defined) and the Utility System (herein defined), or for the purpose of refunding such bonds (the "Utility System Debt Service Fund"). The Utility System Debt Service Fund, which constitutes a trust fund for the benefit of the owners of the bonds issued by the District for the Park System, including the Bonds, and the Utility System, and any additional bonds issued by the District for the Park System and the Utility System, is to be kept separate from all other funds of the District and is to be used only for payment of such bonds. Amounts on deposit in the Utility System Debt Service Fund may also be used for the following, to the extent applicable to the bonds issued by the District for the Park System, including the Bonds, and the Utility System, and any additional bonds issued by the District for the Park System and the Utility System: to pay the fees and expenses of the Paying Agent/Registrar, to defray the expenses of assessing and collecting taxes levied for payment of principal of and interest on bonds, and to pay any tax anticipation notes issued, together with interest thereon, as such tax anticipation notes become due.

The proceeds from all taxes levied and collected for payment of debt service on bonds issued by the District for the Road System, and any additional bonds issued by the District for the Road System will also be deposited into the Road System Debt Service Fund. Funds in the Road System Debt Service Fund are available only to pay debt service on the bonds issued by the District for the Road System, and any additional bonds issued by the District for the Road System and are not available to pay debt service on the bonds issued by the District for the Utility System or the Park System, including the Bonds, or any additional bonds issued by the District for the Utility System or the Park System.

Source of Payment

The Bonds are payable from the proceeds of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property within the District. In the Bond Resolution, the District covenants to levy a sufficient tax to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds, with full allowance being made for delinquencies, costs of collections, Paying Agent/Registrar fees and the Fort Bend Central Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District") fees. Tax proceeds, after deduction for collection costs, will be placed into the applicable debt service fund and used solely to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds, the Outstanding Bonds, and additional bonds payable from taxes which may be issued, and Paying Agent/Registrar fees.

The Bonds are obligations solely of the District and are not the obligations of the State of Texas; Fort Bend County, Texas (the "County"); the City of Missouri City, Texas (the "City"); or any entity other than the District.

Issuance of Additional Debt

The District may issue additional bonds necessary to provide improvements and facilities consistent with the purposes for which the District was created. The Bonds constitute the second series of unlimited tax bonds issued by the District for the purpose of acquiring or constructing park and recreational facilities to serve the District (the "Park System"). Voters in the

District have authorized a total of \$68,200,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Park System, and for the purpose of refunding such bonds. Additionally, voters in the District have authorized a total of \$265,300,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing a waterworks, wastewater, and storm drainage system to serve the District (the "Utility System"), and for the purpose of refunding such bonds, and \$166,300,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing a road system to serve the District (the "Road System"), and for the purpose of refunding such bonds. Following the issuance of the Bonds, \$52,495,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Park System, and for the purpose of refunding such bonds; \$214,895,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Utility System, and for the purpose of refunding such bonds; and \$118,285,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Road System, and for the purpose of refunding such bonds, will remain authorized and unissued. The Bond Resolution imposes no limitation on the amount of additional parity bonds which may be issued by the District (if authorized by the District's voters and, in the case of bonds issued by the District for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Park System, such as the Bonds, or the Utility System, approved by the TCEQ). The District's issuance of bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Road System is not subject to approval by the TCEQ.

For bonds issued to acquire or construct the Park System, the principal amount of such bonds sold by the District is limited to 1% of the District's taxable assessed valuation. However, if the District meets certain financial feasibility requirements under TCEQ rules, the outstanding principal amount of such bonds issued by the District may exceed an amount equal to 1% but not greater than 3% of the value of the taxable property in the District.

The District has reimbursed the Developer for the water, wastewater, storm drainage facilities, road, and park facilities to serve the District. See "DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT," "THE SYSTEM," and "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS - Future Debt."

No Arbitrage

The District will certify, on the Date of Delivery of the Bonds, that based upon all facts and estimates now known or reasonably expected to be in existence on the date the Bonds are delivered and paid for, the District reasonably expects that the proceeds of the Bonds will not be used in a manner that would cause the Bonds, or any portion of the Bonds, to be "arbitrage bonds" under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and the regulations prescribed thereunder. Furthermore, all officers, employees, and agents of the District have been authorized and directed to provide certifications of facts and estimates that are material to the reasonable expectations of the District as of the date the Bonds are delivered and paid for. In particular, all or any officers of the District are authorized to certify to the facts and circumstances and reasonable expectations of the District on the date the Bonds are delivered and paid for regarding the amount and use of the proceeds of the Bonds. Moreover, the District covenants that it shall make such use of the proceeds of the Bonds, regulate investment of proceeds of the Bonds and take such other and further actions and follow such procedures, including, without limitation, calculating the yield on the Bonds, as may be required so that the Bonds shall not become "arbitrage bonds" under the Code and the regulations prescribed from time to time thereunder.

Defeasance

The Bond Resolution provides that the District may discharge its obligations to the Registered Owners of any or all of the Bonds to pay principal, interest, and the redemption price thereon in any manner permitted by law. Under current Texas law, such discharge may be accomplished either (i) by depositing with the Comptroller of Public Accounts of Texas a sum of money equal to principal of, premium, if any, and all interest to accrue on the Bonds to maturity or redemption or (ii) by depositing with any place of payment (paying agent) of the Bonds or other obligations of the District payable from revenues or from ad valorem taxes or both, amounts sufficient to provide for the payment and/or redemption of the Bonds; provided that such deposits may be invested and reinvested only in (a) direct non-callable obligations of the United States, (b) non-callable obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the agency or instrumentality and that, on the date the governing body of the District adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, and (c) non-callable obligations of a state or an agency or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state that have been refunded and that, on the date the governing body of the District adopts or approves the proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than AAA or its equivalent, and which mature and/or bear interest payable at such times and in such amounts as will be sufficient to provide for the scheduled payment and/or redemption of the Bonds.

Upon such deposit as described above, such Bonds shall no longer be regarded as outstanding or unpaid. After firm banking and financial arrangements for the discharge and final payment or redemption of the Bonds have been made as described above, all rights of the District to initiate proceedings to call the Bonds for redemption or take any other action amending the terms of the Bonds are extinguished; provided, however, that the right to call the Bonds for redemption is not extinguished if the District: (i) in the proceedings providing for the firm banking and financial arrangements, expressly reserves the right to call the Bonds for redemption; (ii) gives notice of the reservation of that right to the owners of the

Bonds immediately following the making of the firm banking and financial arrangements; and (iii) directs that notice of the reservation be included in any redemption notices that it authorizes.

There is no assurance that the current law will not be changed in the future in a manner which would permit investments other than those described above to be made with amounts deposited to defease the Bonds.

Annexation by the City

Chapter 42, Texas Local Government Code, provides that, within the limits described therein, the unincorporated area contiguous to the corporate limits of any city comprises that city's extraterritorial jurisdiction. The size of extraterritorial jurisdiction depends in part on the city's population. For the City, the extraterritorial jurisdiction consists of all the contiguous unincorporated areas, not a part of any other city or any other city's extraterritorial jurisdiction and within two (2) miles of the corporate limits of the City. With certain exceptions, a city may annex territory only within the confines of its extraterritorial jurisdiction. When a city annexes additional territory, the city's extraterritorial jurisdiction expands in conformity with such annexation.

The District lies within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City. Generally, the District may be annexed by the City without the District's consent, and the City cannot annex territory within the District unless it annexes the entire District; however, the City may not annex the District unless (i) such annexation has been approved by a majority of those voting in an election held for that purpose within the area to be annexed, and (ii) if the registered voters in the area to be annexed do not own more than 50% of the land in the area, a petition has been signed by more than 50% of the landowners consenting to the annexation. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the described election and petition process does not apply during the term of a strategic partnership agreement under Section 43.0751, Texas Local Government Code between the City and the District specifying the procedures for full purpose annexation of all or a portion of the District.

The District and the City entered into a strategic partnership agreement, as amended (the "Agreement"). Pursuant to the Agreement, which sets forth the terms of full purpose annexation, the City will not annex the property in the District until (i) at least 95% of the developable acreage within the District has been developed with water, wastewater, and drainage facilities, and (ii) the Developer has been reimbursed to the maximum extent permitted by the rules of the TCEQ or the City assumes any obligation for such reimbursement. If the District is annexed, the City will assume the District's assets and obligations (including the Bonds) and dissolve the District within 90 days. No representation is made as to whether or not the City will annex the District at any time in the future. Moreover, no representation is made concerning the ability of the City to make debt service payments should annexation occur.

The Agreement allows for annexation for certain limited purposes, such as the provision of certain municipal services. If such limited purpose annexation were to occur, the District would continue to retain all of its rights, powers, and authority, except the City's right to provide certain services. See "DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT."

Consolidation

The District has the legal authority to consolidate with other districts and, in connection therewith, to provide for the consolidation of its assets (such as cash and the Utility System) and liabilities (such as the Bonds), with the assets and liabilities of districts with which it is consolidating. Although no consolidation is presently contemplated by the District, no representation is made concerning the likelihood of consolidation in the future.

Legal Investment and Eligibility to Secure Public Funds in Texas

The following is quoted from Section 49.186 of the Texas Water Code, and is applicable to the District:

(a) All bonds, notes, and other obligations issued by a district shall be legal and authorized investments for all banks, trust companies, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, insurance companies of all kinds and types, fiduciaries, and trustees, and for all interest and sinking funds and other public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic.

(b) A district's bonds, notes, and other obligations are eligible and lawful security for all deposits of public funds of the state, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the state, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts, and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies, and bodies politic, to the extent of the market value of the bonds, notes, and other obligations when accompanied by any un-matured interest coupons attached to them.

The Public Funds Collateral Act (Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code) also provides that bonds of the District (including the Bonds) are eligible as collateral for public funds.

No representation is made that the Bonds will be suitable for or acceptable to financial or public entities for investment or collateral purposes. No representation is made concerning other laws, rules, regulations, or investment criteria which apply to or which might be utilized by any of such persons or entities to limit the acceptability or suitability of the Bonds for any

of the foregoing purposes. Prospective purchasers are urged to carefully evaluate the investment quality of the Bonds as to the suitability or acceptability of the Bonds for investment or collateral purposes.

Registered Owners' Remedies

Pursuant to Texas law, the Bond Resolution provides that, in the event the District defaults in the payment of principal of or interest on any of the Bonds when due, fails to make payments required by the Bond Resolution into the applicable debt service fund, or defaults in the observance or performance of any of the other covenants, conditions, or obligations set forth in the Bond Resolution, any Registered Owner shall be entitled to seek a writ of mandamus from a court of competent jurisdiction compelling and requiring the District to make such payments or to observe and perform such covenants, obligations, or conditions. Such right is in addition to other rights the Registered Owners may be provided by the laws of Texas.

In the event of default in the payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds, the Registered Owners may seek a writ of mandamus requiring the District to levy adequate taxes to make such payments. Except for the remedy of mandamus, the Bond Resolution does not specifically provide for remedies to a Registered Owner in the event of a District default, nor does it provide for the appointment of a trustee to protect and enforce the interests of the Registered Owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. Although the Registered Owners could obtain a judgment against the District, such a judgment could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the Registered Owners cannot themselves foreclose on the property of the District or sell property within the District in order to pay principal of or interest on the Bonds. The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners may be further limited by laws and principles relating to sovereign immunity, bankruptcy, reorganization, or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions such as the District. For example, a Chapter 9 bankruptcy proceeding by the District could delay or eliminate payment of principal or interest to the Registered Owners.

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Use and Distribution of Bond Proceeds

Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used to finance the improvements and related costs shown below. Additionally, proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used to pay certain other costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds, as shown below.

Non-construction costs are based upon either contract amounts or various cost estimates by the Engineer and the Financial Advisor. The actual amounts to be reimbursed by the District and the non-construction costs will be finalized after the sale of the Bonds and completion of agreed-upon procedures by the Auditor (herein defined).

<u>CONSTRUCTION COSTS</u>	<u>Total Costs</u>
A. Developer Contribution Items	
Total Developer Contribution Items	None
 B. District Items	
1. Plaza Point Park	\$ 948,276
2. Mill Crossing Park	404,143
3. Delta Point Park	1,600,930
4. Sienna Community Park Playground Facilities	370,000
5. Contingencies	130,000
6. Architectural Fees (Items 1-3)	<u>\$ 443,002</u>
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COSTS	\$ 3,896,351
Less: Use of Surplus Funds	<u>\$ (466,057)</u>
TOTAL NET CONSTRUCTION COSTS	\$ 3,430,294
 <u>NON-CONSTRUCTION COSTS</u>	
A. Legal Fees	\$ 110,500
B. Fiscal Agent Fees	76,400
C. Bond Discount	59,886
D. TCEQ Bond Issuance Fee	9,550
E. Bond Issuance Expenses	49,999
F. Bond Application Costs	63,037
G. Attorney General Fee (0.10%)	3,820
H. Contingency (a)	<u>16,513</u>
TOTAL NON-CONSTRUCTION COSTS	<u>389,706</u>
TOTAL BOND ISSUE REQUIREMENT	\$ 3,820,000

(a) Contingency represents the difference between the estimated and actual amount of bond discount.

In the instance that approved estimated amounts exceed actual costs, the difference comprises a surplus which may be expended for uses approved by the TCEQ. The Engineer has advised the District that proceeds of the sale of the Bonds should be sufficient to pay the costs of the above-described facilities. However, the District cannot and does not guarantee the sufficiency of such funds for such purposes.

THE DISTRICT

Authority

The District is a municipal utility district created by an order of the TCEQ dated September 26, 1996. The creation of the District was confirmed at an election held within the District on November 3, 2009. The rights, powers, privileges, authority, and functions of the District are established by the general laws of Texas pertaining to municipal utility districts, including particularly Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code; Article XVI, Section 59 and Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution; and Chapter 8320 of the Special District Local Laws Code. The District is subject to the continuing supervision of the TCEQ.

The District is empowered, among other things, to purchase, construct, operate, and maintain all works, improvements, facilities, and plants necessary for the supply of water; the collection, transportation, and treatment of wastewater; and the control and diversion of stormwater.

The District is also is authorized to finance road improvements and construct, develop, and maintain park and recreational facilities. In addition, the District, after complying with certain requirements set forth in the Texas Water Code, is authorized to establish, operate, and maintain a fire department, independently or with one (1) or more other conservation and reclamation districts, and provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District. The District presently receives fire protection services pursuant to a contract with the City, for which the District pays a monthly fee per house. See "THE UTILITY SYSTEM", "THE ROAD SYSTEM", and "THE PARK SYSTEM."

Description

The District encompasses approximately 1,064 acres. The District is located in the southeast part of the County, approximately 24 miles southwest of the downtown of the City of Houston, Texas ("Houston"). The District is approximately four (4) miles south of the intersection of the Fort Bend Parkway Toll Road and Sienna Parkway; approximately 11 miles southeast of the intersection of Texas State Highway 6 and U.S. Highway 59; and approximately five (5) miles south of the intersection of Texas State Highway 6 and Sienna Parkway. The Brazos River and Flat Bank Creek diversion channel border the District on the west. The District is north of Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 6 ("SMUD6") and south of Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 3 ("SMUD3"). The District is situated entirely within the boundaries of both Fort Bend Independent School District and SPLID (herein defined). The District also lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City. See "THE BONDS – Annexation by the City."

The District was originally named "Sienna Plantation Municipal Utility District No. 4" and was officially renamed "Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4" by order of the TCEQ, dated October 7, 2020.

The District, the Master District (herein defined), SMUD6, and Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 7 ("SMUD7") are collectively referred to herein as the "Participants," and collectively comprise of the area referred to herein as the "Service Area," which is part of Sienna (herein defined) and consists of approximately 3,424 acres. SPLID provides major outfall drainage and flood protection for the District. See "THE FLOOD PROTECTION SYSTEM."

Management of the District

The District is governed by the Board, consisting of five (5) directors, who have control over and management supervision of all affairs of the District. All of the directors own land within in the District. The directors serve four (4)-year staggered terms. Elections are held in even numbered years in May. The current members and officers of the Board are listed below:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Term Expires May</u>
Jose "Tony" Munoz	President	2028
Maris Reynolds	Vice President	2028
Tuan Nguyen	Assistant Vice President	2030
Michael Baquiran	Secretary	2030
Bryan Ives	Assistant Secretary	2028

Investment Policy

The District has adopted an Investment Policy (the "Policy") as required by the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code (the "Act"). The District's goal is to preserve principal and maintain liquidity in a diversified portfolio while securing a competitive yield on its portfolio. Funds of the District are to be invested only in accordance with the Policy. The Policy states that the funds of the District may be invested in obligations of the U.S. or its agencies or instrumentalities, in certificates of deposits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and secured by collateral authorized by the Act, and in TexPool and Texas CLASS, which are public funds investment pools rated in the highest rating category by a nationally recognized rating service. The District does not currently own, nor does it anticipate, the inclusion of long term securities or derivative products in the portfolio.

Consultants

Although the District does not have a general manager or any other full-time employees, it has contracted for utility system operating, bookkeeping, tax assessing and collecting, auditing, engineering, financial advisory, and legal services as follows:

Tax Assessor/Collector

The District's Tax Assessor/Collector is Ms. Esther Flores of Tax Tech, Inc., Stafford, Texas (the "Tax Assessor/Collector"). The Tax Assessor/Collector applies the District's tax levy to tax rolls prepared by the Appraisal District and bills and collects such levy.

Bookkeeper

The District's bookkeeper is Municipal Accounts & Consulting, L.P., Houston, Texas.

Utility System Operator

The District's operator is Si Environmental, LLC, Rosenberg, Texas.

Auditor

As required by the Texas Water Code, the District retains an independent auditor to audit the District's financial statements annually, which are filed with the TCEQ. The District's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2025, were audited by McGrath & Co., PLLC, Houston, Texas (the "Auditor"), and are attached hereto as "APPENDIX B."

Engineer

The consulting engineer for the District in connection with the design and construction of the water, wastewater, and storm drainage facilities and road facilities is LJA Engineering, Inc., Houston, Texas (the "Engineer"). The Engineer has also been employed by the Developer in connection with certain planning activities and the design of certain streets and related improvements within the District.

Bond & General Counsel

The District has engaged Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Houston, Texas, as bond counsel ("Bond Counsel") in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The fees to be paid Bond Counsel in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are contingent upon the issuance and delivery of the Bonds. Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Houston, Texas, also serves as general counsel to the District on matters other than the issuance of bonds.

Disclosure Counsel

Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, Houston, Texas, has been designated as disclosure counsel ("Disclosure Counsel"). The fees of Disclosure Counsel in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

Financial Advisor

Cedar Creek Municipal Advisors, LLC, Houston, Texas, is employed as financial advisor (the "Financial Advisor") to the District in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The Financial Advisor's fee for services rendered with respect to the sale of the Bonds is contingent upon the issuance and delivery of the Bonds. The Financial Advisor is not obligated to undertake and has not undertaken to make, an independent verification or to assume responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or fairness of the information herein.

DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT

To date, approximately 926.1 acres (2,199 lots) within the District have been developed as the single-family residential subdivision of Sienna, Sections 1-6, 6B, 7, 7B, 7C, 8, 9, 9B, 10-12, 13A, 13B, 14, 15A, 15B, 16, 17A, 17B&C, 18, 19, 20-26, 45A, and 45B. As of April 6, 2026, 2,199 homes were completed and occupied. In addition, approximately 63.0 acres have been developed as Ridge Point High School; approximately 16.0 acres have been developed as Sienna Lutheran Academy; approximately 2.0 acres have been developed as a CVS Pharmacy; and approximately 5.5 acres have been developed for commercial purposes (retail). The remaining land within the District includes approximately 24.5 undeveloped but developable acres (for commercial purposes) and approximately 26.9 undevelopable acres.

HOMEBUILDERS ACTIVE WITHIN THE DISTRICT

Homebuilding within the District has been completed. Prices of new homes within the District range in price from approximately \$310,000 to over \$1,000,000, and in size from approximately 1,600 square feet to over 7,000 square feet.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVELOPER

Role of a Developer

In general, the activities of a developer in a municipal utility district such as the District include purchasing the land within the District, designing the subdivisions, designing the utilities and streets to be constructed in the subdivisions, designing any community facilities to be built, defining a marketing program and building schedule, securing necessary governmental approvals and permits for development, arranging for the construction of roads and the installation of utilities (including, in some cases, water, wastewater, and drainage facilities pursuant to the rules of the TCEQ, as well as gas, telephone, and electric service) and selling improved lots and commercial reserves to builders, developers, or other third parties. In some instances, the developer will be required to pay up to 30% of the cost of constructing certain of the water, wastewater, and drainage facilities in a utility district pursuant to the rules of the TCEQ. The relative success or failure of a developer to perform such activities in development of property within a utility district may have a profound effect on the security of the unlimited tax bonds issued by such district. A developer is generally under no obligation to a district to develop the property which it owns. Furthermore, there is no restriction on a developer's right to sell any or all of the land which it owns within a district. In addition, a developer is usually the major taxpayer within a municipal utility district during the initial development phase of the property.

At this time, the Developer has been fully reimbursed for the water, wastewater, storm drainage and park and road facilities to serve the District.

Description of the Developer

The developer of land within the District is Toll-GTIS Property Owner, LLC (the "Developer"), which is a joint venture between Toll Brothers, Inc. ("Toll Brothers") and GTIS Partners ("GTIS"). Johnson SS Management LLC, an affiliate of Johnson Development Corp. ("JDC"), has been hired as fee developer for the Developer. The Developer purchased the land in the Service Area, which includes the District, in December of 2013. Toll Brothers is a publicly traded corporation whose stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange as "TOL." Audited financial statements for Toll Brothers can be found online at www.tollbrothers.com/investor_relations. Toll Brothers is subject to the information requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and in accordance therewith files reports and other information with SEC. Reports, proxy statements and other information filed by Toll Brothers can be inspected at the office of the SEC at Judiciary Plaza, Room 1024, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. Copies of such material can be obtained from the Public Reference Section of the SEC at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549, at prescribed rates. Copies of the above reports, proxy statements and other information may also be inspected at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10005. The SEC maintains a website at <http://www.sec.gov> that contains reports, proxy information statements and other information regarding registrants that file electronically with the SEC. GTIS is a real estate private equity firm located in New York, NY. GTIS was founded in 2005 and has approximately \$3.2 billion in assets under management. GTIS has invested in residential, retail, industrial, office, hotel, and mixed-use projects in the United States and Brazil.

Neither Toll Brothers nor GTIS is legally obligated to provide funds for the development of the District, to provide funds to pay taxes on property in the District owned by the Developer, or to pay any other obligations of the Developer. Further, neither the Developer, Toll Brothers nor GTIS is responsible for, is liable for or has made any commitment for payment of the Bonds or other obligations of the District, and the inclusion of such financial statements and description of financial arrangements herein should not be construed as an implication to that effect. Neither the Developer, Toll Brothers nor GTIS has any legal commitment to the District or owners of the Bonds to continue development of the land within the District and the Developer may sell or otherwise dispose of its property within the District, or any other assets, at any time. Further, the financial condition of the Developer, Toll Brothers, and GTIS is subject to change at any time.

SIENNA

Description of Project

In December 2013, the Developer purchased approximately 3,800 acres within the southern region of the approximately 10,230-acre master planned community known as "Sienna." The Developer's property (the "Toll Brothers Development") encompasses the Service Area, which includes the District. An affiliate of JDC has been hired as fee developer for the Developer. Development and homebuilding are currently underway in the Toll Brothers Development.

In addition to the Toll Brothers Development, JDC, through several partnerships, has acquired and developed approximately 4,500 acres within the northern region of Sienna (the "JDC Development"). This area includes three (3) internal municipal utility districts (previously four (4), before Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 2 ("SMUD2") was annexed and dissolved by the City) and a management district, as well as an approximate 214-acre rural estate subdivision known as "The Woods at Sienna."

Sienna Regional Municipal Utility District (the "SRMUD") is the municipal utility district providing the water supply and wastewater treatment facilities, as well as the regional water distribution, regional wastewater treatment plant, regional wastewater collection trunk lines, and regional stormwater collection trunk lines necessary to serve Sienna.

SPLID encompasses approximately 9,832 acres, approximately 8,520 of which are within Sienna (including the Service Area, which includes the District).

According to JDC, which has developed the JDC Development and manages the development of the Toll Brothers Development on behalf of the Developer, the ultimate land use within Sienna is currently projected to consist of: approximately 15,725 single-family residential lots; approximately 2,720 multi-family units; approximately 1,150 retirement residential units; approximately 300 rural estate residential units; and approximately 1,105 acres used for the development of commercial mixed-use projects. The remaining ultimate land use within Sienna is currently projected to consist of: multiple primary and secondary schools; multiple churches; an information center; an 18-hole golf course; a clubhouse; multiple water theme parks; swimming and tennis facilities; an amphitheater; drainage, levee, and utility easements; street rights-of-way; and multiple open spaces, lakes, parks, recreational facilities, and greenbelts.

To date, development within Sienna has occurred primarily within SMUD2 (which was annexed by the City effective August 21, 2023, and was dissolved by the City effective December 19, 2023); Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 3 ("SMUD3"); SMUD6; SMUD7; Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 10 ("SMUD10"); Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 12 ("SMUD12"); Sienna Management District ("SMD"); The Woods at Sienna; and the District. As of April 6, 2026, single-family residential development within Sienna was comprised of approximately 12,408 completed homes; approximately 143 homes under construction; approximately 599 vacant and developed lots; approximately 146 lots under development; and 104 rural estate lots (containing completed homes) in The Woods at Sienna.

The District's tax is levied only on the property located within the District. Therefore, the investment security and quality of the Bonds is dependent upon the successful development of property located within the District, and the payment and collection of taxes levied thereon. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of any of the internal districts comprising Sienna, other than the District, is pledged to the payment of any obligation of the District, including the Bonds. Development within the District is discussed under "DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT." See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS" and "SIENNA – Development Agreement."

Development Agreement

A prior owner of land within the District entered into the Eighth Amendment to the Sienna Plantation Joint Development Agreement with the City on July 15, 2013 (the "Eighth Amendment"). The Eighth Amendment modifies the terms of the original Sienna Plantation Joint Development Agreement (entered into in February 19, 1996) as it pertains to the land now owned by the Developer (referred to in the Eighth Amendment as "Tract B" but referred to herein as the Service Area, which includes the District); and clarifies that unless expressly set forth in the Eighth Amendment, none of the terms of the preceding seven (7) amendments are applicable to the development of the Service Area. Thus, the original Sienna Plantation Joint Development Agreement, as amended by the Eighth Amendment (collectively referred to herein as the "Development Agreement"), are the only terms that remain in full force and effect as to the Developer's development of land in the Service Area.

The Development Agreement was assigned to the Developer on December 10, 2013, and the Developer is developing the Service Area pursuant to the terms of the Development Agreement. The Development Agreement stipulates the City's regulatory authority over the development of the Service Area, establishes certain restrictions and commitments related to the development of the Service Area, sets forth detailed design and construction standards, stipulates a formula for determining the timing of annexations of land within the Service Area by the City, sets forth utility development standards, and identifies and establishes a master plan for the development of the Service Area. The Development Agreement limits the number of residential units within the Service Area to 10,000, with no more than 220 acres of commercial development. Any material deviation from the terms of the Development Agreement by the Developer may be considered a breach of the Development Agreement by the Developer and may adversely affect development of the Service Area.

In the Development Agreement, the City agrees not to annex the property in a Participant, including the District, before such time as (i) at least 95% of the developable acreage within the Participant has been developed with water, wastewater treatment, and drainage facilities; and (ii) the Developer has been reimbursed to the maximum extent permitted by the rules of the TCEQ, or the City assumes any obligation for such reimbursement. In addition, the Development Agreement permits, upon the City's sole discretion, for the existence of limited districts after annexation for the limited purposes of, among other things, making payments for the debt service requirements of the Master District, or maintaining any facilities not accepted by the City.

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PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN WITHIN THE DISTRICT
(April 2026)



PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN WITHIN THE DISTRICT
(April 2026)



DISTRICT DEBT

Debt Service Requirement Schedule

The following schedule sets forth the current total debt service requirements of the District, plus the principal and interest on the Bonds. Totals may not sum due to rounding.

Year	Outstanding Debt Service	The Bonds		Total Debt Service	Total Debt Service
		Principal	Interest		
2026	\$ 4,953,534	\$ -	\$ 35,247	\$ 35,247	\$ 4,988,781
2027	6,640,258	90,000	154,744	244,744	6,885,001
2028	6,666,893	95,000	152,044	247,044	6,913,936
2029	6,672,723	100,000	149,194	249,194	6,921,916
2030	6,683,210	105,000	145,194	250,194	6,933,404
2031	6,700,624	110,000	140,994	250,994	6,951,618
2032	6,725,585	115,000	136,594	251,594	6,977,179
2033	6,745,003	120,000	131,994	251,994	6,996,996
2034	6,771,126	125,000	127,194	252,194	7,023,320
2035	6,795,570	130,000	122,194	252,194	7,047,764
2036	6,828,298	135,000	116,994	251,994	7,080,291
2037	6,853,853	140,000	111,594	251,594	7,105,446
2038	6,886,428	150,000	105,994	255,994	7,142,421
2039	6,911,009	155,000	99,994	254,994	7,166,003
2040	6,930,074	165,000	93,794	258,794	7,188,868
2041	6,958,154	170,000	87,194	257,194	7,215,348
2042	5,796,975	180,000	80,394	260,394	6,057,369
2043	5,175,056	185,000	73,194	258,194	5,433,250
2044	4,148,063	195,000	65,794	260,794	4,408,856
2045	4,165,144	205,000	57,994	262,994	4,428,138
2046	3,346,675	210,000	49,538	259,538	3,606,213
2047	2,951,150	220,000	40,875	260,875	3,212,025
2048	1,674,313	230,000	31,525	261,525	1,935,838
2049	1,000,238	240,000	21,750	261,750	1,261,988
2050	229,075	250,000	11,250	261,250	490,325
Total	\$135,209,025	\$3,820,000	\$ 2,343,266	\$ 6,163,266	\$141,372,291

Combined Average Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds (2026–2050).....	\$ 5,654,892
Combined Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds (2041)	\$ 7,215,348

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Selected Financial Information

2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation..... (100% of the market valuation as of January 1, 2025)	\$ 1,204,272,067	(a)
2026 Preliminary Taxable Assessed Valuation..... (100% of the preliminary market valuation as of January 1, 2026)	\$ 1,231,877,762	(b)
Direct Debt:		
The Outstanding Bonds (at the Date of Delivery of the Bonds)	\$ 96,415,000	
The Bonds.....	<u>\$ 3,820,000</u>	
Total	\$ 100,235,000	
Estimated Overlapping Debt.....	<u>\$ 141,241,109</u>	(c)
Total Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt.....	\$ 241,476,109	(c)
Direct Debt Ratios:		
As a Percentage of the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	8.32	%
As a Percentage of the 2026 Preliminary Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	8.26	%
Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt Ratios:		
As a Percentage of the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	20.05	%
As a Percentage of the 2026 Preliminary Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	19.90	%
Utility System Debt Service Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2026)	\$ 4,577,382	(d)
Road System Debt Service Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2026).....	\$ 3,569,404	(e)
Contract Tax Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2026).....	\$ 239	(f)
Utility System Capital Projects Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2026).....	\$ 266,389	
Road System Capital Projects Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2026).....	\$ 52,764	
Park System Capital Projects Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2026).....	\$ 484,407	(g)
General Operating Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2026).....	\$ 6,005,286	

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- (a) Represents the assessed valuation of all taxable property located within the District as of January 1, 2025, as provided by the Appraisal District. Such amount includes \$306,802 of assessed valuation assigned to properties that remain under review by the Appraisal Review Board (herein defined). Such amount represents the estimated minimum amount of assessed valuation that will ultimately be approved by the Appraisal Review Board, upon which the District will levy its tax. See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."
 - (b) Represents the preliminary determination of the taxable value in the District as of January 1, 2026, provided by the Fort Bend Central Appraisal District. This preliminary value is subject to protest by the owners of taxable property in the District. No taxes will be levied on this preliminary value. See "TAX DATA" and "TAXING PROCEDURES."
 - (c) See "DISTRICT DEBT – Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt Statement."
 - (d) Neither Texas law nor the Bond Resolution requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the Utility System Debt Service Fund, which includes funds to pay debt service on bonds issued for the Park System (including the Bonds). Funds in the Utility System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on bonds issued for the Road System.
 - (e) Neither Texas law nor the Bond Resolution requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the Road System Debt Service Fund. Funds in the Road System Debt Service Fund are not available to pay debt service on bonds issued for the Utility System or the Park System, including the Bonds.
 - (f) See "TAX DATA – Contract Tax."
 - (g) The District intends to use \$466,057 of surplus funds in the Park System Capital Projects Fund for the projects funded with bonds proceeds. See "Use and Distribution of Bonds Proceeds."

2025 Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation:		
Debt Service.....		\$0.5775 (a)
Maintenance and Operations.....		\$0.0500
Contract.....		<u>\$0.3075</u> (b)
Total.....		\$0.9350
Combined Average Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds (2026–2050).....	\$	5,654,892 (c)
Combined Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds (2041).....	\$	7,215,348 (c)
Combined Debt Service Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation Required to Pay the Combined Average Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds (2026–2050) at 95% Collections:		
Based on the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$	0.50
Based on the 2026 Preliminary Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$	0.50
Combined Debt Service Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation Required to Pay the Combined Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds (2041) at 95% Collections:		
Based on the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$	0.64
Based on the 2026 Preliminary Taxable Assessed Valuation	\$	0.63
Single-Family Homes as of April 6, 2026		2,199

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- (a) The debt service tax rate is composed of a \$0.330 tax rate for payment of debt service on bonds issued for the Utility System (including the Park System) and a \$0.2475 tax rate for payment of debt service on bonds issued for the Road System. The District is authorized to levy separate taxes to pay debt service for bonds issued for the Utility System (and the Park System) and to pay debt service for bonds issued for the Road System; both such taxes are unlimited as to rate or amount. See "TAX DATA – Tax Rate Distribution."
- (b) The contract tax rate is composed of payments to the Master District for the District's share of debt service for Master District bonds issued for Master District Facilities, including payments to SRMUD for bonds issued for the permanent wastewater treatment plant. See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT."
- (c) See "DISTRICT DEBT –Debt Service Requirement Schedule."

Unlimited Tax Bonds Authorized but Unissued

<u>Date of Authorization</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount Authorized</u>	<u>Amount Issued to Date</u>	<u>Remaining Unissued</u>
11/03/2009	Utility System and Refunding	\$ 265,300,000	\$ 50,405,000	\$ 214,895,000
11/03/2009	Road System and Refunding	166,300,000	48,015,000	118,285,000
11/03/2009	Park/Recreation and Refunding	68,200,000	15,705,000 (a)	52,495,000

(a) Includes the Bonds.

Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt Statement

Other governmental entities whose boundaries overlap the District have outstanding bonds payable from ad valorem taxes. The following statement of direct and estimated overlapping ad valorem tax debt was developed from information contained in "Texas Municipal Reports," published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas, or other available information. Except for the amount relating to the District, the District has not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of such information, and no person is entitled to rely upon such information as being accurate or complete. Furthermore, certain of the entities listed below may have issued additional bonds since the dates stated in this table, and such entities may have programs requiring the issuance of substantial amounts of additional bonds, the amount of which cannot be presently be determined. Political subdivisions overlapping the District are authorized by Texas law to levy and collect ad valorem taxes for operation, maintenance, and/or general revenue purposes in addition to taxes for payment of their debt, and some are presently levying and collecting such taxes.

<u>Taxing Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Outstanding Debt 02/28/2026</u>	<u>Overlapping</u>	
		<u>Percent</u>	<u>Amount</u>
The County	\$ 1,235,264,389	0.93%	\$ 11,488,002
Fort Bend County Drainage District	21,645,000	0.94%	202,706
Fort Bend Independent School District	1,816,645,000	2.30%	41,826,173
SPLID	201,975,000	15.87%	32,058,427
The Master District	112,615,000	49.43%	<u>55,665,801</u>
Total Estimated Overlapping Debt.....			\$ 141,241,109
The District (a).....			<u>\$ 100,235,000</u>
Total Direct & Estimated Overlapping Debt (a).....			\$ 241,476,109

(a) Includes the Bonds.

Debt Ratios

Direct Debt Ratios (a):	
As a Percentage of the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	8.32 %
As a Percentage of the 2026 Preliminary Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	8.26 %
Direct and Estimated Overlapping Debt Ratios (a)(b):	
As a Percentage of the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	20.05 %
As a Percentage of the 2026 Preliminary Taxable Assessed Valuation.....	19.90 %

(a) Includes the Bonds.

(b) See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT" and "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT WITH SRMUD."

TAXING PROCEDURES

Authority to Levy Taxes

The Board is authorized to levy a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property within the District in sufficient amount to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds and any additional bonds payable from taxes which the District may hereafter issue, and to pay the expenses of assessing and collecting such taxes. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Future Debt." The District agrees in the Bond Resolution to levy such a tax from year to year as discussed under "THE BONDS – Source of Payment." Under Texas law, the Board may also levy and collect annual ad valorem taxes for the operation and maintenance of the District and the Utility System, and for the payment of certain contractual obligations. See "TAX DATA – Maintenance Tax," "TAX DATA – Contract Tax," and "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT."

Property Tax Code and County-Wide Appraisal District

Title I of the Texas Tax Code (the "Property Tax Code") specifies the taxing procedures of all political subdivisions of Texas. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized herein. The Property Tax Code requires, among other matters, county-wide appraisal and equalization of taxable property values and establishes in each county of Texas an appraisal district with the responsibility for recording and appraising property for all taxing units within a county and an appraisal review board with responsibility for reviewing and equalizing the values established by the appraisal district. The Appraisal District has the responsibility of appraising property for all taxing units within the County. Such appraisal values will be subject to review and change by the Fort Bend County Appraisal Review Board (the "Appraisal Review Board"). The appraisal roll, as approved by the Appraisal Review Board, will be used by the District in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate. See "TAXING PROCEDURES – Valuation of Property for Taxation."

Property Subject to Taxation by the District

Except for certain exemptions provided by Texas law, all real property, tangible personal property held or used for the production of income, mobile homes and certain categories of intangible personal property with a tax situs in the District are subject to taxation by the District. Principal categories of exempt property include, but are not limited to: property owned by Texas or its political subdivisions, if the property is used for public purposes; property exempt from ad valorem taxation by federal law; certain household goods, family supplies and personal effects; certain goods, wares, and merchandise in transit; certain farm products owned by the producer; certain property of charitable organizations, youth development associations, religious organizations, and qualified schools; designated historical sites; and most individually-owned automobiles. In addition, the District may by its own action exempt residential homesteads of persons 65 years or older and certain disabled persons, to the extent deemed advisable by the Board. The District may be required to offer such exemptions if a majority of voters approve same at an election. The District would be required to call an election upon petition by 20% of the number of qualified voters who voted in the preceding election. The District is authorized by statute to disregard exemptions for the disabled and elderly if granting the exemption would impair the District's obligation to pay tax supported debt incurred prior to adoption of the exemption by the District. Furthermore, the District must grant exemptions to disabled veterans or the surviving spouse or children of a deceased veteran who died while on active duty in the armed forces, if requested, but only to the maximum extent of between \$5,000 and \$12,000 depending upon the disability rating of the veteran claiming the exemption. A veteran who receives a disability rating of 100% is entitled to an exemption for the full value of the veteran's residence homestead. Furthermore, qualifying surviving spouses of persons 65 years of age and older are entitled to receive a resident homestead exemption equal to the exemption received by the deceased spouse. Additionally, subject to certain conditions, the surviving spouse of a disabled veteran who is entitled to an exemption for the full value of the veteran's residence homestead is also entitled to an exemption from taxation of the appraised value of the same property to which the disabled veteran's exemption applied. A partially disabled veteran or certain surviving spouses of partially disabled veterans are entitled to an exemption from taxation of a percentage of the appraised value of their residence homestead in an amount equal to the partially disabled veteran's disability rating if the residence homestead was donated by a charitable organization. This exemption will also apply to a residence homestead that was donated by a charitable organization at some cost to such veterans. Also, the surviving spouse of a member of the armed forces who was killed in action is entitled to an exemption of the appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead if the surviving spouse has not remarried since the service member's death and said property was the service member's residence homestead at the time of death. Such exemption may be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse, if the surviving spouse has not remarried, in an amount equal to the exemption received on the prior residence in the last year in which such exemption was received.

The surviving spouse of a first responder who is killed or fatally injured in the line of duty is entitled to an exemption of the appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead if the surviving spouse has not remarried since the first responder's death, and said property was the first responder's residence homestead at the time of death. Such exemption would be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse, if the surviving spouse has not remarried, in an amount equal to the exemption received on the prior residence in the last year in which such exemption was received. For the 2026 tax year, the District granted a \$20,000 exemption for persons over 65 years of age and for disabled persons.

Residential Homestead Exemptions: The Property Tax Code authorizes the governing body of each political subdivision in Texas to exempt up to 20% of the appraised market value of residential homesteads from ad valorem taxation. Where ad valorem taxes have previously been pledged for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect taxes against the exempt value of the homesteads until the debt is discharged, if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligations of the contract by which the debt was created. The adoption of a homestead exemption may be considered each year, but must be adopted by July 1. The District has never adopted a homestead exemption. See "TAX DATA – Exemptions."

Freeport Goods and Goods-in-Transit Exemption: A "Freeport Exemption" applies to goods, wares, ores, and merchandise other than oil, gas, and petroleum products (defined as liquid and gaseous materials immediately derived from refining petroleum or natural gas), and to aircraft or repair parts used by a certified air carrier acquired in or imported into Texas which are destined to be forwarded outside of Texas and which are detained in Texas for assembling, storing,

manufacturing, processing, or fabricating for less than 175 days. Although certain taxing units may take official action to tax such property in transit and negate such exemption, the District does not have such an option. A "Goods-in-Transit" Exemption is applicable to the same categories of tangible personal property which are covered by the Freeport Exemption, if, for tax year 2013 and prior applicable years, such property is acquired in or imported into Texas for assembling, storing, manufacturing, processing, or fabricating purposes and is subsequently forwarded to another location inside or outside of Texas not later than 175 days after acquisition or importation, and the location where said property is detained during that period is not directly or indirectly owned or under the control of the property owner. For tax year 2012 and subsequent years, such Goods-in-Transit Exemption includes tangible personal property acquired in or imported into Texas for storage purposes only if such property is stored under a contract of bailment by a public warehouse operator at one (1) or more public warehouse facilities in Texas that are not in any way owned or controlled by the owner of such property for the account of the person who acquired or imported such property. A property owner who receives the Goods-in-Transit Exemption is not eligible to receive the Freeport Exemption for the same property. Local taxing units such as the District may, by official action and after public hearing, tax goods-in-transit property. A taxing unit must exercise its option to tax goods-in-transit property before January 1 of the first tax year in which it proposes to tax the property at the time and in the manner prescribed by applicable law. The District has taken official action to allow taxation of all such goods-in-transit personal property for all prior and subsequent years.

Tax Abatement

The County may designate all or part of the area within the District as a reinvestment zone. Thereafter, the County and the District, at the option and discretion of each entity, may enter into tax abatement agreements with owners of property within the zone. Prior to entering into a tax abatement agreement, each entity must adopt guidelines and criteria for establishing tax abatement which each entity will follow in granting tax abatement to owners of property. The tax abatement agreements may exempt from ad valorem taxation by each of the applicable taxing jurisdictions, including the District, for a period of up to 10 years, all or any part of any increase in the assessed valuation of property covered by the agreement over its assessed valuation in the year in which the agreement is executed on the condition that the property owner make specified improvements or repairs to the property in conformity with the terms of the tax abatement. As of September 1, 1999, each taxing jurisdiction has discretion to determine terms for its tax abatement agreements without regard to the terms approved by the other taxing jurisdictions. To date, the County has not designated any part of the area within the District as a reinvestment zone.

Valuation of Property for Taxation

Generally, property in the District must be appraised by the Appraisal District at market value as of January 1 of each year. Once an appraisal roll is prepared and finally approved by the Appraisal Review Board, it is used by the District in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate. Assessments under the Property Tax Code are to be based on 100% of market value, as such is defined in the Property Tax Code. Nevertheless, certain land may be appraised at less than market value, as such is defined in the Property Tax Code. The Texas Constitution limits increases in the appraised value of residence homesteads to 10% annually regardless of the market value of the property.

The Property Tax Code permits land designated for agricultural use, open space or timberland to be appraised at its value based on the land's capacity to produce agricultural or timber products rather than at its fair market value. The Property Tax Code permits under certain circumstances that residential real property inventory held by a person in the trade or business be valued at the price all of such property would bring if sold as a unit to a purchaser who would continue the business. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized here. Landowners wishing to avail themselves of the agricultural use, open space or timberland designation or residential real property inventory designation must apply for the designation and the appraiser is required by the Property Tax Code to act on each claimant's right to the designation individually. A claimant may waive the special valuation as to taxation by one (1) political subdivision while claiming it for another. If a claimant receives the agricultural use designation and later loses it by changing the use of the property or selling it to an unqualified owner, the District can collect taxes based on the new use, including taxes for the previous three (3) years, for open space land and timberland.

The Property Tax Code requires the Appraisal District to implement a plan for periodic reappraisal of property to update appraisal values. The plan must provide for appraisal of all property in the Appraisal District at least once every three (3) years. It is not known what frequency of reappraisals will be utilized by the Appraisal District or whether reappraisals will be conducted on a zone or county wide basis. The District, however, at its expense, has the right to obtain from the Appraisal District a current estimate of appraised values within the District or an estimate of any new property or improvements within the District. While such current estimate of appraised values may serve to indicate the rate and extent of growth of taxable values within the District, it cannot be used for establishing a tax rate within the District until such time as the Appraisal District chooses to formally include such values on its appraisal roll.

The Property Tax Code provides for a temporary exemption from ad valorem taxation of a portion of the appraised value of certain property that is at least 15% physically damaged by a disaster and located within an area declared to be a disaster area by the Governor of Texas (the "Governor"). This temporary exemption is automatic if the disaster is declared prior to a taxing unit, such as the District, adopting its tax rate for the tax year. A taxing unit, such as the District, may authorize the

exemption at its discretion if the disaster is declared after the taxing unit has adopted its tax rate for the tax year. The amount of the exemption is based on the percentage of damage and is prorated based on the date of the disaster. Upon receipt of an application submitted within the eligible timeframe by a person who qualifies for a temporary exemption under the Property Tax Code, the Appraisal District is required to complete a damage assessment and assign a damage assessment rating to determine the amount of the exemption. The temporary exemption amounts established in the Property Tax Code range from 15% for property less than 30% damaged to 100% for property that is a total loss. Any such temporary exemption granted for disaster-damaged property expires on January 1 of the first year in which the property is reappraised.

During the 2nd Special Session, convened on June 27, 2023, the Texas Legislature passed Senate Bill 2 (“SB 2”), which, among other things, included provisions that prohibit an appraisal district from increasing the appraised value of real property during the 2024 tax year on non-homestead properties (the “Subjected Property”) whose appraised values are not more than \$5,000,000 (the “Maximum Property Value”) to an amount not to exceed the lesser of: (1) the market value of the Subjected Property for the most recent tax year that the market value was determined by the appraisal office or (2) the sum of: (a) 20 percent of the appraised value of the Subjected Property for the preceding tax year; (b) the appraised value of the Subjected Property for the preceding tax year; and (c) the market value of all new improvements to the Subjected Property. After the 2024 tax year, through December 31, 2026, the Appraisal Cap may be increased or decreased by the product of the preceding state fiscal year’s increase or decrease in consumer price index, as applicable, to the Maximum Property Value. SB 2 was signed into law by the Governor on July 22, 2023. The provisions described hereinabove took effect January 1, 2024, after the constitutional amendment proposed by H.J.R. 2, 88th Legislature, 2nd Called Session, 2023, was approved by voters at an election held on November 7, 2023.

District and Taxpayer Remedies

Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units, including the District, may appeal orders of the Appraisal Review Board by filing a timely petition for review in district court. In such event, the property value in question may be determined by the court, or by a jury, if requested by any party. Additionally, taxing units may bring suit against the Appraisal District to compel compliance with the Property Tax Code.

The Property Tax Code sets forth notice and hearing procedures for certain tax rate increases by the District and provides for taxpayer referenda which could result in the repeal of certain tax increases. The Property Tax Code also establishes a procedure for notice to property owners of reappraisals reflecting increased property values, appraisals that are higher than renditions and appraisals of property not previously on an appraisal roll.

Levy and Collection of Taxes

The District is responsible for the levy and collection of its taxes unless it elects to transfer such functions to another governmental entity. The rate of taxation is set by the Board, after the legally required notice has been given to owners of property within the District, based upon: a) the valuation of property within the District as of the preceding January 1, and b) the amount required to be raised for debt service, maintenance purposes, and authorized contractual obligations. Taxes are due October 1, or when billed, whichever comes later, and become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. A delinquent tax incurs a penalty of 6% of the amount of the tax for the first calendar month it is delinquent, plus 1% for each additional month or portion of a month the tax remains unpaid prior to July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent. If the tax is not paid by July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent, the tax incurs a total penalty of 12% regardless of the number of months the tax has been delinquent and incurs an additional penalty for collection costs of an amount established by the District and a delinquent tax attorney. A delinquent tax on personal property incurs an additional penalty, in an amount established by the District and a delinquent tax attorney, 60 days after the date the taxes become delinquent. The delinquent tax accrues interest at a rate of 1% for each month or portion of a month it remains unpaid. The Property Tax Code makes provisions for the split payment of taxes, discounts for early payment and the postponement of the delinquency date of taxes under certain circumstances which, at the option of the District, may be rejected by taxing units. The District’s tax collector is required to enter into an installment payment agreement with any person who is delinquent on the payment of tax on a residence homestead for payment of taxes, penalties, and interest, if the person requests an installment agreement and has not entered into an installment agreement with the collector in the preceding 24 months. The installment agreement must provide for payments to be made in monthly installments and must extend for a period of at least 12 months and no more than 36 months. Additionally, the owner of a residential homestead property who is (i) 65 years of age or older, (ii) disabled, or (iii) a disabled veteran, is entitled by law to pay current taxes on a residential homestead in installments without penalty or to defer the payment of taxes during the time of ownership. In the instance of tax deferral, a tax lien remains on the property and interest continue to accrue during the period of deferral.

Tax Payment Installments After Disaster

Certain qualified taxpayers, including owners of residential homesteads, located within a designated disaster area or emergency area and whose property has been damaged as a direct result of the disaster or emergency, are entitled to enter into a tax payment installment agreement with a taxing jurisdiction, such as the District, if the taxpayer pays at least 1/4th

of the tax bill imposed on the property by the delinquency date. The remaining taxes may be paid without penalty or interest in three (3) equal installments within six (6) months of the delinquency date.

Additionally, the Property Tax Code authorizes a taxing jurisdiction, such as the District, solely at the jurisdiction's discretion to adopt a similar installment payment option for taxes imposed on property that is located within a designated disaster area or emergency area and is owned or leased by certain qualified business entities, regardless of whether the property has been damaged as a direct result of the disaster or emergency.

Rollback of Operation and Maintenance Tax Rate

Chapter 49 of the Texas Water Code classifies districts differently based on the current maintenance and operations tax rate or on the percentage of build-out that the District has completed. Districts that have adopted a maintenance and operations tax rate for the current year that is 2.5 cents or less per \$100 of taxable value are classified as "Special Taxing Units." Districts that have financed, completed, and issued bonds to pay for all improvements and facilities necessary to serve at least 95% of the projected build-out of the district are classified as "Developed Districts." Districts that do not meet either of the classifications previously discussed can be classified herein as "Developing Districts." The impact each classification has on the ability of a district to increase its maintenance and operations tax rate is described for each classification below. Debt service and contract tax rates cannot be reduced by a rollback election held within any of the districts described below.

Special Taxing Units

Special Taxing Units that adopt a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of the total tax imposed by such district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions, may be required to hold an election within the district to determine whether to approve the adopted total tax rate. If the adopted total tax rate is not approved at the election, the total tax rate for a Special Taxing Unit is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.08 times the previous year's maintenance and operations tax rate.

Developed Districts

Developed Districts that adopt a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.035 times the amount of the total tax imposed by the district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions for the preceding tax year, plus any unused increment rates, as calculated and described in Section 26.013 of the Property Tax Code, may be required to hold an election within the district to determine whether to approve the adopted total tax rate. If the adopted total tax rate is not approved at the election, the total tax rate for a Developed District is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.035 times the previous year's maintenance and operations tax rate plus any unused increment rates. In addition, if any part of a Developed District lies within an area declared for disaster by the Governor or the President of the United States, alternative procedures and rate limitations may apply for a temporary period. If a district qualifies as both a Special Taxing Unit and a Developed District, the district will be subject to the maintenance and operations tax threshold applicable to Special Taxing Units.

Developing Districts

Districts that do not meet the classification of a Special Taxing Unit or a Developed District can be classified as Developing Districts. The qualified voters of these districts, upon the Developing District's adoption of a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of the total tax rate imposed by such district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions, are authorized to petition for an election to reduce the maintenance and operations tax rate. If an election is called and passes, the total tax rate for Developing Districts is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus 1.08 times the previous year's maintenance and operations tax rate.

The District

For the 2026 tax year, the District has designated itself as a Developed District. For future years, a determination as to a district's status as a Special Taxing Unit, Developed District or Developing District will be made by the Board on an annual basis. The District cannot give any assurances as to what its classification will be at any point in time or whether the District's future tax rates will result in a total tax rate that will reclassify the District into a new classification and new election calculation.

District's Rights in the Event of Tax Delinquencies

Taxes levied by the District are a personal obligation of the owner of the property as of January 1 of the year in which the tax is imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. The lien exists in favor of Texas and each taxing unit, including the District, having the power to tax the property. The District's tax lien is on a parity with the tax liens of other such taxing units. A tax lien on real property takes priority over the claims of most creditors and other holders of liens on the property encumbered by the tax lien, whether or not the debt or lien existed before the attachment of the tax lien; however, whether

a lien of the United States is on a parity with or takes priority over a tax lien of the District is determined by federal law. Personal property, under certain circumstances, is subject to seizure and sale for the payment of delinquent taxes, penalty, and interest.

At any time after taxes on property become delinquent, the District may file suit to foreclose the lien securing payment of the tax, to enforce personal liability for the tax, or both. In filing a suit to foreclose a tax lien on real property, the District must join other taxing units that have claims for delinquent taxes against all or part of the same property. Collection of delinquent taxes may be adversely affected by the amount of taxes owed to other taxing units, by the effects of market conditions on the foreclosure sale price, by taxpayer redemption rights or by bankruptcy proceedings which restrict the collection of taxpayer debts. A taxpayer may redeem property within six (6) months for commercial property and two (2) years for residential and other types of property after the purchaser's deed at the foreclosure sale is filed in the county records.

TAX DATA

General

All taxable property within the District is subject to the assessment, levy, and collection by the District of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, sufficient to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds. See "TAXING PROCEDURES." The Board has in its Bond Resolution covenanted to assess and levy for each year that all or any part of the Bonds remain outstanding and unpaid a tax ample and sufficient to produce funds to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds. See "THE BONDS" and " INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS." For the 2025 tax year, the District levied a total tax rate of \$0.935 per \$100 of assessed valuation made up of the following: a tax rate of \$0.330 per \$100 of assessed valuation for payment of debt service on bonds issued for the Utility System; a tax rate of \$0.2475 per \$100 of assessed valuation for payment of debt service on bonds issued for the Road System; a tax rate of \$0.050 per \$100 of assessed valuation for maintenance and operation purposes; and a tax rate of \$0.3075 per \$100 of assessed valuation for payment of the District's contractual obligation to pay costs of the Master District Facilities.

Tax Rate Limitation

Utility System Debt Service: Unlimited (no legal limit as to rate or amount).
Road System Debt Service: Unlimited (no legal limit as to rate or amount).
Maintenance and Operations: \$1.50 per \$100 assessed valuation.
Maintenance and Operations (Road): \$0.25 per \$100 assessed valuation.
Contract: Unlimited (no legal limit as to rate or amount).

Debt Service Tax

The Board covenants in the Bond Resolution to levy and assess, for each year that all of or any part of the Bonds remain outstanding and unpaid, taxes adequate to provide funds to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds.

In the Bond Resolution, the Board also covenants to deposit into the Utility System Debt Service Fund the proceeds from all taxes levied, appraised, and collected for payment of the Bonds authorized by the Bond Resolution. Proceeds of the Bonds will be deposited into the capital projects fund for the bonds issued for the Park System (the "Park System Capital Projects Fund") upon closing of the Bonds to be used for the purpose of paying project costs and for paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds. Any monies remaining in the Park System Capital Projects Fund after completion of construction of the Park System will be used as permitted by the Bond Resolution or ultimately transferred to the Utility System Debt Service Fund.

For the 2025 tax year, the District levied a tax rate of \$0.3300 per \$100 of assessed valuation for payment of debt service on bonds issued for the Utility System (including the Park System) and a tax rate of \$0.2475 per \$100 of assessed valuation for payment of debt service on bonds issued for the Road System.

Maintenance Tax

The Board has the statutory authority to levy and collect an annual ad valorem tax for maintenance of the District's improvements if such maintenance and operations tax is authorized by vote of the District's electors. On May 12, 2007, the Board was authorized by a vote of the District's electors to levy such maintenance and operations tax in an amount not to exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation. Such tax, when levied, is in addition to taxes which the District is authorized to levy for paying principal of and interest on the Bonds and any parity bonds which may be issued in the future.

For the 2025 tax year, the District levied a tax rate of \$0.050 per \$100 of assessed valuation for maintenance and operation purposes.

Contract Tax

The District’s obligation to pay its share of the costs of constructing and operating the Master District Facilities is secured by the unlimited taxing power of the District. See “MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT.”

For the 2025 tax year, the District levied a tax rate of \$0.3075 per \$100 of assessed valuation for payment of the District’s contractual obligation to pay costs of the Master District Facilities.

Exemptions

For the 2026 tax year, the District granted a \$20,000 exemption from ad valorem taxation of residence homestead of individuals who are over 65 years of age or disabled. To date, the District has not adopted a general residential homestead exemption. See “TAXING PROCEDURES.”

Additional Penalties

The District has contracted with a delinquent tax attorney to collect certain delinquent taxes. In connection with that contract, the District established an additional penalty of 20% of the tax to defray the costs of collection. This 20% penalty applies to taxes that either: (1) become delinquent on or after February 1 of a year, but not later than May 1 of that year, and that remain delinquent on April 1 (for personal property) and July 1 (for real property) of the year in which they become delinquent or (2) become delinquent on or after June 1, pursuant to the Property Tax Code.

Tax Rate Calculations

The tax rate calculations set forth below are presented to indicate the combined debt service tax rates per \$100 of assessed valuation which would be required to meet certain debt service requirements on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds if no growth in the District’s tax base occurs beyond the assessed valuation as of January 1, 2025 (\$1,204,272,067), or the 2026 Preliminary Taxable Assessed Valuation (\$1,231,877,762). The calculations assume collection of 95% of taxes levied and the sale of no additional bonds by the District.

Combined Average Annual Debt Service Requirement (2026–2050)	\$ 5,654,892
Tax Rate of \$0.50 on the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation Produces	\$ 5,720,292
Tax Rate of \$0.50 on the 2026 Preliminary Taxable Assessed Valuation, Produces	\$ 5,762,676
Combined Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement (2041).....	\$ 7,215,348
Tax Rate of \$0.64 on the 2025 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation Produces	\$ 7,321,974
Tax Rate of \$0.63 on the 2026 Preliminary Taxable Assessed Valuation, Produces	\$ 7,260,972

Estimated Overlapping Taxes

Property within the District is subject to taxation by several taxing authorities in addition to the District. Under Texas law, if ad valorem taxes levied by a taxing authority become delinquent, a lien is created upon the property which has been taxed. A tax lien on property in favor of the District is on a parity with tax liens of other taxing jurisdictions. In addition to ad valorem taxes required to make debt service payments on bonded debt of the District and of such other jurisdictions, certain taxing jurisdictions are authorized by Texas law to assess, levy, and collect ad valorem taxes for operation, maintenance, administrative, and/or general revenue purposes. See "DISTRICT DEBT – Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt Statement."

Set forth below is an estimation of all taxes per \$100 of assessed valuation levied by such jurisdictions. No recognition is given to local assessments for civic association dues, emergency medical service contributions, fire department contributions, or any other charges made by entities other than political subdivisions. The following chart includes the 2025 taxes per \$100 of assessed valuation levied by all such taxing jurisdictions.

Taxing Jurisdiction	2025 Tax Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation
The District	\$ 0.935000
The County	0.412000
Fort Bend County Drainage District	0.010000
Fort Bend Independent School District	1.057000
SPLID	<u>0.413000</u>
Total Tax Rate	\$ 2.827000

Assessed Valuation Summary

The following represents the type of property comprising the District’s 2021-2025 tax rolls, as certified by the Appraisal District.

Type of Property	2025 Assessed Valuation (a)	2024 Assessed Valuation	2023 Assessed Valuation	2022 Assessed Valuation	2021 Assessed Valuation
Land	\$236,737,524	\$234,635,237	\$180,127,982	\$172,333,480	\$162,341,386
Improvements	1,127,309,801	1,129,559,858	1,114,595,018	961,951,493	631,207,694
Personal Property	2,824,355	3,509,353	3,238,639	2,523,600	2,353,360
Exemptions	(162,906,415)	(204,295,466)	(225,552,164)	(209,901,698)	(86,756,393)
Total	\$1,203,965,265	\$1,163,408,982	\$1,072,409,475	\$926,906,875	\$709,146,047

(a) Such amounts do not include \$306,802 of assessed valuation assigned to properties that remain under review by the Appraisal Review Board. Such amount represents the estimated minimum amount of assessed valuation that will ultimately be approved by the Appraisal Review Board, upon which the District will levy its tax. See “TAXING PROCEDURES.”

Historical Collections

The following represents the historical tax collections for the District’s 2021-2025 tax years.

Tax Year	Assessed Valuation	Tax Rate (a)	Adjusted Levy	Collections Current Year	Current Year Ended 09/30	Collections 04/30/2026
2021	\$709,146,047	1.05000	\$7,446,033	99.48%	2022	100.00%
2022	926,906,875	1.02000	9,454,450	99.68%	2023	99.98%
2023	1,072,409,475	0.98000	10,509,613	99.50%	2024	99.87%
2024	1,163,408,982	0.93500	10,877,874	99.51%	2025	99.72%
2025	1,203,965,265	0.93500	11,257,075	94.89%	2026	97.79% (b)

(a) Total tax rate per \$100 of assessed valuation for each respective tax year. See “TAX DATA – Tax Rate Distribution.”
 (b) In process of collections.

Tax Rate Distribution

The following represents the components of the tax rate for the District’s 2021-2025 tax years.

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Utility System Debt Service	\$0.3300	\$ 0.325	\$ 0.280	\$ 0.310	\$ 0.365
Road System Debt Service	0.2475	0.240	0.265	0.260	0.165
Maintenance and Operations	0.0500	0.050	0.080	0.125	0.135
Contract (a)	<u>0.3075</u>	<u>0.320</u>	<u>0.355</u>	<u>0.325</u>	<u>0.385</u>
Total	\$0.9350	\$ 0.935	\$ 0.980	\$ 1.020	\$ 1.050

(a) See “MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT” and “MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT WITH SRMUD.”

Principal Taxpayers

The following represents the principal taxpayers on the District’s 2025 tax roll, as certified by the Appraisal District.

Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation 2025 Tax Roll
SIENNA PKWY RETAIL LLC	\$5,375,510
2830 MP INVESTORS	3,696,653
TOLL-GTIS PROPERTY OWNER LLC (a)	2,817,542
PERRY HOMES LLC (b)	1,755,427
HOMEOWNER	1,732,397
HOMEOWNER	1,699,452
HOMEOWNER	1,623,338
HOMEOWNER	1,583,553
HOMEOWNER	1,553,815
SIENNA BLUE TRIANGLE LLC	1,534,275
Total	<u>\$23,371,962</u>
Percent of Respective Tax Roll (Certified)	1.94%

- (a) See “DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVELOPER.”
- (b) See “HOMEBUILDERS ACTIVE WITHIN THE DISTRICT.”

THE UTILITY SYSTEM

General

The internal water distribution, wastewater collection and stormwater facilities are being provided by the District. Water supply and wastewater treatment, and associated wastewater reuse facilities, are being provided and financed by the Master District but owned and operated by SRMUD through contractual agreement. SPLID provides major outfall drainage and flood protection for the District. See “THE FLOOD PROTECTION SYSTEM.” Flood protection facilities may also be provided by the Master District.

Regulation

Sienna Parks & Levee Improvement District of Fort Bend County, Texas (“SPLID”), provides flood protection to Sienna with levees, flood plain reclamation (fill), detention, internal and outfall drainage facilities, and pump stations (the “Flood Protection System”). Construction and operation of the Utility System and the Flood Protection System as they now exist or as it may be expanded from time to time is subject to the regulatory jurisdiction of several federal, state, and local authorities. The TCEQ exercises continuing supervisory authority over the District. Discharge of treated sewage and stormwater runoff is subject to the regulatory authority of the TCEQ and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. Construction of drainage facilities is subject to the regulatory authority of the County, and, in some instances, SPLID, the TCEQ and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. The City and the County also exercise regulatory jurisdiction over the Utility System.

Water Supply

The District’s source of water supply is surface water from the City through SRMUD. Pursuant to the Groundwater Reduction Plan, of which SRMUD is a participant, the City has become the permitted entity for water supply. The City owns and operates a 20,000,000 gallons per day (“gpd”) surface water plant located within Sienna. In addition, the SRMUD has an emergency interconnect with the City.

SRMUD owns and operates Sienna Water Plant Nos. 1, 2, and 3, which currently consist of five (5) wells totaling 5,900 gallons per minute (“gpm”), 5,382,000 gallons of ground water storage tank capacity, 360,000 gallons of hydropneumatic tank capacity, 32,757 gpm of booster pump capacity, an auxiliary diesel-powered generator at each site, and related appurtenances. Currently, such plants are rated to serve 19,149 equivalent single-family residential connections (“ESFCs”). As of March 2026, SRMUD was serving approximately 14,043 active ESFCs, which is sufficient to serve the Service Area. SRMUD also provides water supply to The Woods at Sienna.

Wastewater Treatment

Currently, Sienna is split into two (2) wastewater treatment regions, the North and South regions. SRMUD provides wastewater treatment to both regions. The District is located in the South region.

To serve the South region, SRMUD owns and operates a 1,800,000 gpd wastewater treatment plant (“WWTP”). The plant is currently treating flows of approximately 1,778,000 gpd, approximately 99% of its permitted flow. There is approximately 22,000 gpd of available permitted treatment capacity at the plant. A 600,000 gpd expansion is complete and being utilized.

A discharge permit for the expansion is under review by the TCEQ. With the expansion, the plant is utilizing 74% of the treatment capacity.

In May 2018, SRMUD issued \$25,010,000 principal amount of contract revenue bonds through the Texas Water Development Board for the construction of permanent wastewater capacity to serve Sienna. The Participants, including the District, pursuant to the Master District Contract (herein defined), are responsible for their pro rata share of such bonds. Of the \$25,010,000 principal amount issued, \$12,695,000 principal amount is attributable to the Master District (on behalf of the Participants), of which the District is contractually obligated to pay its pro rata share of the annual debt service. At the Date of Delivery of the Bonds, \$11,905,000 principal amount of the Master District's obligation will remain outstanding. SRMUD has completed the construction of a 600,000 gpd expansion to the plant bringing its capacity to 2.4 MGD. See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT."

The North region is served by the City's Steep Bank/Flat Bank WWTP. The Master District owns 1.5 million gallons per day of capacity in the plant which is sufficient for full development of the North region.

Operation of the SRMUD System

SRMUD funds the operations of its system through monthly charges to its participants ("Monthly Connection Charge"). The Monthly Connection Charge is currently \$25.00 per active ESFC per month. If SRMUD experiences an increase in operating costs, the Monthly Connection Charge may be increased.

Further, SRMUD has adopted a long-term capital improvement plan, which is funded through a renewal and replacement fee of \$0.40 per 1,000 gallons pumped. If SRMUD experiences an unforeseen equipment failure in its system, and the renewal and replacement fund is not sufficient to cover the cost, SRMUD may be required that its participants, including the District, fund the repairs.

Fire Protection

Pursuant to a contract between the District and the City, fire protection to residents of the District is provided by the Missouri City Fire Department from an 8,400 square foot fire station located on Sienna Parkway. A second 7,700 square foot fire station has been constructed and is located along Waters Lake Boulevard. Residents of the District currently pay \$28.50 per month for fiscal year 2026 for fire protection from the City.

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Historical Operations of the Utility System

The following is a schedule of revenues and expenditures associated with operations of the Utility System. The figures below for the fiscal years ended July 31, 2021, through July 31, 2025, were obtained from the District's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2025, a copy of which is attached hereto as "APPENDIX B" and reference to which is hereby made. As required by the Texas Water Code, the District retains an independent auditor to audit the District's financial statements annually, which are filed with the TCEQ.

	2025	2024	2023	2022 (a)	2021
Revenues					
Water service	\$ 843,603	\$ 925,146	\$ 858,377	\$ 1,010,087	\$ 709,882
Sewer service	1,199,371	1,199,069	1,165,937	1,385,325	923,339
Property taxes	583,456	852,165	1,165,238	964,086	754,679
Penalties and interest	38,576	41,430	51,877	45,357	15,367
Tap connection and inspection	62,303	227,523	77,045	317,855	743,747
Surface water	865,370	927,058	817,847	998,199	653,101
Fire protection fees	647,732	598,786	593,072	714,600	510,879
Miscellaneous	16,711	6,597	10,987	9,519	4,557
Investment earnings	<u>255,897</u>	<u>258,782</u>	<u>150,289</u>	<u>12,808</u>	<u>8,796</u>
Total Revenues	\$ 4,513,019	\$ 5,036,556	\$ 4,890,669	\$ 5,457,836	\$ 4,324,347
Expenditures					
Current service operations					
Professional fees	\$ 187,853	\$ 165,393	\$ 167,768	\$ 239,237	\$ 238,437
Contracted services	794,781	722,895	688,366	798,620	723,480
Repairs and maintenance	630,887	345,437	199,388	269,288	287,007
Utilities	112,419	105,204	84,791	31,213	765
Surface water	863,487	954,688	826,805	1,012,931	656,967
Administrative	69,761	73,721	68,055	77,614	67,429
Other	36,539	33,175	33,147	38,041	34,663
Capital outlay	-	70,833	65,441	-	-
Intergovernmental					
Master District connection charges	739,999	903,538	875,269	1,156,309	734,055
Facilities renewal and replacement	76,011	85,715	82,351	96,551	43,729
Fire protection services	<u>639,428</u>	<u>595,292</u>	<u>602,280</u>	<u>716,703</u>	<u>511,657</u>
Total Expenditures	\$ 4,151,165	\$ 4,055,891	\$ 3,693,661	\$ 4,436,507	\$ 3,298,189
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 361,854	\$ 980,665	\$ 1,197,008	\$ 1,021,329	\$ 1,026,158
Developer Advances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 361,854	\$ 980,665	\$ 1,197,008	\$ 1,021,329	\$ 1,026,158
Beginning Fund Balance	<u>\$ 6,039,265</u>	<u>\$ 5,058,600</u>	<u>\$ 3,861,592</u>	<u>\$ 2,840,263</u>	<u>\$ 1,814,105</u>
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 6,671,119	\$ 6,039,265	\$ 5,058,600	\$ 3,861,592	\$ 2,840,263

(a) The fiscal year ended April 30, 2021. In August 2021, the District changed its fiscal year-end from April 30 to July 31. As a result, fiscal year 2022 includes a 15-month reporting period, as reflected in the amounts presented.

MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT

The Participants, including the District, have executed the Master District Contract (herein defined) with the Master District for the financing, operation, and maintenance of the regional facilities described below and obtained the approval of the Master District Contract from voters at elections held within their respective boundaries. The Master District in its capacity as the provider for water, wastewater, drainage facilities (the "Master District System Facilities"), regional arterial, collector, and thoroughfare roads and improvements in aid thereof (the "Master District Road Facilities"), regional park and recreational facilities (the "Master District Park Facilities") and firefighting facilities (the "Master District Fire Facilities") necessary to serve the Service Area, which includes the District, collectively referred to as the "Master District Facilities," will construct the Master District Facilities and provide services from those Master District Facilities.

The Master District Contract provides that all Participants shall pay a pro rata share of debt service on the Contract Revenue Bonds (herein defined), based upon each Participant's Gross Certified Assessed Valuation (herein defined) as a percentage of the Gross Certified Assessed Valuation of all the Participants, calculated annually. Calculation of the Contract Payment (herein defined) is based upon Gross Certified Assessed Valuation and does not make allowances for any exemptions granted by the Participants. Each Participant is obligated to pay its pro rata share of the annual debt service payments from the proceeds of annual ad valorem property taxes, including the Contract Tax (herein defined), without legal limit as to rate or amount, revenues derived from the operation of its water distribution and wastewater collection system or from any other legally available funds. The Contract Tax shall be calculated to include the charges and expenses of paying agents and registrars utilized in connection with the Contract Revenue Bonds, the principal, interest, and redemption requirements of the Contract Revenue Bonds and all amounts required to establish and maintain funds established under the applicable bond resolution. The Contract Tax also includes each Participant's share of the debt service on bonds issued for the permanent wastewater treatment plant by SRMUD. See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT WITH SRMUD." Each Participant's Contract Payment will be calculated annually by the Master District; however, the levy of a Contract Tax or the provisions of other funds to make its contract payments is the sole responsibility of each Participant.

The Master District Contract also provides for operation and maintenance expenses for facilities constructed pursuant to the Master District Contract; duties of the parties; establishment and maintenance of funds; assignment; arbitration; amendments; force majeure; insurance; and other provisions.

The Master District is the financing vehicle for all Master District Facilities and will own and operate all Master District System Facilities (except for roadways that are accepted by the County for operation and maintenance), Master District Park Facilities, and Master District Fire Facilities. However, pursuant to the Utility Contract, SRMUD owns and operates the Master District System Facilities. Each Participant will own and operate its internal facilities. The internal facilities are expected to be financed with unlimited tax bonds sold by each of the Participants. It is anticipated that the Master District Facilities will be constructed in stages to meet the needs of a continually expanding population within the Service Area. In the event that the Master District fails to finance or SRMUD fails to meet its obligations to provide Master District System Facilities as required by the Service Area, each Participant has the right pursuant to the Master District Contract to design, acquire, construct, or expand the Master District System Facilities needed to provide it with service.

Each Participant is further obligated to pay monthly charges to the Master District, for water and wastewater services rendered pursuant to the Master District Contract. The Master District pays monthly charges to SRMUD for its share of operation and maintenance expenses and payments to SRMUD for its pro rata share of debt service on bonds issued for the permanent wastewater treatment plant. See "MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT WITH SRMUD." The monthly charges paid by each Participant to the Master District is used to pay its share of operation and maintenance expenses and to provide for an operation and maintenance reserve equivalent to three (3) months of operation and maintenance expenses. Each Participant's share of operation and maintenance expenses is based upon a "unit cost" of operation and maintenance expense, calculated by the Master District (taking into account charges by SRMUD) and expressed in terms of "cost per equivalent single-family residential connection." Each Participant's monthly payment to the Master District for operation and maintenance expenses will be calculated by multiplying the number of ESFCs reserved to it on the first day of the previous month by the unit cost per ESFC. The monthly cost per ESFC being charged by the Master District to each Participant presently is \$31.91 for water and wastewater services and \$28.50 for firefighting services for fiscal year 2026.

Pursuant to the Master District Contract, each Participant is obligated to establish and maintain rates, fees, and charges for its water and wastewater services which, together with taxes levied and funds received from any other lawful sources, are sufficient at all times to pay operation and maintenance charges of the Master District, to pay other costs of operating and maintaining its own utility system, and to pay its obligations pursuant to the Master District Contract, including its Contract Payments. The Master District does not expect that revenues from the Participants' wastewater collection and water distribution systems will ever be sufficient to pay a significant portion of Contract Payments for application to debt service on the Contract Revenue Bonds. All sums payable by each Participant to the Master District pursuant to the Master District Contract are to be paid by such Participant without set off, counterclaim, abatement, suspension, or diminution. If any Participant fails to pay its share of these costs in a timely manner, the Master District Contract provides that the Master District shall be entitled to cancel, in whole or in part, any reservation or allocation of capacity in the Master District's facilities by such Participant in addition to the Master District's other remedies pursuant to the Master District Contract. As

a practical matter, the Participants have no alternative provider of the water and wastewater services rendered by the Master District under the Master District Contract. See “THE BONDS – Source of Payment.”

Pursuant to the Master District Contract, the Master District owns or will own, construct, and/or acquire the Master District Park Facilities. The Master District may finance the capital costs of Master District Park Facilities either through the issuance of contract revenue bonds or from payments made by each Participant of its pro rata share of the Master District’s then estimated capital costs of the Master District Park Facilities (the “Park Construction Charges”). The Park Construction Charges will be computed from time to time on the basis of the then estimated total capital costs of providing the Master District Park Facilities for the Service Area minus the payments which have been previously received from the Participants as Park Construction Charges and dividing the result by the number of projected total connections to be constructed within the Service Area.

If Park Construction Charges are received by the Master District, they shall be deposited into a separate fund for the benefit of the Participants and shall be used solely for the purpose of paying the capital costs of the Master District Park Facilities pursuant to the Master District Contract.

Each Participant is obligated severally, but not jointly, to make contract payments to the Master District in an amount sufficient to pay its debt service requirements on contract revenue bonds. At the Date of Delivery of the Bonds, the Master District will have \$100,710,000 principal amount of contract revenue bonds outstanding (exclusive of the anticipated bond issues). In addition, at the Date of Delivery of the Bonds, SRMUD will have \$21,585,000 principal amount of contract revenue bonds outstanding, \$11,905,000 principal amount of which is attributable to the Master District (on behalf of the Participants). No Participant is obligated, contingently or otherwise, to make any contract payments owed by any other Participant; however, lack of payment by any Participant could result in an increase in the contract payment amount paid by each of the other Participants.

MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT WITH SRMUD

The Participants, including the District, entered into a master district contract with SRMUD (the “SRMUD Agreement”). The SRMUD Agreement includes other participating districts that are not part of the Service Area (which includes the District). The participants in the SRMUD Agreement pay a connection charge to SRMUD based on its pro rata share of the regional facilities in order to obtain water and wastewater service. The participants in the SRMUD Agreement also pay monthly operation charges to SRMUD for their pro rata share of operation and maintenance expenses. SRMUD has limited authority to issue contract revenue bonds with the consent of all the participating districts: SRMUD may only issue contract revenue bonds for acquisition, construction, or improvement of: (1) surface water facilities; (2) a regional facility to comply with any regulatory requirement; (3) payment of extraordinary expenses of repairing or maintaining the regional facilities; or (4) a permanent wastewater treatment plant.

In 2009, the Master District (on behalf of the Participants) entered into the Utility Contract (herein defined) with SRMUD for the purposes of amending and supplementing the SRMUD Agreement. Pursuant to the terms of the Utility Contract, the parties agreed that the Master District will construct and finance the regional water, wastewater, and drainage facilities that serve the Service Area. Once constructed, the Master District will convey the regional water, wastewater, and drainage facilities to SRMUD for ownership, operation, and maintenance. Upon conveyance, the Master District is not obligated to pay connection charges in order to receive water and wastewater service from SRMUD. The Master District will pay monthly operations charges to SRMUD on behalf of the Participants for their pro rata share of operation and maintenance expenses and its pro rata share of debt service on the bonds issued by SRMUD (currently \$25.00 per active connection and \$0.40 per 1,000 gallons for a renewal and replacement fee). The Master District currently has purchased capacity in water plants owned by SRMUD. SRMUD has constructed a regional wastewater treatment plant, which will treat the wastewater of the Service Area. See “THE UTILITY SYSTEM – Wastewater Treatment.” In May 2018, SRMUD issued \$25,010,000 principal amount of contract revenue bonds through the Texas Water Development Board for the construction of permanent wastewater capacity to serve Sienna. The Participants, pursuant to the Master District Contract, are responsible for their pro rata share of such bonds. Of the \$25,010,000 principal amount issued, \$12,695,000 principal amount is attributable to the Master District (on behalf of the Participants), of which the District is contractually obligated to pay its pro rata share of the annual debt service. At the Date of Delivery of the Bonds, \$11,905,000 principal amount of the Master District’s obligation will remain outstanding. See “MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT.”

THE FLOOD PROTECTION SYSTEM

Design Standards and Atlas 14

The design of the Flood Protection System is subject to regulations promulgated by the County and FBCDD, among others. A main design concept at the core of the design standards applicable to the Flood Protection System is the “100-year flood plain.” The “100-year flood plain” is a hypothetical engineering and meteorological concept that defines the geographical area of land that is predicted to be inundated from a flood with a 1% chance of occurring in any particular year. The County and FBCDD design standards require homes to be built with foundational slabs at least two (2) feet above the 100-year Base Flood Elevation (“BFE”) for areas mapped within a Special Flood Hazard Area (“SFHA”) as delineated on a Flood

Insurance Rate Map (100-year flood plain), and federal regulations require homes to be built above this 100-year water surface elevation to be eligible for federal flood insurance subsidies.

The current County and FBCDD design standards, and the geographical area within the District that comprises the 100-year flood plain, are based on various historical rainfall and river hydrological data sources. In 2018, the National Weather Service completed a rainfall study known as NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 11 Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the United States ("Atlas 14"). Floodplain boundaries within the District may be redrawn based on the Atlas 14 study based on a higher statistical rainfall amount, resulting in the application of more stringent floodplain regulations applying to a larger area and potentially leaving less developable property within the District. The application of such regulations could additionally result in higher insurance rates, increased development fees, and stricter building codes for any property located within the expanded boundaries of the floodplain. On January 1, 2020, the County adopted Atlas 14 criteria for all new development within the County. However, existing development was exempt from these requirements.

The Flood Protection System and homes in the District have been constructed in compliance with all design standards in effect at the time of construction. Moreover, even absent any additional improvements to the current Flood Protection System, the Engineer estimates, but does not guarantee, that based on the design standards at the time of construction that required foundational slabs to be built at least one (1) foot above the FEMA BFE for areas mapped in a SFHA, any 100-year flood event meeting Atlas 14 estimates would be unlikely to result in structural flooding of any buildings and facilities within the District (i.e. based on the current state of the Flood Protection System, an Atlas 14 100-year flooding event would likely not be more than 1.5 feet greater than a 100-year flooding event estimated by past design standards).

Notwithstanding the information provided above regarding the Flood Protection System, the Flood Protection System does not protect against, and no flood protection system can protect against, all flooding scenarios. Further, because any definition of the composition of the "100-year flood plain" is based on statistical averages, it is possible that 100-year flooding events can occur more often than every 100 years. In fact, the greater Houston area has experienced three (3) 500-year flooding events since 2015 (i.e. a flooding event that has a 0.2% chance of occurring in any particular year). In addition, not every structure in SPLID is equally protected by the Flood Protection System. While all structures within SPLID have been built to the design standards in effect at the time of their construction, some structures within SPLID will always be at greater risk of structural flooding as compared to others.

Although flooding in SPLID could occur for a variety of reasons, SPLID's engineer has identified the three (3) most likely flooding scenarios that could occur within SPLID: (1) an overtopping of the levee, (2) a failure (or breach) of the Flood Protection System, or (3) localized rainfall in excess of the 100-year event. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Possible Flooding Events."

Flood Protection, Reclamation, and Drainage Facilities

Approximately 8,520 of Sienna's approximate 10,230 acres are located within SPLID. The system consists of two (2) independent levee and outfall drainage networks, as well as flood plain reclamation (fill) sites for certain land within SPLID not protected by a levee.

Sienna South Levee and Drainage System: SPLID's initial Plan of Reclamation covers approximately 6,465 acres (the "South Levee System"), including the Service Area (which includes the District). The original levee and related outfall structures and channels were completed in 1984.

According to SPLID's engineer, as a result of the construction of the facilities financed by SPLID, all land located within the South Levee System was removed from the FEMA SFHA of the Brazos River. Such area located within SPLID is now designated by the applicable FEMA Flood Hazard Boundary Map as lying within a designated "shaded Zone X," which designates an area protected from the Brazos River BFE by a levee. As a result of SPLID's construction of the levee, internal detention and drainage systems, SPLID's engineer has defined "internal" SFHAs (100-year flood plain) that comply with current design standards. The lowest foundational slab elevation for residential construction, as required by applicable federal and local regulations, are at least one (1) foot above the designated flood plain.

As discussed under "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Extreme Weather Events," the area within the South Levee System has experienced inundation related to rain and rain events. SPLID has undertaken several projects to prevent future flooding events. Among the projects that have been completed to serve the South Levee System are (1) expansion of several drainage channels, which will provide additional storage in the case of a high rain event, (2) additional back-up control gates to major outfalls and (3) the purchase of mobile pumps to aid in flood-fighting. In addition to these projects, SPLID has initiated a capital improvement plan (the "CIP") to address the high river and flooding events that have impacted its protection area. The CIP sets out to strengthen SPLID's protections through additional facilities and redundancies to make the existing facilities more resilient. See "THE FLOOD PROTECTION SYSTEM – Construction of Future Internal Drainage Facilities."

According to SPLID's engineer, the existing levee, drainage outfall system, and pump station are sufficient to provide flood plain reclamation, flood protection and outfall drainage necessary to serve the existing development within the South Levee System area, including the lots under development. See "THE FLOOD PROTECTION SYSTEM – Design Standards and Atlas 14" and "THE FLOOD PROTECTION SYSTEM – Construction of Future Internal Drainage Facilities."

Sienna North Levee and Drainage System: SPLID's Amended Plan of Reclamation covers approximately 2,516 acres (the "North Levee System"). The original construction of the levee and related outfall structures and channels were completed in 2004. The North Levee System does not include the District or the Service Area.

According to SPLID's engineer, as a result of the construction of the facilities financed by SPLID, all land located within the North Levee System was removed from the 100-year flood plain of the Brazos River. Such area located within SPLID is now designated by the applicable FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map as lying within a designated "shaded Zone X," which designates an area protected from the Brazos River BFE by a levee. As a result of SPLID's construction of the Flood Protection System, SPLID's engineer has defined "internal" SFHAs (100-year flood plain). This flood plain is designated as at least one (1) foot below the lowest floor slab elevation for residential construction, as required by applicable federal and local regulations.

SPLID has completed the construction of all components of the North Levee System to accommodate full development of the land within that system. According to SPLID's engineer, the existing levee and drainage outfall Flood Protection System is sufficient to serve the development within the North Levee System area, including the lots under development. See "THE FLOOD PROTECTION SYSTEM – Design Standards and Atlas 14."

As discussed under "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Extreme Weather Events," the area within the North Levee System has experienced unanticipated water infiltration in the past. One (1) confirmed source of infiltration was a reversed flow of flood water through the gates at the North Levee System stormwater outfall structures. According to SPLID's engineer, improvements to those structures made after Hurricane Harvey will prevent reversed water flows in the future. SPLID's engineer suspects that a second source of infiltration was groundwater. To remediate this suspected water infiltration source as well as provide the required pumping capacity for Brazos River events when the gates are closed, SPLID has constructed two (2) 100,000 gpm pump stations to serve the North Levee System. According to SPLID's engineer, these pumping facilities should be sufficient to handle calculated infiltration sources for a flooding event similar to Hurricane Harvey.

SPLID anticipates making further improvements to the North Levee System, as discussed under "THE FLOOD PROTECTION SYSTEM – Construction of Future Internal Drainage Facilities."

An engineering or regulatory determination that an area is above the BFE is no assurance that homes built in such areas will not be flooded. If substantial or frequent flooding of homes were to occur in SPLID the marketing of homes and the future growth of property values in SPLID could be adversely affected.

Construction of Future Internal Drainage Facilities

The Flood Protection System currently provides flood protection from overflows of the Brazos River to the majority of the land within SPLID. The Flood Protection System also provides detention and outfall drainage facilities to maintain internal water surface elevations in the developed areas below the acceptable criteria levels. SPLID's original development plans contemplated that as development continued in SPLID, the District, the municipal utility districts within the boundaries of SPLID, and/or developers within SPLID would construct additional pump stations, detention facilities and outfall drainage facilities to maintain water surface elevations at acceptable criteria levels. While these development plans remain in place, following Hurricane Harvey and partially in response to new data provided by Atlas 14, the SPLID modified its development plans to improve the Flood Protection System to allow it to better manage extreme weather events such as Hurricane Harvey. In order to implement these modified plans and accelerate improvements to the levee and pump systems in SPLID, in 2018 SPLID held an election and received voter approval authorizing \$139,000,000 in additional levee improvement bonds. SPLID has issued such bonds. For a discussion on the effectiveness of SPLID's development plans on the mitigation of future flooding events, see "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Possible Flooding Events." While not an exhaustive list, SPLID is currently undertaking the following major projects to protect the land within its boundaries:

Stormwater Pump Station: SPLID has finished construction of the second phase of a second stormwater pump station to serve the South Levee System. Such pump station provides additional capacity to remove water from within the levee in the event that the area within South Levee System is experiencing a high rain event while the outfall gates are closed due to a high river event. The South Levee System is now served by two (2) pump stations with a combined pumping capacity of 799,500 gpm. A third pump station to service the South Levee System with a pumping capacity of 400,500 gpm is under construction and is anticipated to be completed in 2026. SPLID has finished construction of a stormwater pump station to serve the area known as Acreage Estates within the North Levee System. This portion of the North Levee System currently meets all criteria through storage of rainfall in a lake system. The pump station provides additional protection with 40,000 gpm of pumping capacity.

Additional Control Gates: SPLID has installed 42 additional control gates (11 of which will serve the North Levee System and 31 of which will serve the South Levee System) to protect the Flood Protection System in case of a high river event.

Outfall Structure: SPLID has completed construction of its third major outfall structure, which serves the South Levee System. Such outfall structure allows for additional water to flow out of the South Levee System area during a heavy rain event, when the control gates are open. The structure is needed to comply with the additional standards put in place due to Atlas 14. The outfall structure was completed in November 2022.

Detention Pond Expansion: SPLID has a detention pond to provide additional capacity to serve the South Levee System. Such facility assists SPLID in a high rain event. The second phase of the detention pond was completed in June 2022. An additional phase of the detention pond was completed in 2025.

SPLID, nor the District, make no guarantee that such improvements will prevent any future flooding events that occur within its boundaries. Additionally, the District makes no representations regarding the timing of completion for any of the projects outlined above.

THE ROAD SYSTEM

The District will construct all internal collector and arterial roads within the District (the “Road Facilities”). The Master District, in its capacity as the provider of the Master District Road Facilities, will construct the Master District Road Facilities. The major thoroughfare, collectors, and arterial roads consist of stabilized curb and gutter with seven (7) and eight (8)-inch concrete pavement, and bridges.

All roadways are designed and constructed in accordance with the standards, rules, and regulations of the County and the City. The County will accept the Road Facilities for operation and maintenance and is responsible for operation and maintenance thereof. In the event the County were to fail to accept the Road Facilities, the District is expected to include the cost of maintenance of same in the District’s operation and maintenance expenses, and such cost could be significant.

To date, all roads within the District have been accepted by the County.

THE PARK SYSTEM

The District prepared and approved a master park plan (the “Master Park Plan”), as may be amended from time to time. The Master Park Plan outlines projects related to parks and recreational facilities within the District, which includes neighborhood parks, trails, and landscaping (defined herein as the Park System). The Developer has constructed certain park and recreational facilities within the District and the District has issued park bonds to reimburse the Developer for several recreational facility projects, including but not limited to the sidewalks, landscaping, hardscaping, park land, and related appurtenances, located within the District on District-owned property within public right-of-way. The District is also funding certain park projects with the proceeds of the Bonds. See “The Bonds – Use and Distribution of Bond Proceeds.”

The Master District and SPLID have constructed regional parks and trails throughout the Service Area and the District. It is anticipated that the Master District will issue contract revenue bonds to reimburse the Developer for regional park facilities.

INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The Bonds are obligations of the District and are not obligations of the State of Texas; the County; the City; or any entity other than the District. The Bonds will be secured by the proceeds of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property within the District. The ultimate security for payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds depends upon the ability of the District to collect from the property owners within the District taxes levied against all taxable property located within the District, or, in the event taxes are not collected and foreclosure proceedings are instituted by the District, upon the value of the taxable property with respect to taxes levied by the District and by other taxing authorities. The District makes no representations that over the life of the Bonds the property within the District will maintain a value sufficient to justify continued payment of taxes by the property owners. The potential increase in taxable valuation of District property is directly related to the economics of the commercial and retail industries, not only due to general economic conditions, but also due to the particular factors discussed below.

Factors Affecting Taxable Values and Tax Payments

Economic Factors: The rate of development within the District is directly related to the vitality of the residential housing industry in the Houston metropolitan area, including particularly the vitality of the market for higher priced homes. New residential housing construction can be significantly affected by factors such as interest rates, construction costs, and consumer demand. Decreased levels of home construction activity would restrict the growth of property values in the District. Although as of April 6, 2026, residential development in the District included approximately 2,199 single-family homes that are completed and occupied, the District cannot predict the pace or magnitude of future construction in the District. See “DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT.”

Principal Landowners/Developers: There is no commitment by or legal requirement of the principal landowners or the Developer to the District to proceed at any particular rate or according to any specified plan with the development of land in the District, or of any homebuilder to proceed at any particular pace with the construction of homes in the District. Moreover, there is no restriction on any landowner's right to sell its land. Therefore, the District can make no representation about the probability of future development, if any, or the rate of future home construction activity in the District. Failure to construct taxable improvements on developed lots would restrict the rate of growth of taxable values in the District and result in higher tax rates. See "DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT," "DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVELOPER," and "TAX DATA – Principal Taxpayers."

Dependence on Principal Taxpayers: The ability of any principal landowner to make full and timely payments of taxes levied against its property by the District and similar taxing authorities will directly affect the District's ability to meet its debt service obligations. As illustrated under "TAX DATA – Principal Taxpayers," as of January 1, 2025, the District's 10 principal taxpayers owned property located within the District which comprised of, in aggregate, approximately 2.10% of the total assessed valuation of all taxable property located within the District. In the event that a principal taxpayer, another taxpayer, or any combination of taxpayers should default in the payment of taxes in an amount that exceeds the District's debt service fund surplus, the ability of the District to make timely payment of debt service on the Bonds will be dependent on its ability to enforce and liquidate its tax liens, which is a time-consuming process. Failure to recover or borrow funds in a timely fashion could result in an excessive District tax rate. The District is not required by law or the Bond Resolution to maintain any specified amount of surplus in its interest and sinking funds. See "TAX DATA – Principal Taxpayers" and "TAXING PROCEDURES – Levy and Collection of Taxes."

Increase in Costs of Building Materials

As a result of supply issues, shipping constraints, and ongoing trade disputes (including tariffs), there have been recent substantial increases in the cost of lumber and other building materials, causing many homebuilders and general contractors to experience budget overruns. Further, the unpredictable nature of current trade policy (including the threatened imposition of tariffs) may impact the ability of the Developer or homebuilders in the District to estimate costs. Additionally, immigration policies may affect the State's workforce, and any labor shortages that could occur may impact the rate of construction within the District. Uncertainty surrounding availability and cost of materials may result in decreased levels of construction activity, and may restrict the growth of property values in the District. The District makes no representations regarding the probability of development or homebuilding continuing in a timely manner or the effects that current or future economic or governmental circumstances may have on any plans of the Developer or homebuilders.

Competition: The demand for and construction of taxable improvements in the District could be affected by competition from other developments near the District. In addition to competition for new single-family home sales from other developments, there are numerous previously-owned single-family homes in more established commercial centers and neighborhoods closer to the City of Houston, Texas that are for sale. Such existing developments could represent additional competition for new development proposed to be constructed within the District. The competitive position of the Developer or the principal landowners in the sale of land, and the sale or leasing of residences is affected by most of the factors discussed in this section. Such a competitive position is directly related to the growth and maintenance of taxable values in the District and tax revenues to be received by the District. The District can give no assurance that building and marketing programs in the District by the Developer will be implemented or, if implemented, will be successful.

Location and Access: The District is located in the southeast part of the County, approximately 24 miles southwest of Houston. The District is approximately four (4) miles south of the intersection of the Fort Bend Parkway Toll Road and Sienna Parkway; approximately 11 miles southeast of the intersection of Texas State Highway 6 and U.S. Highway 59; and approximately five (5) miles south of the intersection of Texas State Highway 6 and Sienna Parkway. The Developer and homebuilders active within the District compete for the sale of developed lots and homes with numerous residential development projects located closer to major employment centers and closer to major freeways. In addition, many of the residential developments with which the District competes have lower overlapping taxes. As a result, particularly during times of increased competition, the Developer and homebuilders may find themselves at a competitive disadvantage to the developers and homebuilders in other residential projects located closer to major urban centers or with lower overlapping taxes. See "THE DISTRICT."

Maximum Impact on District Tax Rates: Assuming no further development or home construction, the value of the land and improvements currently within the District will be the major determinant of the ability or willingness of property owners to pay their taxes. The assessed valuation as of January 1, 2025, of all taxable property located within the District is \$1,204,272,067 and the 2026 Preliminary Taxable Assessed Valuation, is \$1,231,877,762. After issuance of the Bonds, the combined maximum annual debt service requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds will be \$7,215,348 (2041) and the combined average annual debt service requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds will be \$5,654,892 (2026–2050). Assuming no decrease from the assessed valuation as of January 1, 2025, tax rates of \$0.64 and \$0.63 per \$100 of assessed valuation at a 95% tax collection rate would be necessary to pay the combined maximum annual debt service requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds and the combined average annual debt service requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds, respectively. Assuming no decrease from the 2026 Preliminary Taxable Assessed Valuation, tax rates of \$0.50 and \$0.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation at 95% tax collection rate would be necessary to pay

the combined maximum annual debt service requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds and the combined average annual debt service requirement on the Outstanding Bonds and the Bonds, respectively.

The District can make no representation that the taxable property values in the District will increase in the future or will maintain a value sufficient to support the anticipated District tax rate or to justify continued payment of taxes by property owners.

Increases in the District's tax rate to rates substantially higher than the levels discussed above may have an adverse impact upon future development of the District, the sale and construction of homes within the District, and the ability of the District to collect, and the willingness of owners of property located within the District to pay ad valorem taxes levied by the District.

Possible Flooding Events

The District lies within SPLID, which provides flood protection for Sienna. The District is subject to the following flood risks:

Overtopping, Levee Failure and Excessive Rainfall: SPLID's levee and drainage system have been designed and constructed to meet all current regulatory standards. See "THE UTILITY SYSTEM" and "THE FLOOD PROTECTION SYSTEM." However, the levee system does not protect against all flooding scenarios. There are three (3) instances in which flooding could occur in the District: (1) an overtopping of the levee, (2) a failure (or breach) of the levee system or (3) localized rainfall in excess of the 100-year event.

An overtopping of the levee could occur if the Brazos River or its tributaries reach flood stages higher than the 100-year event. The "100-year event" means the river elevation has a statistical 1% chance of occurring in any given year. Current FEMA regulations require an earthen levee to be constructed a minimum of three (3) feet above the level of a 100-year event. The 100-year event elevation for the Brazos River adjacent to SPLID's levee, ranges from 58.72 feet above mean sea level to 66.40 feet above mean sea level. According to SPLID's engineer, overtopping of SPLID's levee system may occur from river events with a recurrence interval of less than 0.2% (500-year event) based on the effective FEMA models for the Brazos River in the County.

In addition to the risk of overtopping, a portion of SPLID would experience flooding if the levee failed (or breached) while the Brazos River (or its tributaries) were at a flood stage of less than the 100-year event. In order to mitigate the risk, SPLID performs weekly inspections of the levee to observe any visible deterioration of the levee that is in need of repair. Further, flooding in SPLID could occur if there was a failure of the pump system during a rain event and at the same time the water level in the Brazos River required the gates to be closed. In this event, water could not get out of the internal system fast enough, causing the internal channels and lakes to overflow.

In addition, SPLID could experience flooding if a localized rainfall event in excess of the 100-year event were to happen within the levee. The statistical chance of this happening is 1% in any given year. Hurricane Harvey produced this kind of rainfall event, which resulted in significant street flooding and some structural flooding within SPLID. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Extreme Weather Events."

During significant high river events in 2016, 2017, and 2018 the Brazos River eroded a portion of the riverbank below the river and a portion of the South Levee System. SPLID is currently designing an erosion control system to prevent additional erosion that may threaten the levee. The cost of these improvements is estimated to be approximately \$15,000,000.

Inability to Mitigate All Flooding Risks: The Flood Protection System does not protect against, and no flood protection system can protect against, all flooding scenarios. Further, because any definition of the composition of the "100-year flood plain" is based on statistical averages, it is possible that 100-year flooding events can occur more often than every 100 years.

SPLID experienced two (2) consecutive 100-year Brazos River flood events in April and May of 2016. During the April 2016 event (also known as the Tax Day event), three (3) gates on the North Pump Station Outfall were significantly damaged by debris due to elevated river levels. This led to an infiltration of the Flood Protection System through the damaged gates. This flood event continued into May 2016 (also known as the Memorial Day event) when another 100-year flood event impacted SPLID. The length of time of this river event, coupled with infiltration through the broken gates, caused several of the pumps to fail. However, SPLID immediately mitigated the flood risk by bringing in temporary drainage pumps, which allowed SPLID to pump out water resulting from the river infiltration until October 2016, when the Brazos River levels eventually returned to below flood stage. During the duration of the 2016 flood events, no structures were damaged or compromised due to floodwaters entering SPLID. Further, it should be noted SPLID has made significant improvements to the pumps and pumping structure, including purchasing 14 additional stand-by pumps, in order to improve flood fighting ability and further minimize flood risk. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Extreme Weather Events" for a description of the four (4) 100-year flood events experienced by the District since 2015.

Not every structure in SPLID is equally protected by the Flood Protection System. While all structures within SPLID have been built to the design standards in effect at the time of their construction, structures with foundational slabs at a lower elevation within the District may be at greater risk of structural flooding as compared to structures with foundational slabs at a higher elevation, and some areas in SPLID may be more prone to flooding events than other areas.

Changing Conditions: New Atlas 14 rainfall data has begun to replace the historical rainfall data upon which the design of the Flood Protection System was based. Additional and more detailed rainfall data may be provided in the future that could cause the assumptions upon which current design standards are based to be inaccurate and cause the Flood Protection System to be insufficient to mitigate future flooding events. Further, weather and rainfall patterns are subject to a variety of environmental factors. Changing environmental conditions and changing rainfall patterns could also cause the assumptions and design standards upon which the Flood Protection System is based to be inaccurate and cause the Flood Protection System to be insufficient to mitigate future flooding events. Neither SPLID nor the District can make a prediction regarding the effect that any such future changing conditions would have on the Flood Protection System or its ability to mitigate future flooding events. See “THE FLOOD PROTECTION SYSTEM.”

Extreme Weather Events

The greater Houston area has experienced four (4) 100-year flood events since 2015, the most recent of which was Hurricane Harvey, which made landfall along the Texas gulf coast on August 26, 2017, and brought historic levels of rainfall during the succeeding four (4) days.

The 100-year flood events in 2015 and 2016, while severe, did not cause any structural flooding in the District or SPLID.

Hurricane Harvey produced an estimated 40 inches of rain in SPLID over a four (4)-day period, well in excess of the 100-year threshold across most of the Houston metropolitan area. Additionally, the County Judge called for a mandatory evacuation of SPLID due to the rise of the Brazos River and the risk of a breach or overtopping of SPLID’s levee system. Rainfall from Hurricane Harvey did not result in an overtopping or breach of the District’s levee system; however, the District experienced street flooding and approximately nine (9) homes within the District reported structural flooding and water damage due to Hurricane Harvey. In addition, a tornado touched down and approximately 64 homes were damaged by the tornado within SPLID, none of which were within the District.

According to SPLID’s engineer, SPLID experienced significant street flooding and approximately 67 homes within SPLID had water damage from flooding. All flooding was due to the rainfall amounts in SPLID exceeding the design capacity of internal drainage facilities. No flooding occurred due to a breach or overtopping of SPLID’s levee system. See “TAXING PROCEDURES – Valuation of Property for Taxation.”

The District cannot predict the effect that additional extreme weather events may have upon the District or SPLID’s levee and drainage system. Additional extreme weather events have the potential to cause damage within SPLID that could have a negative effect on taxable assessed valuations in the District which could cause tax rates to rise. See “INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Factors Affecting Taxable Values and Tax Payments – *Maximum Impact on District Tax Rates.*”

Potential Impact of Natural Disaster

The District is located near the Texas Gulf Coast and has been and could again be impacted by high winds, heavy rains, and flooding caused by hurricane, tornado, tropical storm, or other adverse weather events. In the event that a natural disaster should damage or destroy improvements and personal property in the District, the assessed value of such taxable properties could be substantially reduced, resulting in a decrease in the taxable assessed value of the District and an increase in the District’s tax rates. See “TAXING PROCEDURES – Property Tax Code and County-Wide Appraisal District” and “TAXING PROCEDURES – Valuation of Property for Taxation.”

There can be no assurance that a casualty will be covered by insurance (certain casualties, including flood, are usually excepted unless specific insurance is purchased), that any insurance company will fulfill its obligation to provide insurance proceeds, or that insurance proceeds will be used to rebuild, repair, or replace any taxable properties in the District that were damaged. Even if insurance proceeds are available and damaged properties are rebuilt, there could be a lengthy period in which assessed values in the District would be adversely affected. There can be no assurance the District will not sustain damage from meteorological events.

Potential Effects of Oil Price Volatility on the Houston Area

The economy of the Houston area has, in the past, been particularly affected by adverse conditions in the oil and gas industry, and such conditions and their spillover effects into other industries could result in declines in the demand for residential and commercial property in the Houston area and could reduce or negatively affect property values within the District. The District cannot predict the impact that negative conditions in the oil industry could have on property values in the District.

Operational Expenses

The District is obligated to pay monthly charges to Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 5 (the “Master District”) for its share of the Master District’s operation and maintenance expenses in connection with the Master District’s provision of service from the Master District Facilities. The monthly charges paid by the District to the Master District is used to pay the District’s share of operation and maintenance expenses and to provide for an operation and maintenance reserve equivalent to three (3) months of operation and maintenance expenses. The District’s share of operation and maintenance expenses and reserve requirements is based upon a “unit cost” of operation and maintenance expense and reserve requirements,

calculated by the Master District and expressed in terms of “cost per equivalent single-family residential connection.” The District’s monthly payment to the Master District for operation and maintenance expenses will be calculated by multiplying the number of equivalent single-family residential connections reserved to the District on the first day of the previous month by the unit cost per equivalent single-family residential connection. The monthly cost per single-family equivalent connection being charged by the Master District to the District presently is \$31.91 for water and wastewater services and \$28.50 for firefighting services for fiscal year 2026. See “THE UTILITY SYSTEM.” Residents in the District also pay a renewal and replacement fee of \$0.40 per 1,000 gallons of water used and a surface water fee of \$3.20 per 1,000 gallons of water used to the City.

Debt Burden on Property within the District

The entirety of the District is located within SPLID, a levee improvement district that covers approximately 9,832 acres of land. SPLID has constructed certain improvements to remove land within SPLID from the flood plain and to accommodate stormwater drainage within SPLID. At the Date of Delivery of the Bonds, SPLID will have \$201,975,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds outstanding. The principal of and interest on SPLID bonds are payable from the proceeds of a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limit as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property within SPLID. For the 2025 tax year, SPLID levied a total tax rate of \$0.4125 per \$100 of assessed valuation. The combined tax rates of the District and SPLID, which total \$1.3480 per \$100 of assessed valuation) are higher than the tax levy of many municipal utility districts in the Houston metropolitan area.

The Master District provides the Master District Facilities necessary to service the Service Area, which includes the District, and finances such facilities through the issuance of contract revenue bonds. Principal and interest on such bonds are payable from and secured by payments required of the Participants, including the District, from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limit as to rate or amount, levied by each Participant or from other revenues available to such Participant. At the Date of Delivery of the Bonds, the Master District will have \$112,615,000 principal amount of contract revenue bonds outstanding (exclusive of the anticipated bond issues).

Contract payments by Participants and use of such proceeds by the Master District to pay debt service on the Master District’s bonds (the “Contract Revenue Bonds”) is governed by the Contract for Financing, Operation, and Maintenance of Regional Facilities (the “Master District Contract”), which has been entered into by the Master District and the Participants. By execution of the Master District Contract, each Participant has agreed to pay a pro rata share of the debt service on the Contract Revenue Bonds (the “Contract Payments”) in an amount that is based upon the appraised value subject to taxation plus amounts equal to any optional exemption or special appraisal value granted or adopted by a Participant, and any optional exemption or special value claimed by a landowner due to use for agricultural, open space, timberland, or other similar uses (the “Gross Certified Assessed Valuation”) of each Participant as a percentage of the Gross Certified Assessed Valuation of all Participants, calculated annually. Each Participant is contractually obligated to make Contract Payments from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limit as to rate or amount, levied by such Participant for such purpose on taxable property within its boundaries (the “Contract Tax”), from revenues derived from the operations of such Participant’s water distribution and wastewater collection system, or from any other lawful sources of such Participant’s income. No Participant is liable for the payments owed by any other Participant; however, failure of any Participant to make its Contract Payment, as required by the Master District Contract, could result in an increase in the Contract Payment amount paid by each of the Participants during the time that such Participant’s payment is delinquent as the Participant will have to replenish coverage in the debt service fund.

The Master District contracts with SRMUD for water supply and wastewater treatment services. As discussed under “MASTER DISTRICT CONTRACT WITH SRMUD,” in 2009, the Master District (on behalf of the Participants) entered into a Utility Contract with SRMUD (the “Utility Contract”) wherein the parties agreed that the Master District will construct and finance the regional water, wastewater, and drainage facilities that serve the Service Area. Once constructed, the Master District will convey the regional water, wastewater, and drainage facilities to SRMUD for ownership, operation, and maintenance. Upon conveyance, the Master District is not obligated to pay connection charges in order to receive water and wastewater service from SRMUD. The Master District will pay monthly operations charges to SRMUD on behalf of the Participants for their pro rata share of operation and maintenance expenses. The Master District currently has purchased capacity in two (2) water plants and a wastewater treatment plant owned by SRMUD.

In May 2018, SRMUD issued \$25,010,000 principal amount of contract revenue bonds through the Texas Water Development Board for the construction of permanent wastewater capacity to serve Sienna. Of the \$25,010,000 principal amount issued, \$12,695,000 principal amount is attributable to the Master District (on behalf of the Participants), of which the District is contractually obligated to pay its pro rata share of the annual debt service. At the Date of Delivery of the Bonds, \$11,905,000 principal amount of the Master District’s obligation will remain outstanding.

The tax rate that may be required to service debt on any bonds issued by the District is subject to numerous uncertainties such as the growth of taxable values within such district, the amount of the bonds issued, regulatory approvals, construction costs, and market interest rates. There can be no assurances that composite tax rates imposed by overlapping jurisdictions on property situated in the Service Area, will be competitive with the tax rates of competing projects. To the extent that

such composite tax rates are not competitive with competing developments, the growth of property tax values in the District and the investment quality or security of the Bonds could be adversely affected.

Tax Collection Limitations

The District's ability to make debt service payments may be adversely affected by its inability to collect ad valorem taxes. Under Texas law, the levy of ad valorem taxes by the District constitutes a lien in favor of the District on parity with the liens of all other state and local taxing authorities on the property against which taxes are levied, and such lien may be enforced by foreclosure. The District's ability to collect ad valorem taxes through such foreclosure may be impaired by (a) cumbersome, time-consuming and expensive collection procedures; (b) a bankruptcy court's stay of tax collection procedures against a taxpayer; (c) market conditions limiting the proceeds from a foreclosure sale of taxable property; or (d) the taxpayer's right to redeem the property within six (6) months for commercial property and two (2) years for residential and all other property after the purchaser's deed issued at the foreclosure sale is filed in the county records. While the District has a lien on taxable property within the District for taxes levied against such property, such lien can be foreclosed only in a judicial proceeding. Attorney's fees and other costs of collecting any such taxpayer's delinquencies could substantially reduce the net proceeds to the District from a tax foreclosure sale. Finally, any bankruptcy court with jurisdiction over bankruptcy proceedings initiated by or against a taxpayer within the District pursuant to the Federal Bankruptcy Code could stay any attempt by the District to collect delinquent ad valorem taxes against such taxpayer. In addition to the automatic stay against collection of delinquent taxes afforded a taxpayer during the pendency of a bankruptcy, a bankruptcy could affect payment of taxes in two (2) other ways: first, a debtor's confirmation plan may allow a debtor to make installment payments on delinquent taxes for up to six (6) years; and, second, a debtor may challenge, and a bankruptcy court may reduce, the amount of any taxes assessed against the debtor, including taxes that have already been paid. See "TAXING PROCEDURES – District's Rights in the Event of Tax Delinquencies."

Registered Owners' Remedies and Bankruptcy

In the event of default in the payment of principal or interest on the Bonds, the registered owners of the Bonds (the "Registered Owners") have a right to seek a writ of mandamus requiring the District to levy adequate taxes each year to make such payments. Except for mandamus, the Bond Resolution does not specifically provide for remedies to protect and enforce the interests of the Registered Owners. There is no provision for acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. Although the Registered Owners could obtain a judgment against the District, such a judgment could not be enforced by a direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the Registered Owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the District or sell property within the District in order to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds. Since there is no trust indenture or trustee, the Registered Owners would have to initiate and finance the legal process to enforce their remedies. The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the Registered Owners further may be limited by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization, or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions such as the District. In this regard, should the District file a petition for protection from creditors under federal bankruptcy laws, the remedy of mandamus or the right of the District to seek judicial foreclosure of its tax lien would be automatically stayed and could not be pursued unless authorized by a federal bankruptcy judge. See "THE BONDS – Registered Owners' Remedies."

Marketability

The District has no understanding (other than the initial reoffering yields) with the winning bidder for the Bonds (the "Initial Purchaser") regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds and has no control over the trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made for the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price of the Bonds may be greater than the bid and asked price of other bonds which are more generally bought, sold, or traded in the secondary market. See "SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS."

Bond Insurance Risk Factors

In the event of default of the payment of principal or interest with respect to the Bonds when all or some becomes due, any owner of the Bonds shall have a claim under the applicable bond insurance policy (the "Policy") for such payments. However, in the event of any acceleration of the due date of such principal by reason of mandatory or optional redemption or acceleration resulting from default or otherwise, other than any advancement of maturity pursuant to a mandatory sinking fund payment, the payments are to be made in such amounts and at such times as such payments would have been due had there not been any such acceleration. The Policy does not insure against redemption premium, if any. The payment of principal and interest in connection with mandatory or optional prepayment of the Bonds by the issuer which is recovered by the issuer from the bond owner as a voidable preference under applicable bankruptcy law is covered by the insurance policy, however, such payments will be made by the Insurer at such time and in such amounts as would have been due absence such prepayment by the District unless the bond insurer chooses to pay such amounts at an earlier date.

Under most circumstances, default of payment of principal and interest does not obligate acceleration of the obligations of the bond insurer without appropriate consent. The Bond Insurer may direct and must consent to any remedies and the bond insurer's consent may be required in connection with amendments to any applicable bond documents.

In the event the bond insurer is unable to make payment of principal and interest as such payments become due under the Policy, the Bonds are payable solely from the moneys received pursuant to the applicable bond documents. In the event the bond insurer becomes obligated to make payments with respect to the Bonds, no assurance is given that such event will not adversely affect the market price of the Bonds or the marketability (liquidity) for the Bonds.

The long-term ratings on the Bonds are dependent in part on the financial strength of the bond insurer and its claim paying ability. The bond insurer's financial strength and claims paying ability are predicated upon a number of factors which could change over time. No assurance is given that the long-term ratings of the bond insurer and of the ratings on the Bonds insured by the bond insurer will not be subject to downgrade and such event could adversely affect the market price of the Bonds or the marketability (liquidity) for the Bonds. See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" and "RATINGS."

The obligations of the bond insurer are contractual obligations and in an event of default by the bond insurer, the remedies available may be limited by applicable bankruptcy law or state law related to insolvency of insurance companies.

Neither the District or the Initial Purchaser have made independent investigation into the claims paying ability of the bond insurer and no assurance or representation regarding the financial strength or projected financial strength of the bond insurer is given. Thus, when making an investment decision, potential investors should carefully consider the ability of the District to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds and the claims paying ability of the bond insurer, particularly over the life of the investment. See "MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE" for further information provided by the bond insurer and the Policy, which includes further instructions for obtaining current financial information concerning the bond insurer.

Future Debt

Following the issuance of the Bonds, \$52,495,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Park System, and for the purpose of refunding such bonds; \$214,895,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Utility System, and for the purpose of refunding such bonds; and \$118,285,000 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of acquiring or constructing the Road System, and for the purpose of refunding such bonds, will remain authorized and unissued; and such additional bonds as may hereafter be approved by both the Board and voters of the District. See "THE BONDS – Issuance of Additional Debt."

The District also has the right to issue certain other additional bonds, special project bonds, and other obligations described in the Bond Resolution. If additional bonds are issued in the future and property values have not increased proportionately, such issuance may increase gross debt-property valuation ratios and thereby adversely affect the investment quality or security of the Bonds.

To date, the District has fully reimbursed the Developer for the expenditures advanced to date for the development of the District.

The principal amount of bonds issued to finance parks and recreational facilities may not exceed 1% of the District's taxable assessed value; however, if the District meets certain financial feasibility requirements under TCEQ rules, the outstanding principal amount of such bonds issued by the District may exceed an amount equal to 1% but not greater than 3% of the value of the taxable property in the District. See "THE UTILITY SYSTEM," "THE ROAD SYSTEM," "THE PARK SYSTEM," and "DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT."

Continuing Compliance with Certain Covenants

The Bond Resolution contains covenants by the District intended to preserve the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds. Failure by the District to comply with such covenants on a continuous basis prior to maturity of the Bonds could result in interest on the Bonds becoming taxable retroactively to the date of original issuance. See "TAX MATTERS."

Approval of the Bonds

The Attorney General of Texas must approve the legality of the Bonds prior to their delivery. The Attorney General of Texas does not pass upon or guarantee the security of the Bonds as an investment, nor does he pass upon the adequacy or accuracy of the information contained herein.

Environmental Regulations

Wastewater treatment, water supply, storm sewer facilities and construction activities within the District are subject to complex environmental laws and regulations at the federal, state, and local levels that may require or prohibit certain activities that affect the environment, such as:

- Requiring permits for construction and operation of water wells, wastewater treatment and other facilities;
- Restricting the manner in which wastes are treated and released into the air, water and soils;

- Restricting or regulating the use of wetlands or other properties; or
- Requiring remedial action to prevent or mitigate pollution.

Sanctions against a municipal utility district or other type of special purpose district for failure to comply with environmental laws and regulations may include a variety of civil and criminal enforcement measures, including assessment of monetary penalties, imposition of remedial requirements and issuance of injunctions to ensure future compliance. Environmental laws and compliance with environmental laws and regulations can increase the cost of planning, designing, constructing, and operating water production and wastewater treatment facilities. Environmental laws can also inhibit growth and development within the District. Further, changes in regulations occur frequently, and any changes that result in more stringent and costly requirements could materially impact the District.

Air Quality Issues: Air quality control measures required by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (the “EPA”) and the TCEQ may impact new industrial, commercial, and residential development in the Houston area. Under the Clean Air Act (“CAA”) Amendments of 1990, the eight (8)-county Houston-Galveston-Brazoria area (“HGB Area”)—Harris, Galveston, Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Waller, Montgomery, and Liberty Counties—has been designated a nonattainment area under two (2) separate federal ozone standards: the eight (8)-hour ozone standard of 75 ppb promulgated by the EPA in 2008 (the “2008 Ozone Standard”) and the EPA’s most-recent promulgation of an even lower, 70 ppb eight (8)-hour ozone standard in 2015 (the “2015 Ozone Standard”). While Texas has been able to demonstrate steady progress and improvements in air quality in the HGB Area, the HGB Area remains subject to CAA nonattainment requirements.

The HGB Area is currently designated as a “severe” nonattainment area under the 2008 Ozone Standard, with an attainment deadline of July 20, 2027. If the EPA ultimately determines that the HGB Area has failed to meet the attainment deadline based on the relevant data, the area is subject to reclassification to a nonattainment classification that provides for more stringent controls on emissions from the industrial sector. In addition, the EPA may impose a moratorium on the awarding of federal highway construction grants and other federal grants for certain public works construction projects if it finds that an area fails to demonstrate progress in reducing ozone levels.

The HGB Area is currently designated as a “serious” nonattainment area under the 2015 Ozone Standard, with an attainment deadline of August 3, 2027. For purposes of the 2015 Ozone Standard, the HGB Area consists of only six (6) counties: Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Galveston, Harris, and Montgomery Counties.

In order to demonstrate progress toward attainment of the EPA’s ozone standards, the TCEQ has established a state implementation plan (“SIP”) for the HGB Area setting emission control requirements, some of which regulate the inspection and use of automobiles. These types of measures could impact how people travel, what distances people are willing to travel, where people choose to live and work, and what jobs are available in the HGB Area. These SIP requirements can negatively impact business due to the additional permitting/regulatory constraints that accompany this designation and because of the community stigma associated with a nonattainment designation. It is possible that additional controls will be necessary to allow the HGB Area to reach attainment with the ozone standards by the EPA’s attainment deadlines. These additional controls could have a negative impact on the HGB Area’s economic growth and development.

Water Supply & Discharge Issues: Water supply and discharge regulations that municipal utility districts, including the District, may be required to comply with involve: (1) groundwater well permitting and surface water appropriation; (2) public water supply systems; (3) wastewater discharges from treatment facilities; (4) storm water discharges; and (5) wetlands dredge and fill activities. Each of these is addressed below:

Certain governmental entities regulate groundwater usage in the HGB Area. A municipal utility district or other type of special purpose district that (i) is located within the boundaries of such an entity that regulates groundwater usage, and (ii) relies on local groundwater as a source of water supply, may be subject to requirements and restrictions on the drilling of water wells and/or the production of groundwater that could affect both the engineering and economic feasibility of district water supply projects.

Pursuant to the federal Safe Drinking Water Act (“SDWA”) and the EPA’s National Primary Drinking Water Regulations (“NPDWRs”), which are implemented by the TCEQ’s Water Supply Division, a municipal utility district’s provision of water for human consumption is subject to extensive regulation as a public water system. Municipal utility districts must generally provide treated water that meets the primary and secondary drinking water quality standards adopted by the TCEQ, the applicable disinfectant residual and inactivation standards, and the other regulatory action levels established under the agency’s rules. The EPA has established NPDWRs for more than ninety (90) contaminants and has identified and listed other contaminants which may require national drinking water regulation in the future. Further, the EPA has established a NPDWR for six (6) Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (“PFAS”), which requires public water systems to perform certain monitoring and remediation measures. Public water systems may be subject to additional PFAS regulation in the future, which could increase the cost of constructing, operating, and maintaining water production and distribution facilities.

Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (“TPDES”) permits set limits on the type and quantity of discharge, in accordance with state and federal laws and regulations. The TCEQ reissued the TPDES Construction General Permit (TXR150000) (“CGP”), with an effective date of March 5, 2023, which is a general permit authorizing the discharge of stormwater runoff associated with small and large construction sites and certain non-stormwater discharges into surface water in the state. The CGP has a five (5)-year permit term, and is then subject to renewal. Moreover, the Clean Water Act (“CWA”) and Texas Water Code require municipal wastewater treatment plants to meet secondary treatment effluent limitations and more stringent water quality-based limitations and requirements to comply with the Texas water quality standards. Any water quality-based limitations and requirements with which a municipal utility district must comply may have an impact on the municipal utility district’s ability to obtain and maintain compliance with TPDES permits.

The District, along with SRMUD, SMUD3, SMUD6, SMUD10, SMUD12, and SMD, is subject to the TCEQ’s General Permit for Phase II (Small) Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (the “MS4 Permit”), which was issued by the TCEQ on August 15, 2024. The MS4 Permit authorizes the discharge of stormwater to surface water in the state from small municipal separate storm sewer systems. The District has applied for coverage under the MS4 Permit and is awaiting final approval from the TCEQ. In order to maintain compliance with the MS4 Permit, the District continues to develop, implement, and maintain the required plans, as well as to install or implement best management practices to minimize or eliminate unauthorized pollutants that may otherwise be found in stormwater runoff. Costs associated with these compliance activities could be substantial in the future.

Operations of utility districts, including the District, are also potentially subject to requirements and restrictions under the CWA regarding the use and alteration of wetland areas that are within the “waters of the United States.” The District must obtain a permit from the United States Army Corps of Engineers (“USACE”) if operations of the District require that wetlands be filled, dredged, or otherwise altered.

In 2023, the Supreme Court of the United States issued its decision in *Sackett v. EPA*, which clarified the definition of “waters of the United States” and significantly restricted the reach of federal jurisdiction under the CWA. Under the *Sackett* decision, “waters of the United States” includes only geographical features that are described in ordinary parlance as “streams, oceans, rivers, and lakes” and to adjacent wetlands that are indistinguishable from such bodies of water due to a continuous surface connection. Subsequently, the EPA and USACE issued a final rule amending the definition of “waters of the United States” under the CWA to conform with the Supreme Court’s decision.

While the *Sackett* decision and subsequent regulatory action removed a great deal of uncertainty regarding the ultimate scope of “waters of the United States” and the extent of EPA and USACE jurisdiction, operations of municipal utility districts, including the District, could potentially be subject to additional restrictions and requirements, including additional permitting requirements, in the future.

Changes in Tax Legislation

Certain tax legislation, whether currently proposed or proposed in the future, may directly or indirectly reduce or eliminate the benefit of the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Any proposed legislation, whether or not enacted, may also affect the value and liquidity of the Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult with their own tax advisors with respect to any proposed, pending or future legislation.

Certain Tax Exemptions Provided for Affordable Housing

Certain multi-family housing may be exempt from ad valorem taxation by the District pursuant to Chapter 303 of the Texas Local Government Code (the “PFC Act”), Chapter 392 of the Texas Local Government Code (the “Housing Authority Act”), or Chapter 394 of the Texas Local Government Code (the “HFC Act”), if certain conditions are met.

The PFC Act authorizes cities, counties, school districts, housing authorities and special districts (a “Sponsor”) to create a sponsored Public Facility Corporation (“PFC”) to acquire, construct, rehabilitate, renovate, repair, equip, furnish and place in service public facilities. These activities may be financed through certain obligations of either the Sponsor or the PFC. Under the PFC Act, a “public facility” includes any real, personal, or mixed property, or an interest in property devoted or to be devoted to public use, and authorized to be financed under the PFC Act. A public facility, including a leasehold estate in a public facility, that is owned by a PFC is exempt from taxation by the State or a municipality or other political subdivision of the State, including the District. This exemption applies to both ad valorem and sales and use taxes levied by such taxing authorities. Subject to certain restrictions, a leasehold or other possessory interest granted by the PFC to the user of a PFC-owned multifamily residential development entitles that user to this same exemption. A PFC project approved on or after June 18, 2023, does not qualify for an exemption with respect to taxes imposed by a conservation and reclamation district providing water, sewer, or drainage services to the development, unless an agreement is entered into with the district concerning payments in lieu of taxation. Projects for which PFC or Sponsor approval was received prior to the effective date of H.B. 2071 are governed by the prior law and are not subject to the same requirements. The District is not aware of any public facilities located within the boundaries of the District that are either owned or leased by a PFC.

The HFC Act provides for the formation of housing finance corporations (“HFCs”) by municipalities and counties for the purpose of providing decent, safe, and sanitary housing at affordable prices to residents of local governments. Public property owned by an HFC, including property for which an HFC holds an equitable interest, is exempt from taxes imposed by the state or any political subdivision of the state, such as the District, provided certain conditions are met under the HFC Act. This exemption applies to both ad valorem and sales and use taxes levied by taxing authorities where the qualified project is located. Section 394.904(d) (as added by H.B. 21, 89th Texas Legislature, Regular Session) provides in part that, for property acquired by an HFC after May 28, 2025, such ad valorem tax exemptions do not apply to taxes levied by a conservation or reclamation district created under Section 52, Article III, or Section 59, Article XVI, Texas Constitution, that provides water, sewer, or drainage service to the multifamily residential development owned by the HFC, unless the applicable HFC has entered into a written agreement with the district to make a payment to the district in lieu of taxation, in the amount specified in the agreement. Further, property acquired by an HFC prior to May 28, 2025, may become subject to taxation by a district in future tax years unless certain additional requirements are met under the HFC Act. The District is not aware of any public property located within the boundaries of the District that is owned by an HFC.

The Housing Authority Act authorizes cities and counties to create housing authorities to provide safe and sanitary housing for persons of low income within the area of operation of the housing authority. Multi-family property owned by a housing authority, including property for which a housing authority holds an equitable interest, is exempt from all taxes and special assessments of a city, county, the state, or another political subdivision, including districts such as the District, if certain conditions are met under the Housing Authority Act. The District is not aware of any public property located within the boundaries of the District that is owned by a housing authority.

LEGAL MATTERS

Legal Opinions

Delivery of the Bonds will be accompanied by the approving legal opinion of the Attorney General of Texas to the effect that the Bonds are valid and legally binding obligations of the District under the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas, payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax levied, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, upon all taxable property within the District, and, based upon their examination of a transcript of certified proceedings relating to the issuance and sale of the Bonds, the approving legal opinion of Bond Counsel to a like effect and to the effect that, under existing law, interest on the Bonds (i) is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes under section 103 of the Code (as defined herein), and (ii) is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the alternative minimum tax on individuals.

Bond Counsel has reviewed the information appearing under “THE BONDS” (except for information under the subheadings “Book-Entry-Only System,” and “Use and Distribution of Bond Proceeds”), “THE DISTRICT – Authority,” “TAXING PROCEDURES,” “LEGAL MATTERS,” “TAX MATTERS,” and “CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION” solely to determine whether such information, insofar as it relates to matters of law, is true and correct and whether such information fairly summarizes matters of law, the provisions of the documents referred to therein and conforms to the provisions of the Bond Resolution approving the Bonds. Bond Counsel has not, however, independently verified any of the factual information contained herein nor has it conducted an investigation of the affairs of the District for the purpose of passing upon the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement. No person is entitled to rely upon Bond Counsel’s limited participation as an assumption of responsibility for or an expression of opinion of any kind with regard to the accuracy or completeness of any information contained herein.

Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Houston, Texas, also serves as general counsel to the District on matters other than the issuance of bonds. The legal fees paid to Bond Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are based on a percentage of the bonds actually issued, sold, and delivered and, therefore, such fees are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

The various legal opinions to be delivered concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds express the professional judgment of the attorneys rendering the opinions as to the legal issues explicitly addressed therein. In rendering a legal opinion, the attorney does not become an insurer or guarantor of the expression of professional judgment, of the transaction opined upon, or of the future performance of the parties to the transaction, nor does the rendering of an opinion guarantee the outcome of any legal dispute that may arise out of the transaction.

No-Litigation Certificate

The District will furnish the Initial Purchaser a certificate, executed by the Board President and the Board Secretary, and dated as of the Date of Delivery of the Bonds, that to their knowledge, no litigation is pending or threatened affecting the validity of the Bonds, or the levy and/or collection of taxes for the payment thereof, the organization or boundaries of the District, or the title of the officers thereof to their respective offices.

No Material Adverse Change

The obligations of the Initial Purchaser to take and pay for the Bonds, and of the District to deliver the Bonds, are subject to the condition that, up to the Date of Delivery of and receipt of payment for the Bonds, there shall have been no material adverse change in the condition (financial or otherwise) of the District subsequent to the date of sale from that set forth or contemplated herein, as it may have been supplemented or amended through the date of sale.

TAX MATTERS

The following discussion of certain federal income tax considerations is for general information only and is not tax advice. Each prospective purchaser of the Bonds should consult its own tax advisor as to the tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of the Bonds.

Tax Exemption

In the opinion of Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP, Bond Counsel, under existing law, interest on the Bonds (i) is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes under section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended ("the Code") and (ii) is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the alternative minimum tax on individuals.

The Code imposes a number of requirements that must be satisfied for interest on state or local obligations, such as the Bonds, to be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. These requirements include limitations on the use of bond proceeds and the source of repayment of bonds, limitations on the investment of bond proceeds prior to expenditure, a requirement that excess arbitrage earned on the investment of bond proceeds be paid periodically to the United States and a requirement that the issuer file an information report with the Internal Revenue Service (the "Service"). The District has covenanted in the Bond Resolution that it will comply with these requirements.

Bond Counsel's opinion will assume continuing compliance with the covenants of the Bond Resolution pertaining to those sections of the Code that affect the excludability of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes and, in addition, will rely on representations by the District and other parties involved with the issuance of the Bonds with respect to matters solely within the knowledge of the District and such parties, which Bond Counsel has not independently verified. If the District fails to comply with the covenants in the Bond Resolution or if the foregoing representations are determined to be inaccurate or incomplete, interest on the Bonds could become includable in gross income from the Date of Delivery of the Bonds, regardless of the date on which the event causing such inclusion occurs.

Bond Counsel will express no opinion as to the amount or timing of interest on the Bonds or, except as stated above, any federal, state or local tax consequences resulting from the receipt or accrual of interest on, or acquisition, ownership or disposition of, the Bonds. Certain actions may be taken or omitted subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Bond Resolution upon the advice or with the approving opinion of Bond Counsel. Bond Counsel will express no opinion with respect to Bond Counsel's ability to render an opinion that such actions, if taken or omitted, will not adversely affect the excludability of interest of the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

Bond Counsel's opinions are based on existing law, which is subject to change. Such opinions are further based on Bond Counsel's knowledge of facts as of the date thereof. Bond Counsel assumes no duty to update or supplement its opinions to reflect any facts or circumstances that may thereafter come to Bond Counsel's attention or to reflect any changes in any law that may thereafter occur or become effective. Moreover, Bond Counsel's opinions are not a guarantee of result and are not binding on the Service; rather, such opinions represent Bond Counsel's legal judgment based upon its review of existing law and in reliance upon the representations and covenants referenced above that it deems relevant to such opinions. The Service has an ongoing audit program to determine compliance with rules that relate to whether interest on state or local obligations is includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes. No assurance can be given as to whether the Service will commence an audit of the Bonds. If an audit is commenced, in accordance with its current published procedures the Service is likely to treat the District as the taxpayer, and the Owners of the Bonds may not have a right to participate in such audit. Public awareness of any future audit of the Bonds could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the Bonds, regardless of the ultimate outcome of the audit.

Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations

The Code requires a pro rata reduction in the interest expense deduction of a financial institution to reflect such financial institution's investment in tax-exempt obligations acquired after August 7, 1986. An exception to the foregoing provision is provided in the Code for "qualified tax-exempt obligations," which include tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, (a) designated by the issuer as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" and (b) issued by or on behalf of a political subdivision for which the aggregate amount of tax-exempt obligations (not including private activity bonds other than qualified 501(c)(3) bonds) to be issued during the calendar year is not expected to exceed \$10,000,000.

The District has designated the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" and has represented that the aggregate amount of tax-exempt bonds (including the Bonds) issued by the District and entities aggregated with the District under the Code during calendar year 2026 is not expected to exceed \$10,000,000 and that the District and entities aggregated with the

District under the Code have not designated more than \$10,000,000 in "qualified tax-exempt obligations" (including the Bonds) during calendar year 2026.

Notwithstanding these exceptions, financial institutions acquiring the Bonds will be subject to a 20% disallowance of allocable interest expense.

Additional Federal Income Tax Considerations

Collateral Tax Consequences

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should be aware that the ownership of tax-exempt obligations may result in collateral federal income tax consequences, including but not limited to those noted below. Therefore, prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of the Bonds.

An "applicable corporation" (as defined in section 59(k) of the Code) may be subject to a 15% alternative minimum tax imposed under section 55 of the Code on its "adjusted financial statement income" (as defined in section 56A of the Code) for such taxable year. Because interest on tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, is included in a corporation's "adjusted financial statement income," ownership of the Bonds could subject certain corporations to alternative minimum tax consequences.

Ownership of tax-exempt obligations also may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to financial institutions, life insurance and property and casualty insurance companies, certain S corporations with Subchapter C earnings and profits, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations, low and middle income taxpayers otherwise qualifying for the health insurance premium assistance credit and individuals otherwise qualifying for the earned income tax credit. In addition, certain foreign corporations doing business in the United States may be subject to the "branch profits tax" on their effectively connected earnings and profits, including tax-exempt interest such as interest on the Bonds.

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should also be aware that, under the Code, taxpayers are required to report on their returns the amount of tax-exempt interest, such as interest on the Bonds, received or accrued during the year.

Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Premium

If the issue price of any maturity of the Bonds exceeds the stated redemption price payable at maturity of such Bonds, such Bonds (the "Premium Bonds") are considered for federal income tax purposes to have "bond premium" equal to the amount of such excess. The basis of a Premium Bond in the hands of an initial owner is reduced by the amount of such excess that is amortized during the period such initial owner holds such Premium Bond in determining gain or loss for federal income tax purposes. This reduction in basis will increase the amount of any gain or decrease the amount of any loss recognized for federal income tax purposes on the sale or other taxable disposition of a Premium Bond by the initial owner. No corresponding deduction is allowed for federal income tax purposes for the reduction in basis resulting from amortizable bond premium. The amount of bond premium on a Premium Bond that is amortizable each year (or shorter period in the event of a sale or disposition of a Premium Bond) is determined using the yield to maturity on the Premium Bond based on the initial offering price of such Premium Bond.

The federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and redemption, sale or other disposition of Premium Bonds that are not purchased in the initial offering at the initial offering price may be determined according to rules that differ from those described above. All owners of Premium Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for federal, state, and local income tax purposes of amortized bond premium upon the redemption, sale or other disposition of a Premium Bond and with respect to the federal, state, local, and foreign tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, and sale, redemption or other disposition of such Premium Bonds.

Tax Accounting Treatment of Original Issue Discount

If the issue price of any maturity of the Bonds is less than the stated redemption price payable at maturity of such Bonds (the "OID Bonds"), the difference between (i) the amount payable at the maturity of each OID Bond, and (ii) the initial offering price to the public of such OID Bond constitutes original issue discount with respect to such OID Bond in the hands of any owner who has purchased such OID Bond in the initial public offering of the Bonds. Generally, such initial owner is entitled to exclude from gross income (as defined in section 61 of the Code) an amount of income with respect to such OID Bond equal to that portion of the amount of such original issue discount allocable to the period that such OID Bond continues to be owned by such owner. Because original issue discount is treated as interest for federal income tax purposes, the discussions regarding interest on the Bonds under the captions "TAX MATTERS – Tax Exemption," "TAX MATTERS – Additional Federal Income Tax Considerations – Collateral Tax Consequences," and "TAX MATTERS – Additional Federal Income Tax Considerations – Tax Legislative Changes" generally apply and should be considered in connection with the discussion in this portion of the Official Statement.

In the event of the redemption, sale or other taxable disposition of such OID Bond prior to stated maturity, however, the amount realized by such owner in excess of the basis of such OID Bond in the hands of such owner (adjusted upward by the portion of the original issue discount allocable to the period for which such OID Bond was held by such initial owner) is includable in gross income.

The foregoing discussion assumes that (i) the Underwriter has purchased the Bonds for contemporaneous sale to the public and (ii) all of the OID Bonds have been initially offered, and a substantial amount of each maturity thereof has been sold, to the general public in arm's-length transactions for a price (and with no other consideration being included) not more than the initial offering prices thereof stated on the inside cover page of this Official Statement. Neither the District nor Bond Counsel has made any investigation or offers any assurance that the OID Bonds will be offered and sold in accordance with such assumptions.

Under existing law, the original issue discount on each OID Bond accrues daily to the stated maturity thereof (in amounts calculated as described below for each six-month period ending on the date before the semiannual anniversary dates of the date of the Bonds and ratably within each such six-month period) and the accrued amount is added to an initial owner's basis for such OID Bond for purposes of determining the amount of gain or loss recognized by such owner upon the redemption, sale or other disposition thereof. The amount to be added to basis for each accrual period is equal to (i) the sum of the issue price and the amount of original issue discount accrued in prior periods multiplied by the yield to stated maturity (determined on the basis of compounding at the close of each accrual period and properly adjusted for the length of the accrual period) less (ii) the amounts payable as current interest during such accrual period on such Bond.

The federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, and redemption, sale or other disposition of OID Bonds that are not purchased in the initial offering at the initial offering price may be determined according to rules that differ from those described above. All owners of OID Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for federal, state, and local income tax purposes of interest accrued upon redemption, sale or other disposition of such OID Bonds and with respect to the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, redemption, sale or other disposition of such OID Bonds.

Tax Legislative Changes

Current law may change so as to directly or indirectly reduce or eliminate the benefit of the excludability of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Any proposed legislation, whether or not enacted, could also affect the value and liquidity of the Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult with their own tax advisors with respect to any recently enacted, proposed, pending or future legislation.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

In the Bond Resolution, the District has the following agreement for the benefit of the holders and beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District is required to observe the agreement for so long as it remains obligated to advance funds to pay the Bonds. Under the agreement, the District will be obligated to provide certain updated financial information and operating data annually, and timely notice of specified material events, to certain information to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"). The MSRB established the Electronic Municipal Market Access ("EMMA") system.

Annual Reports

The District will provide certain updated financial information and operating data to EMMA annually.

The information to be updated with respect to the District includes all quantitative financial information and operating data of the general type included under "DISTRICT DEBT" (except under the subheadings "Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt Statement"), "TAX DATA," and "APPENDIX B." The District will update and provide this information within six (6) months after the end of each of its fiscal years ending in or after 2026. The District will provide the updated information to EMMA.

Any information so provided shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards or other such principles as the District may be required to employ from time to time pursuant to Texas law or regulation, and audited if the audit report is completed within the period during which it must be provided. If the audit report is not complete within such period, then the District shall provide unaudited financial statements for the applicable fiscal year to EMMA within such six (6) month period, and audited financial statements when the audit report becomes available.

The District's current fiscal year end is July 31. Accordingly, it must provide updated information by January 31 in each year, unless the District changes its fiscal year. If the District changes its fiscal year, it will notify EMMA of the change.

Event Notices

The District will provide timely notices of certain events to the MSRB, but in no event will such notices be provided to the MSRB in excess of 10 business days after the occurrence of an event. The District will provide notice of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds: (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (2) non-payment related defaults, if material; (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (4) unscheduled draws on credit

enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (6) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Bonds, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds; (7) modifications to rights of beneficial owners of the Bonds, if material; (8) bond calls, if material, and tender offers; (9) defeasances; (10) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material; (11) rating changes; (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership, or similar event of the District or other obligated person; (13) consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the District or other obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the District or other obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material; (15) incurrence of a financial obligation of the District or other obligated person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the District or other obligated person, any of which affect Beneficial Owners of the Bonds, if material; and (16) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the District or other obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties. The terms "obligated person" and "financial obligations" when used in this paragraph shall have the meanings ascribed to them under SEC Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule"). The term "material" when used in this paragraph shall have the meaning ascribed to it under federal securities laws. Neither the Bonds nor the Bond Resolution make any provision for debt service reserves or liquidity enhancement. In addition, the District will provide timely notice of any failure by the District to provide information, data, or financial statements in accordance with its agreement discussed under "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION – Annual Reports."

Availability of Information from EMMA

The District has agreed to provide the information only to the MSRB. The MSRB has prescribed that such information must be filed via EMMA. The MSRB makes the information available to the public without charge and investors will be able to access continuing disclosure information filed with the MSRB at www.emma.msrb.org.

Limitations and Amendments

The District has agreed to update information and to provide notices of material events only as described above. The District has not agreed to provide other information that may be relevant or material to a complete presentation of its financial results, operations, conditions, or prospects or to update any information that is provided, except as described above. The District makes no representation or warranty concerning such information or concerning its usefulness to a decision to invest in or sell Bonds at any future date. The District disclaims any contractual or tort liability for damages resulting in whole or in part from any breach of its continuing disclosure agreement or from any statement made pursuant to its agreement, although registered owners and beneficial owners of the Bonds may seek a writ of mandamus to compel the District to comply with its agreement.

The District may amend its continuing disclosure agreement from time to time to adapt the changed circumstances that arise from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature, status, or type of operations of the District, if but only if the agreement, as amended, would have permitted an underwriter to purchase or sell Bonds in the offering made hereby in compliance with the Rule, taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule to the date of such amendment, as well as such changed circumstances, and either the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Bonds consent to the amendment or any person unaffiliated with the District (such as nationally recognized bond counsel) determines that the amendment will not materially impair the interests of the holders and beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District may amend or repeal the agreement in the Bond Resolution if the SEC amends or repeals the applicable provisions of the Rule or a court of final jurisdiction determines that such provisions are invalid or unenforceable, but only to the extent that its right to do so would not prevent the Initial Purchaser from lawfully purchasing the Bonds in the initial offering. If the District so amends the agreement, it has agreed to include with any financial information or operating data next provided in accordance with its agreement discussed under "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION – Annual Reports," an explanation, in narrative form, of the reasons for the amendment and of the impact of any change in the type of financial information and operating data so provided.

Compliance with Prior Undertakings

During the last five years, the District has complied in all material respects with all continuing disclosure agreements made by it in accordance with the Rule.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

General

The information contained herein has been obtained primarily from the District's records, the Engineer, the Developer, the Tax Assessor/Collector, and other sources believed to be reliable; however, no representation is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein, except as described below. All of the summaries of the statutes,

resolutions, orders, contracts, audits, and engineering and other related reports set forth herein are made subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions and reference is made to such documents for further information.

The District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2025, were audited by the Auditor and are attached hereto as "APPENDIX B." The Auditor has consented to the publication of such financial statements herein.

Experts

The information contained herein relating to engineering and to the description of the Utility System, and, in particular, that engineering information included under "THE BONDS – Use and Distribution of Bond Proceeds," "THE DISTRICT – Description," and "THE FLOOD PROTECTION SYSTEM" has been provided by the Engineer and has been included herein in reliance upon the authority of said firm as experts in the field of civil engineering.

The information included under "THE UTILITY SYSTEM," as it relates to "Water Supply" and "Wastewater Treatment," and that engineering information included under "THE ROAD SYSTEM," has been provided by Pape-Dawson Engineers, LLC and has been included herein in reliance upon the authority of said firm as experts in the field of civil engineering.

The information contained herein relating to assessed valuations of property generally and, in particular, that information concerning collection rates and valuations included under "TAX DATA" and "DISTRICT DEBT" was provided by the Tax Assessor/Collector and the Appraisal District. Such information has been included herein in reliance upon the Tax Assessor/Collector's authority as an expert in the field of tax collection and the Appraisal District's authority as an expert in the field of tax assessing.

Certification as to Official Statement

The District, acting by and through its Board in its official capacity and in reliance upon the experts listed above, hereby certifies, as of the date hereof, that to the best of its knowledge and belief, the information, statements, and descriptions pertaining to the District and its affairs herein contain no untrue statements of a material fact and do not omit to state any material fact necessary to make the statements herein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. The information, descriptions, and statements concerning entities other than the District, including particularly other governmental entities, have been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but the District has made no independent investigation or verification of such matters and makes no representation as to the accuracy or completeness thereof.

Updating of Official Statement

If, subsequent to the date of this Official Statement, the District learns, through the ordinary course of business and without undertaking any investigation or examination for such purposes, or is notified by the Initial Purchaser, of any adverse event which causes this Official Statement to be materially misleading, and unless the Initial Purchaser elects to terminate its obligation to purchase the Bonds, the District will promptly prepare and supply to the Initial Purchaser an appropriate amendment or supplement to this Official Statement satisfactory to the Initial Purchase; provided, however, that the obligation of the District to so amend or supplement this Official Statement will terminate when the District delivers the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser, unless the Initial Purchaser notifies the District in writing on or before such date that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers, in which case the District's obligations hereunder will extend for an additional period of time (but not more than 90 days after the date the District delivers the Bonds) until all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers.

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CONCLUDING STATEMENT

The information set forth herein has been obtained from the District's records, audited financial statements, and other sources which are considered to be reliable. There is no guarantee that any of the assumptions or estimates contained herein will ever be realized. All of the summaries of the statutes, documents, and resolutions contained herein are made subject to all of the provisions of such statutes, documents, and resolutions. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions and reference is made to such summarized documents for further information. Reference is made to official documents in all respects.

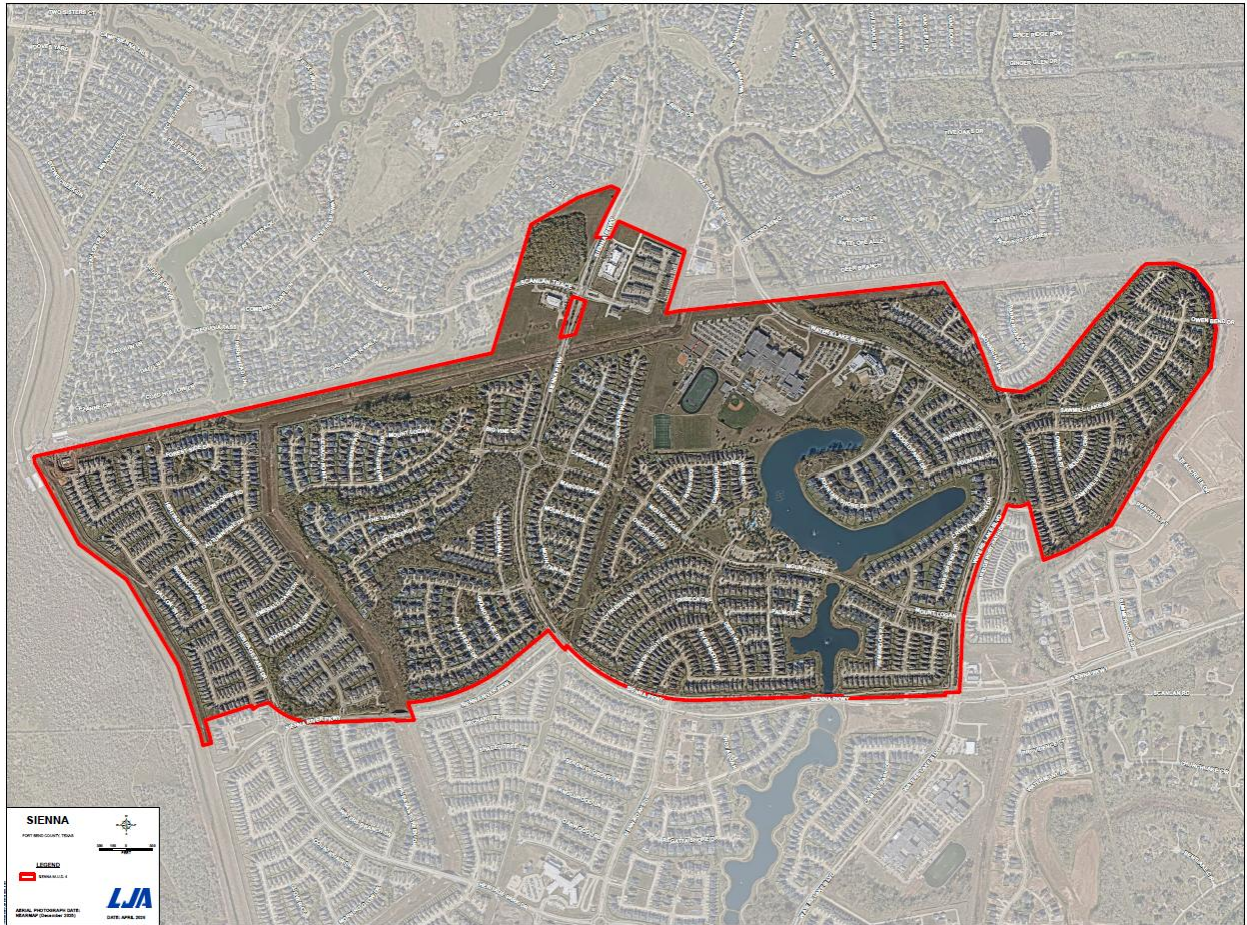
This Official Statement was approved by the Board of Directors of Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 as of the date shown on the cover.

/s/ Jose "Tony" Munoz
President, Board of Directors
Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4

ATTEST:

/s/ Michael Baquiran
Secretary, Board of Directors
Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4

APPENDIX A
Aerial Photograph of the District



APPENDIX B
Financial Statements of the District

**SIENNA MUNICIPAL
UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 4
FORT BEND COUNTY, TEXAS
FINANCIAL REPORT
July 31, 2025**

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McGRATH & CO., PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

2900 North Loop West, Suite 880

Houston, Texas 77092

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Fort Bend County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended July 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4, as of July 31, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

***Board of Directors
Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Fort Bend County, Texas***

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied

***Board of Directors
Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Fort Bend County, Texas***

certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Texas Supplementary Information schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Texas Supplementary Information schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

WCG & Co, PLLC

Houston, Texas
November 3, 2025

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

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***Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Management's Discussion and Analysis
July 31, 2025***

Using this Annual Report

This section of the financial report of Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 (the "District") provides a narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2025. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the independent auditor's report and the basic financial statements that follow this section.

In addition to this discussion and analysis, this annual report consists of:

- The District's basic financial statements;
- Notes to the basic financial statements, which provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements;
- Supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) concerning the District's budget; and
- Other Texas supplementary information required by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).

Overview of the Financial Statements

The District prepares its basic financial statements using a format that combines fund financial statements and government-wide statements onto one financial statement. The combined statements are the *Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet* and the *Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances*. Each statement contains an adjustments column which quantifies the differences between the government-wide and fund level statements. Additional details of the adjustments are provided in Note 2 to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District, both long-term and short-term. The District's government-wide financial statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, which are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The *Statement of Net Position* includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the residual reported as net position. Over time, changes in net position may provide a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating.

Accounting standards establish three components of net position. The net investment in capital assets component represents the District's investments in capital assets, less any outstanding debt or other borrowings used to acquire those assets. Resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The restricted component of net position consists of financial resources that are restricted for a specific purpose by enabling legislation or external parties. The unrestricted component of net position represents resources not included in the other components.

***Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Management's Discussion and Analysis
July 31, 2025***

The *Statement of Activities* reports how the District's net position has changed during the fiscal year. All revenues and expenses are included on this statement, regardless of whether cash has been received or paid.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements include the *Governmental Funds Balance Sheet* and the *Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances*. The focus of fund financial statements is on specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole, reported using modified accrual accounting. These statements report on the District's use of available financial resources and the balances of available financial resources at the end of the year. Except for the General Fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties, governmental statutes or regulations.

For further discussion on the government-wide and fund financial statements, please refer to Note 1 in the financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's net position at July 31, 2025, was negative \$40,547,028. The District's net position is negative because the District incurs debt to construct public roads which it conveys to Fort Bend County. A comparative summary of the District's overall financial position, as of July 31, 2025 and 2024, is as follows:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 16,877,823	\$ 16,117,633
Capital assets	45,724,346	47,368,417
Total assets	<u>62,602,169</u>	<u>63,486,050</u>
Current liabilities	5,166,375	4,584,188
Long-term liabilities	97,982,822	95,785,114
Total liabilities	<u>103,149,197</u>	<u>100,369,302</u>
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	(14,249,864)	(13,574,952)
Restricted	7,041,261	6,186,075
Unrestricted	<u>(33,338,425)</u>	<u>(29,494,375)</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ (40,547,028)</u>	<u>\$ (36,883,252)</u>

***Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Management's Discussion and Analysis
July 31, 2025***

The total net position of the District decreased during the current fiscal year by \$3,663,776. A comparative summary of the District's *Statement of Activities* for the past two fiscal years is as follows:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Revenues		
Property taxes, penalties and interest	\$ 11,000,818	\$ 10,590,355
Water and sewer service	2,042,974	2,124,215
Surface water fees	865,370	927,058
Other	1,378,289	1,482,893
Total revenues	<u>15,287,451</u>	<u>15,124,521</u>
Expenses		
Current service operations	2,883,512	2,720,432
Debt interest and fees	3,240,827	2,848,652
Developer interest	1,942,658	832,145
Debt issuance costs	1,034,610	789,671
Intergovernmental	5,160,033	5,341,373
Depreciation and amortization	1,644,071	1,644,071
Total expenses	<u>15,905,711</u>	<u>14,176,344</u>
Change in net position before other item	(618,260)	948,177
Other item		
Transfers to other governments	<u>(3,045,516)</u>	<u>(1,386,192)</u>
Change in net position	(3,663,776)	(438,015)
Net position, beginning of year	<u>(36,883,252)</u>	<u>(36,445,237)</u>
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ (40,547,028)</u>	<u>\$ (36,883,252)</u>

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances, as of July 31, 2025, were \$16,023,554, which consists of \$6,401,119 in the General Fund, \$8,262,119 in the Debt Service Fund, \$1,360,316 in the Capital Projects Fund.

***Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Management's Discussion and Analysis
July 31, 2025***

General Fund

A comparative summary of the General Fund's financial position as of July 31, 2025 and 2024, is as follows:

	2025	2024
Total assets	<u>\$ 7,086,413</u>	<u>\$ 6,696,260</u>
Total liabilities	\$ 676,542	\$ 647,422
Total deferred inflows	8,752	9,573
Total fund balance	<u>6,401,119</u>	<u>6,039,265</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	<u>\$ 7,086,413</u>	<u>\$ 6,696,260</u>

A comparative summary of the General Fund's activities for the current and prior fiscal year is as follows:

	2025	2024
Total revenues	\$ 4,513,019	\$ 5,036,556
Total expenditures	<u>(4,151,165)</u>	<u>(4,055,891)</u>
Revenues over expenditures	<u>\$ 361,854</u>	<u>\$ 980,665</u>

The District manages its activities with the objectives of ensuring that expenditures will be adequately covered by revenues each year and that an adequate fund balance is maintained. The District's primary financial resources in the General Fund are from a property tax levy, the provision of water, sewer and fire protection services to customers within the District and tap connection fees charged to home builders in the District. Financial resources are influenced by a variety of factors each year:

- Property tax revenues are dependent upon assessed values in the District and the maintenance tax rate set by the District. While assessed values in the District increased from the prior year, property tax revenues decreased because the District decreased the maintenance component of the levy.
- Water, sewer and surface water revenues are dependent upon customer usage, which fluctuates from year to year as a result of factors beyond the District's control.
- Revenues from providing fire protection services are based on the number of connections in the District and remain consistent from year to year.
- Tap connection fees fluctuate with homebuilding activity within the District.

***Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Management's Discussion and Analysis
July 31, 2025***

Debt Service Fund

A comparative summary of the Debt Service Fund's financial position as of July 31, 2025 and 2024, is as follows:

	2025	2024
Total assets	<u>\$ 8,431,094</u>	<u>\$ 7,407,841</u>
Total liabilities	\$ -	\$ 913
Total deferred inflows	168,975	124,277
Total fund balance	<u>8,262,119</u>	<u>7,282,651</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	<u>\$ 8,431,094</u>	<u>\$ 7,407,841</u>

A comparative summary of the Debt Service Fund's activities for the current and prior fiscal year is as follows:

	2025	2024
Total revenues	\$ 10,635,580	\$ 9,923,510
Total expenditures	<u>(9,656,112)</u>	<u>(8,954,267)</u>
Revenues over expenditures	<u>\$ 979,468</u>	<u>\$ 969,243</u>

The District's financial resources in the Debt Service Fund in both the current and prior fiscal year are from property tax revenues. The difference between these financial resources and debt service requirements resulted in an increase in fund balance each year. It is important to note that the District sets its annual debt service tax rate as recommended by its financial advisor, who monitors projected cash flows in the Debt Service Fund to ensure that the District will be able to meet its future debt service requirements.

Capital Projects Fund

A comparative summary of the Capital Projects Fund's financial position as of July 31, 2025 and 2024, is as follows:

	2025	2024
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,360,316</u>	<u>\$ 2,013,532</u>
Total fund balance	<u>\$ 1,360,316</u>	<u>\$ 2,013,532</u>

***Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Management's Discussion and Analysis
July 31, 2025***

A comparative summary of activities in the Capital Projects Fund for the current and prior fiscal year is as follows:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Total revenues	\$ 94,975	\$ 98,338
Total expenditures	<u>(12,633,191)</u>	<u>(8,646,327)</u>
Revenues under expenditures	(12,538,216)	(8,547,989)
Other changes in fund balance	<u>11,885,000</u>	<u>9,880,000</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (653,216)</u>	<u>\$ 1,332,011</u>

The District has had considerable capital asset activity in the last two years, which was financed with proceeds from the issuance of its Series 2024 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds in the current fiscal year and issuance of its Series 2023 Unlimited Tax Bonds and Series 2023 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds in the prior year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Board of Directors adopts an annual unappropriated budget for the General Fund prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The Board amended the budget during the year to reflect changes in anticipated expenditures.

Since the District's budget is primarily a planning tool, actual results varied from the budgeted amounts. Actual net change in fund balance was \$95,559 greater than budgeted. The *Budgetary Comparison Schedule* on page 42 of this report provides variance information per financial statement line item.

Capital Assets

The District has entered into financing agreements with its developers for the financing of the construction of capital assets within the District. Developers will be reimbursed from proceeds of future bond issues or other lawfully available funds. These developer funded capital assets are recorded on the District's financial statements upon completion of construction.

***Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Management's Discussion and Analysis
July 31, 2025***

Capital assets held by the District at July 31, 2025 and 2024, are summarized as follows:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated		
Land and improvements	<u>\$ 1,377,767</u>	<u>\$ 1,377,767</u>
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized		
Infrastructure	42,864,591	42,864,591
Landscaping improvements	11,162,911	11,162,911
Master District connection charges	342,760	342,760
	<u>54,370,262</u>	<u>54,370,262</u>
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization		
Infrastructure	(8,208,819)	(7,132,415)
Landscaping improvements	(1,664,908)	(1,106,762)
Master District connection charges	(149,956)	(140,435)
	<u>(10,023,683)</u>	<u>(8,379,612)</u>
Subtotal depreciable capital assets, net	<u>44,346,579</u>	<u>45,990,650</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 45,724,346</u>	<u>\$ 47,368,417</u>

Additionally, Fort Bend County assumes responsibility (after a one-year maintenance period) for road facilities constructed within the boundaries of the County. Accordingly, these facilities are not considered assets of the District. The estimated value of these assets is recorded as transfers to other governments upon completion of construction. This estimated cost is trued-up when the developer is reimbursed. For the year ended July 31, 2025, capital assets in the amount of \$3,045,516 have been recorded as transfers to other governments in the government-wide statements.

Long-Term Debt and Related Liabilities

As of July 31, 2025, the District owes approximately \$5,247,967 to developers for completed projects and operating advances. The initial cost of the completed project and related liability is estimated based on actual construction costs plus 10-15% for engineering and other fees and is recorded on the District's financial statements upon completion of construction. The District intends to reimburse the developer from proceeds of future bond issues or other lawfully available funds. The estimated cost of amounts owed to the developer is trued up when the developer is reimbursed.

***Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Management's Discussion and Analysis
July 31, 2025***

At July 31, 2025 and 2024, the District had total bonded debt outstanding as shown below:

Series	2025	2024
2016	\$ 7,170,000	\$ 7,470,000
2016A Road	7,450,000	7,760,000
2017	8,180,000	8,485,000
2018	7,155,000	7,400,000
2019 Road	6,440,000	6,665,000
2020	13,225,000	13,685,000
2021	2,990,000	3,090,000
2021 Road	3,615,000	3,740,000
2022	1,300,000	1,330,000
2022 Road	17,140,000	17,560,000
2023	3,750,000	3,825,000
2023 Road	5,935,000	6,055,000
2024 Park	11,885,000	
	\$ 96,235,000	\$ 87,065,000

During the current fiscal year, the District issued \$11,885,000 in unlimited tax park bonds. At July 31, 2025, the District had \$214,895,000 unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District and the refunding of such bonds; \$56,315,000 for parks and recreational facilities and the refunding of such bonds and \$121,565,000 for road improvements and the refunding of such bonds.

Property Taxes

The District's property tax base increased approximately \$42,111,000 for the 2025 tax year from \$1,164,852,801 to \$1,206,963,864. This increase was primarily due to new construction in the District and increased property values. For the 2025 tax year, the District has levied a maintenance tax rate of \$0.05 per \$100 of assessed value, a water, sewer, and drainage debt service tax rate of \$0.33 per \$100 of assessed value, a road debt service tax rate of \$0.2475 per \$100 of assessed value, and a contract tax rate of \$0.3075 per \$100 of assessed value for a total combined tax rate of \$0.935 per \$100 of assessed value. Tax rates for the 2024 tax year were \$0.05 per \$100 for maintenance and operations, \$0.325 per \$100 for water, sewer, and drainage debt service, \$0.24 per \$100 for road debt service, and \$0.32 per \$100 for contract tax for a combined total of \$0.935 per \$100 of assessed value.

*Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Management's Discussion and Analysis
July 31, 2025*

Next Year's Budget

In establishing the budget for the next fiscal year, the Board considered various economic factors that may affect the District, most notably projected revenues from property taxes and water/sewer services and the projected cost of operating the District and providing services to customers. A comparison of next fiscal year's budget to current fiscal year actual amounts for the General Fund is as follows:

	<u>2025 Actual</u>	<u>2026 Budget</u>
Total revenues	\$ 4,513,019	\$ 4,675,750
Total expenditures	<u>(4,151,165)</u>	<u>(5,129,540)</u>
Revenues over/(under) expenditures	361,854	(453,790)
Beginning fund balance	<u>6,039,265</u>	<u>6,401,119</u>
Ending fund balance	<u><u>\$ 6,401,119</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 5,947,329</u></u>

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Basic Financial Statements

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet
July 31, 2025

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Assets						
Cash	\$ 483,790	\$ 89,384	\$ 839	\$ 574,013	\$ -	\$ 574,013
Investments	5,928,663	8,173,726	1,414,477	15,516,866		15,516,866
Taxes receivable	8,752	168,975		177,727		177,727
Customer service receivables	400,950			400,950		400,950
Internal balances	55,991	(991)	(55,000)			
Prepaid items	6,610			6,610		6,610
Other receivables	6,455			6,455		6,455
Operating reserve	195,202			195,202		195,202
Capital assets not being depreciated					1,377,767	1,377,767
Capital assets, net					44,346,579	44,346,579
Total Assets	\$ 7,086,413	\$ 8,431,094	\$ 1,360,316	\$ 16,877,823	45,724,346	62,602,169
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 645,246	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 645,246		645,246
Other payables	9,261			9,261		9,261
Customer deposits	22,035			22,035		22,035
Accrued interest payable					1,389,833	1,389,833
Due to developer					5,247,967	5,247,967
Long-term debt						
Due within one year					3,100,000	3,100,000
Due after one year					92,734,855	92,734,855
Total Liabilities	676,542			676,542	102,472,655	103,149,197
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred property taxes	8,752	168,975		177,727	(177,727)	
Fund Balances/Net Position						
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable	201,812			201,812	(201,812)	
Restricted		8,262,119	1,360,316	9,622,435	(9,622,435)	
Unassigned	6,199,307			6,199,307	(6,199,307)	
Total Fund Balances	6,401,119	8,262,119	1,360,316	16,023,554	(16,023,554)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 7,086,413	\$ 8,431,094	\$ 1,360,316	\$ 16,877,823		
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets					(14,249,864)	(14,249,864)
Restricted for debt service					7,041,261	7,041,261
Unrestricted					(33,338,425)	(33,338,425)
Total Net Position					\$ (40,547,028)	\$ (40,547,028)

See notes to basic financial statements.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended July 31, 2025

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Revenues						
Water service	\$ 843,603	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 843,603	\$ -	\$ 843,603
Sewer service	1,199,371			1,199,371		1,199,371
Property taxes	583,456	10,275,053		10,858,509	35,425	10,893,934
Penalties and interest	38,576	59,856		98,432	8,452	106,884
Tap connection and inspection	62,303			62,303		62,303
Surface water fees	865,370			865,370		865,370
Fire protection fees	647,732			647,732		647,732
Miscellaneous	16,711	17,084		33,795		33,795
Investment earnings	255,897	283,587	94,975	634,459		634,459
Total Revenues	4,513,019	10,635,580	94,975	15,243,574	43,877	15,287,451
Expenditures/Expenses						
Current service operations						
Professional fees	187,853			187,853		187,853
Contracted services	794,781	172,152		966,933		966,933
Repairs and maintenance	630,887			630,887		630,887
Utilities	112,419			112,419		112,419
Surface water fees	863,487			863,487		863,487
Administrative	69,761	15,573		85,334		85,334
Other	36,539		60	36,599		36,599
Capital outlay			9,655,863	9,655,863	(9,655,863)	
Debt service						
Principal		2,715,000		2,715,000	(2,715,000)	
Interest and fees		3,048,792		3,048,792	192,035	3,240,827
Developer interest			1,942,658	1,942,658		1,942,658
Debt issuance costs			1,034,610	1,034,610		1,034,610
Intergovernmental						
Master District connection charges	739,999			739,999		739,999
Facilities renewal and replacement	76,011			76,011		76,011
Fire protection services	639,428			639,428		639,428
Contractual obligations		3,704,595		3,704,595		3,704,595
Depreciation and amortization					1,644,071	1,644,071
Total Expenditures/Expenses	4,151,165	9,656,112	12,633,191	26,440,468	(10,534,757)	15,905,711
Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures/Expenses	361,854	979,468	(12,538,216)	(11,196,894)	10,578,634	(618,260)
Other Financing Sources						
Proceeds from sale of bonds			11,885,000	11,885,000	(11,885,000)	
Other Item						
Transfers to other governments					(3,045,516)	(3,045,516)
Net Change in Fund Balances	361,854	979,468	(653,216)	688,106	(688,106)	
Change in Net Position					(3,663,776)	(3,663,776)
Fund Balance/Net Position						
Beginning of the year	6,039,265	7,282,651	2,013,532	15,335,448	(52,218,700)	(36,883,252)
End of the year	\$ 6,401,119	\$ 8,262,119	\$ 1,360,316	\$ 16,023,554	\$ (56,570,582)	\$ (40,547,028)

See notes to basic financial statements.

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Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Notes to Financial Statements
July 31, 2025

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4 (the “District”) conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”). The following is a summary of the most significant policies:

Creation

The District was organized, created and established as Sienna Plantation Municipal Utility District No. 4 pursuant to an order of the Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission, statutory predecessor to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, dated March 10, 1997, and operates in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapters 49 and 54. The Board of Directors held its first meeting on October 31, 2000 and the first bonds were issued on October 27, 2016. In 2009, the Texas Legislature adopted Chapter 8320 Special District Local Laws Code, to give the District the powers and duties essential to acquire, construct, and maintain roads and road improvements. On October 7, 2020, the District obtained approval from the TCEQ to change the District’s name to Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4.

The District’s primary activities include construction, maintenance and operation of water, sewer, drainage, parks and road facilities. The District has contracted with various consultants to provide services to operate and administer the affairs of the District. The District has no employees, related payroll or pension costs.

Reporting Entity

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected five-member board. The GASB has established the criteria for determining the reporting entity for financial statement reporting purposes. To qualify as a primary government, a government must have a separately elected governing body, be legally separate, and be fiscally independent of other state and local governments, while a component unit is a legally separate government for which the elected officials of a primary government are financially accountable. Fiscal independence implies that the government has the authority to adopt a budget, levy taxes, set rates, and/or issue bonds without approval from other governments. Under these criteria, the District is considered a primary government and is not a component unit of any other government. Additionally, no other entities meet the criteria for inclusion in the District’s financial statements as component units.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the District as a whole. These statements focus on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. Interfund activity, if any, has been removed from these statements. These aggregated statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Notes to Financial Statements
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Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for a specific purpose. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Most governments typically have many funds; however, governmental financial statements focus on the most important or “major” funds with non-major funds aggregated in a single column. The District has three governmental funds, which are all considered major funds.

The following is a description of the various funds used by the District:

- The General Fund is used to account for the operations of the District’s water and sewer system and all other financial transactions not reported in other funds. The principal sources of revenue are property taxes and water, sewer and fire protection service fees and tap connection fees. Expenditures include costs associated with the daily operations of the District.
- The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District’s general long-term debt. The primary source of revenue for debt service is property taxes. Expenditures include costs incurred in assessing and collecting these taxes.
- The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the expenditures of bond proceeds for the construction of the District’s water, sewer, drainage and road facilities.

As a special-purpose government engaged in a single governmental program, the District has opted to combine its government-wide and fund financial statements in a columnar format showing an adjustments column for reconciling items between the two.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized in the accounting period in which it becomes both available and measurable to finance expenditures of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, interest earned on investments and income from District operations. Property taxes receivable at the end of the fiscal year are treated as deferred inflows because they are not considered available to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

Note 2 further details the adjustments from the governmental fund presentation to the government-wide presentation.

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Use of Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the District uses restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments made by the District reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Receivables from and payables to external parties are reported separately and are not offset, unless a legal right of offset exists. At July 31, 2025, an allowance for uncollectible accounts was not considered necessary.

Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds. This can include internal transfers, payables and receivables. This activity is combined as internal balances and is eliminated in both the government-wide and fund financial statement presentation.

Capital Assets

Capital assets do not provide financial resources at the fund level, and, therefore, are reported only in the government-wide statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost that exceeds the capitalization threshold for the asset class and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets that individually are below the capitalization threshold but, in the aggregate, are above the threshold are capitalized. Subsequent replacements of these assets that do not exceed the threshold are not capitalized. The District's capitalization threshold for infrastructure assets is \$50,000. The threshold for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) is \$250,000.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value, which is the price that would be paid to acquire the asset on the acquisition date. The District has not capitalized interest incurred during the construction of its capital assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciable capital assets, which primarily consist of water, wastewater and drainage facilities, are depreciated (or amortized in the case of intangible assets) using the straight-line method as follows:

Assets	Useful Life
Infrastructure	10-45 years
Landscaping improvements	20 years
Master District connection charges	40 years [max]

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Financial Resources

A deferred inflow of financial resources is the acquisition of resources in one period that is applicable to a future period, while a deferred outflow of financial resources is the consumption of financial resources in one period that is applicable to a future period. A deferred inflow results from the acquisition of an asset without a corresponding revenue or assumption of a liability. A deferred outflow results from the use of an asset without a corresponding expenditure or reduction of a liability.

At the fund level, property taxes receivable not collected within 60 days of fiscal year end do not meet the availability criteria required for revenue recognition and are recorded as deferred inflows of financial resources.

Net Position – Governmental Activities

Governmental accounting standards establish the following three components of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – represents the District’s investments in capital assets, less any outstanding debt or other borrowings used to acquire those assets.

Restricted – consists of financial resources that are restricted for a specific purpose by enabling legislation or external parties.

Unrestricted – resources not included in the other components.

Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Governmental accounting standards establish the following fund balance classifications:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District’s nonspendable fund balance consists of prepaid items and operating reserves paid to Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 5 for the joint water and sewer facilities.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments. The District’s restricted fund balances consist of unspent bond proceeds in the Capital Projects Fund and property taxes levied for debt service in the Debt Service Fund.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The District does not have any committed fund balances.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
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Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The District has not adopted a formal policy regarding the assignment of fund balances and does not have any assigned fund balances.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses/expenditures during the period reported. These estimates include, among others, the collectability of receivables; the useful lives and impairment of capital assets; the value of amounts due to developer; the value of capital assets transferred to Fort Bend County and the value of capital assets for which the developer has not been fully reimbursed. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

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Notes to Financial Statements
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Note 2 – Adjustment from Governmental to Government-wide Basis

Reconciliation of the *Governmental Funds Balance Sheet* to the *Statement of Net Position*

Total fund balance, governmental funds \$ 16,023,554

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

Historical cost	\$ 55,748,029	
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization	(10,023,683)	
		45,724,346

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. The difference consists of:

Accrued interest payable	(1,389,833)	
Due to developer	(5,247,967)	
Bonds payable, net	(95,834,855)	
		(102,472,655)

Deferred inflows in the fund statements consist of property taxes and related penalties and interest receivable that have been levied and are due, but are not available to pay current period expenditures. These amounts are included in revenues in the government-wide statements.

177,727

Total net position - governmental activities	\$ (40,547,028)
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Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
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Reconciliation of the *Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances* to the *Statement of Activities*

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 688,106

Governmental funds do not report revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the *Statement of Activities* when earned. The difference is for property taxes and penalties and interest. 43,877

Financial reporting for capital assets varies significantly between the fund statements and the government-wide statements. Reporting at the fund level focuses on the impact of transactions on financial resources (i.e., cash), while reporting at the government-wide level seeks to allocate the cost of the acquisition of capital assets over their useful lives and to measure the economic impact of developer financing of capital assets used by the District or conveyed to other governmental entities. Differences during the current fiscal year are for the following:

Capital outlays	\$ 9,655,863	
Transfers to other governments	(3,045,516)	
Depreciation/amortization expense	(1,644,071)	
		4,966,276

Financial reporting for certain obligations varies between the fund statements and the government-wide statements. At the fund level, the focus is on increases and decreases of financial resources as debt is issued and repaid. At the government-wide level, the focus is on measuring and reporting on changes in the District's obligation to repay liabilities in the future. Differences during the current fiscal year are for the following:

Issuance of long-term debt	(11,885,000)	
Principal payments	2,715,000	
Interest expense accrual	(192,035)	
		(9,362,035)

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ (3,663,776)

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk as it applies to deposits (i.e. cash and certificates of deposit) is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the depository institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits

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or will not be able to recover collateral securities. The *Public Funds Collateral Act* (Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code) requires that all of the District’s deposits with financial institutions be covered by federal depository insurance and, if necessary, pledged collateral held by a third-party custodian. The act further specifies the types of securities that can be used as collateral. The District’s written investment policy establishes additional requirements for collateralization of deposits.

Investments

The District is authorized by the *Public Funds Investment Act* (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code) to invest in the following: (1) obligations, including letters of credit, of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including Federal Home Loan Banks, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities, (3) certain collateralized mortgage obligations, (4) other obligations, which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, (5) certain A rated or higher obligations of states and political subdivisions of any state, (6) bonds issued, assumed or guaranteed by the State of Israel, (7) certain insured or collateralized certificates of deposit and share certificates, (8) certain fully collateralized repurchase agreements, (9) bankers’ acceptances with limitations, (10) commercial paper rated A-1 or P-1 or higher and a maturity of 270 days or less, (11) no-load money market mutual funds and no-load mutual funds, with limitations, (12) certain guaranteed investment contracts, (13) certain qualified governmental investment pools and (14) a qualified securities lending program.

The District has adopted a written investment policy to establish the principles by which the District’s investment program should be managed. This policy further restricts the types of investments in which the District may invest.

As of July 31, 2025, the District’s investments consist of the following:

Type	Fund	Carrying Value	Percentage of Total	Rating	Weighted Average Maturity
Certificates of deposit	General	\$ 200,000	1%	N/A	N/A
Texas CLASS	General	5,728,663			
	Debt Service	8,173,726			
	Capital Projects	1,414,477			
		<u>15,316,866</u>	<u>99%</u>	AAAm	34 days
Total		<u>\$ 15,516,866</u>	<u>100%</u>		

The District’s investments in certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

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Texas CLASS

The District participates in Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (Texas CLASS). Texas CLASS is managed by an elected Board of Trustees consisting of members of the pool. Additionally, the Board of Trustees has established an advisory board, the function of which is to provide guidance on investment policies and strategies. The Board of Trustees has selected Public Trust Advisors, LLC as the program administrator and UMB Bank N.A., as the custodian.

The District’s investment in Texas CLASS is reported at fair value because Texas CLASS uses fair value to report investments (other than repurchase agreements which are valued at amortized cost). Governmental accounting standards establish the following hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value: Level 1 inputs are based on quoted prices in active markets, Level 2 inputs are based on significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are based on significant unobservable inputs. The District’s investment in Texas CLASS is measured using published fair value per share (level 1 inputs).

Investments in Texas CLASS may be withdrawn via wire transfer on a same day basis, as long as the transaction is executed by 4 p.m. ACH withdrawals made by 4 p.m. will settle on the next business day.

Investment Credit and Interest Rate Risk

Investment credit risk is the risk that the investor may not recover the value of an investment from the issuer, while interest rate risk is the risk that the value of an investment will be adversely affected by changes in interest rates. The District’s investment policies do not address investment credit and interest rate risk beyond the rating and maturity restrictions established by state statutes.

Note 4 – Interfund Balances and Transactions

Amounts due to/from other funds at July 31, 2025, consist of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amounts	Purpose
General Fund	Debt Service Fund	\$ 991	Maintenance tax collections not remitted as of year end
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	55,000	Bond application fees paid by the General Fund

Amounts reported as internal balances between funds are considered temporary balances and will be paid during the following fiscal year.

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Notes to Financial Statements
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Note 5 – Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets, for the year ended July 31, 2025, is as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Additions/ Adjustments	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated			
Land and improvements	\$ 1,377,767	\$ -	\$ 1,377,767
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized			
Infrastructure	42,864,591		42,864,591
Landscaping improvements	11,162,911		11,162,911
Master District connection charges	342,760		342,760
	<u>54,370,262</u>		<u>54,370,262</u>
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization			
Infrastructure	(7,132,415)	(1,076,404)	(8,208,819)
Landscaping improvements	(1,106,762)	(558,146)	(1,664,908)
Master District connection charges	(140,435)	(9,521)	(149,956)
	<u>(8,379,612)</u>	<u>(1,644,071)</u>	<u>(10,023,683)</u>
Subtotal depreciable capital assets, net	<u>45,990,650</u>	<u>(1,644,071)</u>	<u>44,346,579</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 47,368,417</u>	<u>\$ (1,644,071)</u>	<u>\$ 45,724,346</u>

Depreciation/amortization expense for the current fiscal year was \$1,644,071.

Note 6 – Due to Developers

The District has entered into financing agreements with its developers for the financing of the construction of water, sewer, drainage, and park and recreational facilities and road improvements. Under the agreements, the developers will construct facilities on behalf of the District. The developers will be reimbursed from proceeds of future bond issues or other lawfully available funds, subject to approval by TCEQ, as applicable. The District does not record the capital asset and related liability on the government-wide statements until construction of the facilities is complete. The initial cost is estimated based on construction costs plus 10-15% for engineering and other fees. Estimates are trued up when the developer is reimbursed.

The District’s developers have also advanced funds to the District for operating expenses.

Changes in the estimated amounts due to developers during the fiscal year are as follows:

Due to developers, beginning of year	\$ 11,858,314
Developer reimbursements	(9,655,864)
Developer funded construction and adjustments	<u>3,045,517</u>
Due to developers, end of year	<u>\$ 5,247,967</u>

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Note 7 – Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt is comprised of the following:

Bonds payable	\$ 96,235,000
Unamortized discounts	(559,586)
Unamortized premium	159,441
	<u>\$ 95,834,855</u>
	<u><u>\$ 3,100,000</u></u>

The District’s bonds payable at July 31, 2025, consists of unlimited tax bonds as follows:

Series	Amounts Outstanding	Original Issue	Interest Rates	Maturity Date, Serially, Beginning/ Ending	Interest Payment Dates	Call Dates
2016	\$ 7,170,000	\$ 8,800,000	2.00% - 3.60%	September 1, 2019 - 2041	September 1, March 1	September 1, 2024
2016A Road	7,450,000	9,400,000	1.75% - 3.60%	September 1, 2018 - 2041	September 1, March 1	September 1, 2024
2017	8,180,000	10,135,000	2.50% - 3.375%	September 1, 2018 - 2042	September 1, March 1	September 1, 2025
2018	7,155,000	8,530,000	3.25% - 5.00%	September 1, 2019 - 2043	September 1, March 1	September 1, 2023
2019 Road	6,440,000	7,500,000	2.00% - 2.75%	September 1, 2020 - 2043	September 1, March 1	September 1, 2024
2020	13,225,000	14,570,000	2.00% - 3.00%	September 1, 2022 - 2045	September 1, March 1	September 1, 2025
2021	2,990,000	3,190,000	2.00% - 2.375%	September 1, 2023 - 2046	September 1, March 1	September 1, 2026
2021 Road	3,615,000	3,860,000	2.00% - 2.375%	September 1, 2023 - 2046	September 1, March 1	September 1, 2026
2022	1,300,000	1,355,000	4.00% - 5.00%	September 1, 2023 - 2047	September 1, March 1	September 1, 2028
2022 Road	17,140,000	17,920,000	3.00% - 5.50%	September 1, 2023 - 2047	September 1, March 1	September 1, 2028
2023	3,750,000	3,825,000	4.00% - 6.00%	September 1, 2024 - 2048	September 1, March 1	September 1, 2029
2023 Road	5,935,000	6,055,000	4.00% - 4.50%	September 1, 2024 - 2048	September 1, March 1	September 1, 2029
2024 Park	11,885,000	11,885,000	3.00% - 5.50%	September 1, 2025 - 2049	September 1, March 1	September 1, 2030
	<u>\$ 96,235,000</u>					

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
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Payments of principal and interest on all series of bonds are to be provided from taxes levied on all properties within the District. Investment income realized by the Debt Service Fund from investment of idle funds will be used to pay outstanding bond principal and interest. The District is in compliance with the terms of its bond resolutions.

At July 31, 2025, the District had authorized but unissued bonds in the amount of \$214,895,000 for water, sewer and drainage facilities and the refunding of such bonds; \$56,315,000 for park and recreational facilities and the refunding of such bonds; and \$121,565,000 for road improvements and the refunding of such bonds.

On October 8, 2024, the District issued its \$11,885,000 Series 2024 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds at a net effective interest rate of 4.083043%. Proceeds of the bonds were used to reimburse developers for the cost of capital assets constructed within the District plus interest expense at the net effective interest rate of the bonds.

The change in the District's long-term debt during the year is as follows:

Bonds payable, beginning of year	\$ 87,065,000
Bonds issued	11,885,000
Bonds retired	<u>(2,715,000)</u>
Bonds payable, end of year	<u><u>\$ 96,235,000</u></u>

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As of July 31, 2025, annual debt service requirements on bonds outstanding are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Totals
2026	\$ 3,100,000	\$ 3,236,947	\$ 6,336,947
2027	3,230,000	3,128,075	6,358,075
2028	3,350,000	3,017,039	6,367,039
2029	3,495,000	2,900,270	6,395,270
2030	3,620,000	2,778,081	6,398,081
2031	3,755,000	2,651,980	6,406,980
2032	3,900,000	2,523,420	6,423,420
2033	4,055,000	2,393,659	6,448,659
2034	4,210,000	2,261,653	6,471,653
2035	4,370,000	2,124,311	6,494,311
2036	4,535,000	1,979,996	6,514,996
2037	4,715,000	1,828,436	6,543,436
2038	4,890,000	1,669,603	6,559,603
2039	5,085,000	1,503,082	6,588,082
2040	5,280,000	1,327,504	6,607,504
2041	5,480,000	1,141,377	6,621,377
2042	5,695,000	945,428	6,640,428
2043	4,735,000	762,280	5,497,280
2044	4,275,000	604,023	4,879,023
2045	3,400,000	468,065	3,868,065
2046	3,535,000	344,172	3,879,172
2047	2,840,000	224,376	3,064,376
2048	2,560,000	120,694	2,680,694
2049	1,375,000	48,038	1,423,038
2050	750,000	11,250	761,250
	<u>\$ 96,235,000</u>	<u>\$ 39,993,759</u>	<u>\$ 136,228,759</u>

Note 8 – Property Taxes

On December 14, 2009, the voters of the District authorized the District’s Board of Directors to levy taxes annually for use in financing general operations limited to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed value. The District’s bond resolutions require that property taxes be levied for use in paying interest and principal on long-term debt and for use in paying the cost of assessing and collecting taxes. Taxes levied to finance debt service requirements on long-term debt are without limitation as to rate or amount.

All property values and exempt status, if any, are determined by the Fort Bend Central Appraisal District. Assessed values are determined as of January 1 of each year, at which time a tax lien attaches to the related property. Taxes are levied around October/November, are due upon receipt and are delinquent the following February 1. Penalty and interest attach thereafter.

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Property taxes are collected based on rates adopted in the year of the levy. The District’s 2025 fiscal year was financed through the 2024 tax levy, pursuant to which the District levied property taxes of \$0.935 per \$100 of assessed value, of which \$0.05 was allocated to maintenance and operations, \$0.325 was allocated to water, sewer, and drainage debt service, \$0.24 was allocated to road debt service, and \$0.32 was allocated to contract tax. The resulting tax levy was \$10,891,374 on the adjusted taxable value of \$1,164,852,801.

Property taxes receivable, at July 31, 2025, consisted of the following:

Current year taxes receivable	\$ 127,733
Prior years taxes receivable	20,146
	<u>147,879</u>
Penalty and interest receivable	29,848
Property taxes receivable	<u><u>\$ 177,727</u></u>

Note 9 – Transfers to Other Governments

Fort Bend County assumes responsibility for the maintenance of public roads constructed within the county limits (after expiration of a one-year maintenance period). Accordingly, road facilities are considered to be capital assets of Fort Bend County, not the District and are recorded as transfers to other governments on the *Statement of Activities* upon completion of construction. This cost is trued-up when the developer is subsequently reimbursed. For the year ended July 31, 2025, the District recorded transfers to other governments in the amount of \$3,045,516 for road facilities constructed by a developer within the District.

Note 10 – Contracts with Sienna Regional Municipal Utility District

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 5 (the “Master District”), as a participant, and other participants, including the District, entered into a contract for financing, operation and maintenance of regional water, sanitary sewer and storm sewer facilities with Sienna Regional Municipal Utility District (“Sienna RM”) in 2006 (the “Sienna RM Regional Contract”). The Sienna RM Regional Contract includes other participation districts that are not part of the Master District service area. Pursuant to this contract, Sienna RM had the authority to construct, acquire and finance regional water, wastewater and park facilities. The participants in the Sienna RM Regional Contract pay a connection charge to Sienna RM based on its pro rata share of the regional facilities in order to obtain water and wastewater service. The participants in the Sienna RM Regional Contract also pay monthly operation charges to Sienna RM for their pro rata share of operation and maintenance expenses. Sienna RM has limited authority to issue contract revenues bonds: Sienna RM may only issue contract revenue bonds for acquisition, construction or improvement of (1) surface water facilities; (2) regional facility to comply with any regulatory requirement; (3) payment of extraordinary expenses of repairing or maintaining the regional facilities; or (4) a permanent wastewater treatment plant.

In 2009, the Master District (on behalf of the participants) entered into a utility contract with Sienna RM for the purposes of amending and supplementing the Sienna RM Regional Contract (the “Utility Contract”). Pursuant to the terms of the Utility Contract, the parties agreed that the Master District

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will construct and finance the regional water, sewer and drainage facilities that serve the service area. Once completed, the Master District will convey the regional water, sewer and drainage facilities (other than interim wastewater treatment facilities) to Sienna RM for ownership, operation and maintenance. Upon conveyance, the Master District is not obligated to pay connection charges in order to receive water and sewer service from Sienna RM. The Master District will pay monthly operations charges to Sienna RM on behalf of the participants for their pro-rata share of the monthly operating and maintenance expenses and will charge the participating districts for their pro-rata share of the monthly operating and maintenance expenses.

The Master District currently has purchased capacity in the water and wastewater plants owned by Sienna RM and receives surface water from the City of Missouri City.

Sienna RM Debt

Sienna RM is authorized to issue bonds for the purpose of acquiring and constructing facilities needed to provide services to Sienna. The Master District shall be obligated to contribute to the payment of Sienna RM's debt service requirements based on its allocated share of the debt until such time as the bonds have been repaid. The Master District shall charge each participating district its pro rata share based on assessed values in each district.

On May 29, 2018, Sienna RM sold its \$25,010,000 Series 2018 Contract Revenue Bonds to the Texas Water Development Board as part of a plan to finance construction of approximately \$40 million in regional wastewater facilities. Additional financing for these facilities was obtained from cash contributions made by participating districts. The Master District's pro-rata share of total costs of the regional facilities is \$12,695,000 which was funded by the Master District's allocated share of bond proceeds of \$12,695,000.

As of July 31, 2025, Sienna RM has \$22,395,000 in contract revenue bonds outstanding and the Master District's share of said bonds is \$12,305,000. Principal payments on these bonds began in the Master District's 2025 fiscal year. Sienna RM bills the Master District in January of each year for Sienna RM's debt service payments for that calendar year. During the current year, the Master District paid \$681,295 to Sienna RM for Sienna RM's 2025 debt service requirements.

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The Master District’s future annual obligation to Sienna RM for Sienna RM’s debt service requirements (principal and interest) for each of the next five years and in five-year increments thereafter is as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>
2026	\$ 679,415
2027	677,085
2028	679,418
2029	681,270
2030	677,627
2031-2035	3,394,138
2036-2040	3,393,791
2041-2045	3,394,343
2046-2048	2,037,230
	<u>\$ 15,614,317</u>

Joint Construction Agreement for Fire Facilities

Sienna RM and the City entered into a fire protection agreement which establishes the terms and conditions for the construction of fire facilities to serve Sienna. The cost of the facilities were paid by the internal Sienna Districts served by the fire station on a pro-rata basis. Sienna RM and Sienna Municipal Utility District Nos. 2 and 3 contributed their pro-rata shares of the costs to Sienna RM. The District and Sienna Municipal Utility District Nos. 5, 6 and 7 (“Sienna South Districts”) received a loan from Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 3 (“MUD 3”) to fund their pro-rata share. MUD 3 advanced \$2,076,000 to Sienna RM for the construction of the fire facilities. As of July 31, 2025, the Master District has fully repaid MUD 3 for the outstanding loan obligation.

Fire Protection Services

On June 25, 2015, Sienna RM entered into the Operations Agreement for Fire Protection Services for Sienna (the “Operations Agreement”) with the City. The Operations Agreement established the terms and conditions under which the City will provide fire protection services to Sienna and will be reimbursed for the cost of providing those services. Pursuant to the Operations Agreement, Sienna RM pays the City each month for one-twelfth the annual operating and capital costs of providing fire protection services. The City recalculates the cost every year in June and revises the monthly payment. The District executed a Joinder and Third Party Beneficiary to the Operations Agreement, whereby the District agreed to be bound by the terms and conditions of the Operations Agreement and to pay Sienna RM for its pro-rata share of operating costs and capital costs. As of July 31, 2025, the monthly charge is \$22.50 per connection.

Note 11 – Master District Contract with Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 5

On May 13, 2013, the District, along with Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 6, Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 7, and Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 5, (as a participant) entered into a contract (the “Contract”) with the Master District whereby the Master District agrees to provide or

*Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Notes to Financial Statements
July 31, 2025*

cause to be provided regional water, wastewater, drainage, roads, firefighting and park facilities to land within the participants' boundaries (or Service Area). Pursuant to the Utility Contract with Sienna RM, the water, wastewater and drainage facilities will be conveyed to Sienna RM for Sienna RM to own, operate and maintain such facilities to serve the Service Area. The Master District agrees to provide or cause to be provided road facilities to be conveyed to Fort Bend County to own, operate and maintain such roads.

Master District Debt

The Master District is authorized to issue contract revenue bonds for the purpose of acquiring and constructing regional facilities needed to provide services to all Participants. The District shall contribute to the regional payment of debt service requirements based on its pro rata share of the total certified assessed valuation of all Participants. During the current fiscal year, the Master District issued \$11,850,000 in Contract Revenue Bonds. As of July 31, 2025, the Master District has \$86,310,000 in contract revenue bonds outstanding.

The Master District also has the option to finance the road and park facilities through connection charges which will be determined based on the number of estimated total connections to be constructed within the Service Area. As of July 31, 2025, the District has not paid any such connection charges.

Monthly Connection Fees for Operating Expenses

The Master District charges each participating district a monthly fee based on the unit cost per connection multiplied by the number of equivalent single-family connections reserved to the District. The monthly fee will also include those monthly operations from Sienna RM, pursuant to the Utility Contract.

Operating and Maintenance Reserve

The Master District Contract authorizes the establishment of an operating and maintenance reserve by the Master District equivalent to three months' operating and maintenance expenses, as set forth in the Master District's annual budget. The Master District shall adjust the reserve as needed, not less than annually. As of July 31, 2025, the District has paid \$195,202 to the Master District for its share of the operating and maintenance reserve.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Notes to Financial Statements
July 31, 2025

Summary of Charges

For fiscal year ended July 31, 2025, the District incurred the following costs pursuant to contracts with the Master District and Sienna RM:

- Monthly connection fees in the amount of \$739,999;
- Monthly charges totally \$76,011 for Sienna RM's renewal and replacement fund, which was established by Sienna RM to provide funding to repair and replace aging Sienna RM facilities;
- Monthly charges for fire protection services in the amount of \$639,428; and
- Contractual obligations for debt service requirements in the amount of \$3,704,595, which consists of \$3,311,489 for Master District Bonds and \$393,106 for the Master District's share of Sienna RM's contract revenue bonds.

Note 12 – Agreements with City of Missouri City

The developer in Sienna South (land included in Sienna Nos. 4, 5, 6 and 7) has entered into the Sienna Joint Development Agreement with the City dated February 19, 1996, as amended by the eighth amendment dated July 15, 2013 (collectively, the "Development Agreement") which stipulates the City's regulatory authority over the development of Sienna South, establishes certain restrictions and commitments related to the development of Sienna South, sets forth detailed design and construction standards, stipulates a formula for determining the time of annexation of land within Sienna South by the City and identifies and establishes a master plan for the development of Sienna South. The development of all land within Sienna South is governed by the provisions of the Development Agreement.

The District has also entered into an amended and restated Strategic Partnership Agreement with the City dated July 15, 2013, which stipulates the City's regulatory authority over the District; stipulates a formula for determining the time of annexation of land within the District by the City and identifies and establishes a master plan for the development of the District.

In both of the above agreements, the City agrees not to annex the property in any district before such time as: (i) at least 90% of the developable acreage within such district has been developed with water, wastewater treatment and drainage facilities; and (ii) the Developer has been reimbursed to the maximum extent permitted by the rules of the TCEQ or the City assumes any obligation for such reimbursement.

Under existing Texas law, since the Master District and each of the Participants lie wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Missouri City, each Participant must conform to a City of Missouri City consent ordinance. The Participants and the City have entered into Strategic Partnership Agreements that govern the terms of annexation. The Master District may not be annexed until all Participants are annexed. In addition, without an agreement in place, no Participant may be annexed by the City of Missouri City without consent; however, under Texas Law, the City of Missouri City cannot annex territory within a district unless it annexes the entire district. If a Participant is annexed, the City of Missouri City will assume the Participant's assets and obligations (including the

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Notes to Financial Statements
July 31, 2025

Participant's obligation under the Master District Contract) and dissolve the Participant within ninety (90) days.

In the Strategic Partnership Agreements, the City and Participants agreed that a component of the Participants' tax rate is for the Contract Tax Payments pursuant to the Master District Contract; and the other component of the Participants' tax rate is to administer, operate, and maintain the internal District facilities "Internal Facilities Tax". To the extent permitted by law, the Participants agree that for so long as they have debt outstanding, the Internal Facilities Tax will never be less than the City's ad valorem tax rate, unless specifically consented to by the City.

Note 13 – Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and personal injuries. The risk of loss is covered by commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Note 14 – Subsequent Event

On October 23, 2025, the District issued its \$3,280,000 Series 2025 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds at a net effective rate of 4.277680%. Proceeds from the bonds were used to reimburse the District's developers for infrastructure improvements in the District.

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Required Supplementary Information

*Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
 Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund
 For the Year Ended July 31, 2025*

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Water service	\$ 925,000	\$ 925,000	\$ 843,603	\$ (81,397)
Sewer service	1,216,500	1,216,500	1,199,371	(17,129)
Property taxes	573,300	573,300	583,456	10,156
Penalties and interest	42,000	42,000	38,576	(3,424)
Tap connection and inspection	69,250	69,250	62,303	(6,947)
Surface water fees	1,049,993	1,049,993	865,370	(184,623)
Fire protection fees	605,010	605,010	647,732	42,722
Miscellaneous	4,100	4,100	16,711	12,611
Investment earnings	263,500	263,500	255,897	(7,603)
Total Revenues	4,748,653	4,748,653	4,513,019	(235,634)
Expenditures				
Current service operations				
Professional fees	169,000	169,000	187,853	(18,853)
Contracted services	823,350	823,350	794,781	28,569
Repairs and maintenance	506,700	756,700	630,887	125,813
Utilities	107,500	107,500	112,419	(4,919)
Surface water fees	1,049,993	1,049,993	863,487	186,506
Administrative	81,900	81,900	69,761	12,139
Other	35,630	35,630	36,539	(909)
Intergovernmental				
Master District connection charges	760,846	760,846	739,999	20,847
Facilities renewal and replacement	92,429	92,429	76,011	16,418
Fire protection services	605,010	605,010	639,428	(34,418)
Total Expenditures	4,232,358	4,482,358	4,151,165	331,193
Revenues Over Expenditures	516,295	266,295	361,854	95,559
Fund Balance				
Beginning of the year	6,039,265	6,039,265	6,039,265	
End of the year	\$ 6,555,560	\$ 6,305,560	\$ 6,401,119	\$ 95,559

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
July 31, 2025

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual unappropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund by the District's Board of Directors. The budget is prepared using the same method of accounting as for financial reporting. The budget was amended during the year to reflect changes in anticipated expenditures.

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Texas Supplementary Information

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-1. Services and Rates
July 31, 2025

1. Services provided by the District During the Fiscal Year:

- | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Retail Water | <input type="checkbox"/> Wholesale Water | <input type="checkbox"/> Solid Waste / Garbage | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drainage |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Retail Wastewater | <input type="checkbox"/> Wholesale Wastewater | <input type="checkbox"/> Flood Control | <input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Parks / Recreation | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fire Protection | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Roads | <input type="checkbox"/> Security |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Participates in joint venture, regional system and/or wastewater service (other than emergency interconnect) | | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify): _____ | | | |

2. Retail Service Providers

a. Retail Rates for a 5/8" meter (or equivalent):

	<u>Minimum Charge</u>	<u>Minimum Usage</u>	<u>Flat Rate (Y / N)</u>	<u>Rate per 1,000 Gallons Over Minimum Usage</u>	<u>Usage Levels</u>
Water:	\$ 24.60	10,000	N	\$ 2.25	10,001 to 20,000
				\$ 2.75	20,001 to no limit
Wastewater:	\$ 45.94		Y		to _____
Surcharge:	\$ 2.84	1,000	N	\$ 2.84	1,001 to no limit

District employs winter averaging for wastewater usage? Yes No

Total charges per 10,000 gallons usage: Water \$ 53.00 Wastewater \$ 45.94

<u>Meter Size</u>	<u>Total Connections</u>	<u>Active Connections</u>	<u>ESFC Factor</u>	<u>Active ESFC'S</u>
Unmetered			x 1.0	
less than 3/4"	1,074	1,069	x 1.0	1,069
1"	1,143	1,132	x 2.5	2,830
1.5"			x 5.0	
2"	37	37	x 8.0	296
3"	2	2	x 15.0	30
4"	2	2	x 25.0	50
6"	1	1	x 50.0	50
8"			x 80.0	
10"			x 115.0	
Total Water	2,259	2,243		4,325
Total Wastewater	2,167	2,151	x 1.0	2,151

See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-1. Services and Rates
July 31, 2025

3. Total Water Consumption during the fiscal year (rounded to the nearest thousand):

*Gallons purchased:	<u>306,884,000</u>	Water Accountability Ratio:
Gallons billed to customers:	<u>306,884,000</u>	(Gallons billed / Gallons pumped)
		<u>100%</u>

4. Standby Fees (authorized only under TWC Section 49.231):

Does the District have Debt Service standby fees? Yes No

If yes, Date of the most recent commission Order: _____

Does the District have Operation and Maintenance standby fees? Yes No

If yes, Date of the most recent commission Order: _____

5. Location of District:

Is the District located entirely within one county? Yes No

County(ies) in which the District is located: Fort Bend County

Is the District located within a city? Entirely Partly Not at all

City(ies) in which the District is located: _____

Is the District located within a city's extra territorial jurisdiction (ETJ)?

Entirely Partly Not at all

ETJs in which the District is located: City of Missouri City

Are Board members appointed by an office outside the district? Yes No

If Yes, by whom? _____

*Purchased from Sienna Regional Municipal Utility District
 See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-2. General Fund Expenditures
For the Year Ended July 31, 2025

Professional fees	
Legal	\$ 85,620
Audit	18,000
Engineering	84,233
	<u>187,853</u>
Contracted services	
Bookkeeping	71,014
Operator	84,499
Garbage collection	598,089
Inspection	41,179
	<u>794,781</u>
Repairs and maintenance	<u>630,887</u>
Utilities	<u>112,419</u>
Surface water fees	<u>863,487</u>
Administrative	
Directors fees	11,713
Printing and office supplies	36,537
Insurance	6,514
Other	14,997
	<u>69,761</u>
Other	<u>36,539</u>
Intergovernmental	
Monthly connection charges	739,999
Master District replacement fund	76,011
Fire protection services	639,428
	<u>1,455,438</u>
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 4,151,165</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-3. Investments
July 31, 2025

Fund	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance at End of Year	Interest Receivable
General				
Texas CLASS	Variable	N/A	\$ 5,728,663	\$ -
Certificates of deposit	4.75%	10/07/25	100,000	3,800
Certificates of deposit	4.25%	12/15/25	100,000	2,655
			<u>5,928,663</u>	<u>6,455</u>
Debt Service				
Texas CLASS	Variable	N/A	3,446,509	
Texas CLASS	Variable	N/A	4,573,486	
Texas CLASS	Variable	N/A	153,731	
			<u>8,173,726</u>	
Capital Projects				
Texas CLASS	Variable	N/A	19,305	
Texas CLASS	Variable	N/A	40,531	
Texas CLASS	Variable	N/A	104,680	
Texas CLASS	Variable	N/A	472,982	
Texas CLASS	Variable	N/A	295,115	
Texas CLASS	Variable	N/A	160,478	
Texas CLASS	Variable	N/A	99,628	
Texas CLASS	Variable	N/A	221,758	
			<u>1,414,477</u>	
Total - All Funds			<u>\$ 15,516,866</u>	<u>\$ 6,455</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-4. Taxes Levied and Receivable
July 31, 2025

	Maintenance Taxes	W-S-D Debt Service Taxes	Road Debt Service Taxes	Contract Taxes	Totals
Beginning Taxes Receivable	\$ 9,573	\$ 32,305	\$ 30,260	\$ 40,317	\$ 112,455
Adjustments	208	735	682	934	2,559
Adjusted Receivable	9,781	33,040	30,942	41,251	115,014
2024 Original Tax Levy	575,356	3,739,814	2,761,709	3,682,279	10,759,158
Adjustments	7,070	45,958	33,938	45,250	132,216
Adjusted Tax Levy	582,426	3,785,772	2,795,647	3,727,529	10,891,374
Total to be accounted for	592,207	3,818,812	2,826,589	3,768,780	11,006,388
Tax collections:					
Current year	575,595	3,741,373	2,762,860	3,683,813	10,763,641
Prior years	7,860	27,161	25,599	34,248	94,868
Total Collections	583,455	3,768,534	2,788,459	3,718,061	10,858,509
Ending Taxes Receivable	\$ 8,752	\$ 50,278	\$ 38,130	\$ 50,719	\$ 147,879
Taxes Receivable, By Years					
2024	\$ 6,831	\$ 44,399	\$ 32,787	\$ 43,716	\$ 127,733
2023	1,093	3,825	3,620	4,849	13,387
2022	828	2,054	1,723	2,154	6,759
Ending Taxes Receivable	\$ 8,752	\$ 50,278	\$ 38,130	\$ 50,719	\$ 147,879
		2024	2023	2022	2021
Property Valuations:					
Land		\$ 234,633,189	\$ 180,127,982	\$ 172,333,480	\$ 162,341,386
Improvements		1,059,008,502	1,012,197,794	859,759,653	630,226,904
Personal Property		3,588,504	3,238,639	2,523,600	2,353,360
Exemptions		(132,377,394)	(122,243,843)	(107,176,488)	(85,370,333)
Total Property Valuations		\$ 1,164,852,801	\$ 1,073,320,572	\$ 927,440,245	\$ 709,551,317
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation:					
Maintenance tax rates		\$ 0.050	\$ 0.080	\$ 0.125	\$ 0.135
W-S-D debt service tax rates		0.325	0.280	0.310	0.365
Road debt service tax rates		0.240	0.265	0.260	0.165
Contract tax rates		0.320	0.355	0.325	0.385
Total Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation		\$ 0.935	\$ 0.980	\$ 1.020	\$ 1.050
Adjusted Tax Levy:		\$ 10,891,374	\$ 10,518,542	\$ 9,459,890	\$ 7,450,289
Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied **		98.83%	99.87%	99.93%	100.00%

* Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters: \$1.50 on December 14, 2009

** Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
Series 2016--by Years
July 31, 2025

<u>Due During Fiscal Years Ending</u>	<u>Principal Due September 1</u>	<u>Interest Due September 1, March 1</u>	<u>Total</u>
2026	\$ 310,000	\$ 231,353	\$ 541,353
2027	320,000	223,002	543,002
2028	335,000	213,992	548,992
2029	345,000	204,300	549,300
2030	360,000	193,898	553,898
2031	370,000	182,762	552,762
2032	385,000	170,868	555,868
2033	400,000	158,108	558,108
2034	415,000	144,556	559,556
2035	430,000	130,403	560,403
2036	445,000	115,635	560,635
2037	465,000	100,165	565,165
2038	480,000	83,860	563,860
2039	500,000	66,710	566,710
2040	520,000	48,600	568,600
2041	535,000	29,610	564,610
2042	555,000	9,990	564,990
	<u>\$ 7,170,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,307,812</u>	<u>\$ 9,477,812</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
Series 2016A Road--by Years
July 31, 2025

<u>Due During Fiscal Years Ending</u>	<u>Principal Due September 1</u>	<u>Interest Due September 1, March 1</u>	<u>Total</u>
2026	\$ 320,000	\$ 240,930	\$ 560,930
2027	335,000	232,247	567,247
2028	345,000	222,895	567,895
2029	360,000	212,845	572,845
2030	370,000	202,075	572,075
2031	385,000	190,558	575,558
2032	400,000	178,190	578,190
2033	415,000	164,943	579,943
2034	430,000	150,893	580,893
2035	445,000	136,236	581,236
2036	465,000	120,760	585,760
2037	480,000	104,460	584,460
2038	500,000	87,430	587,430
2039	520,000	69,580	589,580
2040	540,000	50,760	590,760
2041	560,000	30,960	590,960
2042	580,000	10,440	590,440
	<u>\$ 7,450,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,406,202</u>	<u>\$ 9,856,202</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
Series 2017--by Years
July 31, 2025

<u>Due During Fiscal Years Ending</u>	<u>Principal Due September 1</u>	<u>Interest Due September 1, March 1</u>	<u>Total</u>
2026	\$ 320,000	\$ 253,700	\$ 573,700
2027	330,000	245,188	575,188
2028	345,000	237,163	582,163
2029	360,000	227,900	587,900
2030	375,000	217,794	592,794
2031	390,000	206,788	596,788
2032	405,000	194,863	599,863
2033	420,000	182,488	602,488
2034	435,000	169,391	604,391
2035	455,000	155,484	610,484
2036	470,000	140,738	610,738
2037	490,000	125,138	615,138
2038	510,000	108,569	618,569
2039	530,000	91,019	621,019
2040	550,000	72,450	622,450
2041	575,000	52,763	627,763
2042	600,000	32,200	632,200
2043	620,000	10,850	630,850
	<u>\$ 8,180,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,724,486</u>	<u>\$ 10,904,486</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
Series 2018--by Years
July 31, 2025

<u>Due During Fiscal Years Ending</u>	<u>Principal Due September 1</u>	<u>Interest Due September 1, March 1</u>	<u>Total</u>
2026	\$ 255,000	\$ 261,619	\$ 516,619
2027	265,000	251,219	516,219
2028	275,000	240,419	515,419
2029	290,000	230,206	520,206
2030	300,000	220,619	520,619
2031	315,000	210,428	525,428
2032	325,000	199,425	524,425
2033	340,000	187,788	527,788
2034	355,000	175,625	530,625
2035	365,000	163,025	528,025
2036	385,000	149,900	534,900
2037	400,000	135,663	535,663
2038	415,000	120,381	535,381
2039	430,000	104,538	534,538
2040	450,000	88,038	538,038
2041	470,000	70,200	540,200
2042	485,000	51,100	536,100
2043	505,000	31,300	536,300
2044	530,000	10,600	540,600
	<u>\$ 7,155,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,902,093</u>	<u>\$ 10,057,093</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
Series 2019 Road--by Years
July 31, 2025

<u>Due During Fiscal Years Ending</u>	<u>Principal Due September 1</u>	<u>Interest Due September 1, March 1</u>	<u>Total</u>
2026	\$ 235,000	\$ 154,625	\$ 389,625
2027	240,000	149,875	389,875
2028	250,000	144,975	394,975
2029	260,000	139,875	399,875
2030	270,000	134,575	404,575
2031	285,000	129,025	414,025
2032	295,000	123,041	418,041
2033	305,000	116,475	421,475
2034	320,000	109,244	429,244
2035	330,000	101,319	431,319
2036	345,000	92,881	437,881
2037	360,000	84,069	444,069
2038	375,000	74,881	449,881
2039	385,000	65,141	450,141
2040	405,000	54,519	459,519
2041	420,000	43,175	463,175
2042	435,000	31,419	466,419
2043	455,000	19,181	474,181
2044	470,000	6,463	476,463
	<u>\$ 6,440,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,774,758</u>	<u>\$ 8,214,758</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
Series 2020--by Years
July 31, 2025

<u>Due During Fiscal Years Ending</u>	<u>Principal Due September 1</u>	<u>Interest Due September 1, March 1</u>	<u>Total</u>
2026	\$ 475,000	\$ 274,419	\$ 749,419
2027	485,000	262,444	747,444
2028	500,000	252,594	752,594
2029	515,000	242,444	757,444
2030	530,000	231,994	761,994
2031	540,000	221,294	761,294
2032	555,000	210,344	765,344
2033	575,000	199,044	774,044
2034	590,000	187,394	777,394
2035	605,000	175,444	780,444
2036	620,000	163,194	783,194
2037	640,000	150,594	790,594
2038	655,000	137,644	792,644
2039	675,000	124,344	799,344
2040	695,000	110,209	805,209
2041	710,000	94,838	804,838
2042	730,000	78,638	808,638
2043	750,000	61,988	811,988
2044	770,000	44,888	814,888
2045	795,000	27,281	822,281
2046	815,000	9,169	824,169
	<u>\$ 13,225,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,260,202</u>	<u>\$ 16,485,202</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
Series 2021--by Years
July 31, 2025

<u>Due During Fiscal Years Ending</u>	<u>Principal Due September 1</u>	<u>Interest Due September 1, March 1</u>	<u>Total</u>
2026	\$ 105,000	\$ 64,925	\$ 169,925
2027	105,000	62,825	167,825
2028	110,000	60,675	170,675
2029	110,000	58,475	168,475
2030	115,000	56,225	171,225
2031	115,000	53,925	168,925
2032	120,000	51,575	171,575
2033	125,000	49,125	174,125
2034	125,000	46,625	171,625
2035	130,000	44,075	174,075
2036	130,000	41,313	171,313
2037	135,000	38,331	173,331
2038	140,000	35,238	175,238
2039	145,000	32,031	177,031
2040	145,000	28,678	173,678
2041	150,000	25,175	175,175
2042	155,000	21,553	176,553
2043	160,000	17,813	177,813
2044	160,000	14,012	174,012
2045	165,000	10,153	175,153
2046	170,000	6,175	176,175
2047	175,000	2,078	177,078
	<u>\$ 2,990,000</u>	<u>\$ 821,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,811,000</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
Series 2021 Road--by Years
July 31, 2025

<u>Due During Fiscal Years Ending</u>	<u>Principal Due September 1</u>	<u>Interest Due September 1, March 1</u>	<u>Total</u>
2026	\$ 125,000	\$ 78,500	\$ 203,500
2027	130,000	75,950	205,950
2028	130,000	73,350	203,350
2029	135,000	70,700	205,700
2030	140,000	67,950	207,950
2031	140,000	65,150	205,150
2032	145,000	62,300	207,300
2033	150,000	59,350	209,350
2034	155,000	56,300	211,300
2035	155,000	53,200	208,200
2036	160,000	49,850	209,850
2037	165,000	46,193	211,193
2038	170,000	42,425	212,425
2039	175,000	38,544	213,544
2040	175,000	34,497	209,497
2041	180,000	30,281	210,281
2042	185,000	25,947	210,947
2043	190,000	21,494	211,494
2044	195,000	16,922	211,922
2045	200,000	12,231	212,231
2046	205,000	7,422	212,422
2047	210,000	2,494	212,494
	<u>\$ 3,615,000</u>	<u>\$ 991,050</u>	<u>\$ 4,606,050</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
Series 2022--by Years
July 31, 2025

Due During Fiscal Years Ending	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1, March 1	Total
2026	\$ 35,000	\$ 54,694	\$ 89,694
2027	35,000	52,944	87,944
2028	35,000	51,194	86,194
2029	40,000	49,319	89,319
2030	40,000	47,319	87,319
2031	40,000	45,519	85,519
2032	45,000	43,819	88,819
2033	45,000	42,019	87,019
2034	50,000	40,119	90,119
2035	50,000	38,119	88,119
2036	50,000	36,119	86,119
2037	55,000	34,018	89,018
2038	55,000	31,819	86,819
2039	60,000	29,481	89,481
2040	60,000	27,006	87,006
2041	65,000	24,428	89,428
2042	65,000	21,747	86,747
2043	70,000	18,919	88,919
2044	75,000	15,838	90,838
2045	75,000	12,650	87,650
2046	80,000	9,356	89,356
2047	85,000	5,797	90,797
2048	90,000	1,969	91,969
	<u>\$ 1,300,000</u>	<u>\$ 734,212</u>	<u>\$ 2,034,212</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
Series 2022 Road--by Years
July 31, 2025

Due During Fiscal Years Ending	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1, March 1	Total
2026	\$ 440,000	\$ 722,113	\$ 1,162,113
2027	460,000	697,363	1,157,363
2028	480,000	671,513	1,151,513
2029	505,000	644,425	1,149,425
2030	525,000	616,100	1,141,100
2031	550,000	587,225	1,137,225
2032	575,000	558,413	1,133,413
2033	600,000	533,538	1,133,538
2034	625,000	511,319	1,136,319
2035	655,000	486,500	1,141,500
2036	685,000	459,700	1,144,700
2037	715,000	431,699	1,146,699
2038	745,000	402,500	1,147,500
2039	780,000	372,000	1,152,000
2040	815,000	340,100	1,155,100
2041	850,000	306,269	1,156,269
2042	890,000	269,825	1,159,825
2043	930,000	231,150	1,161,150
2044	970,000	190,775	1,160,775
2045	1,015,000	148,594	1,163,594
2046	1,060,000	104,500	1,164,500
2047	1,110,000	58,388	1,168,388
2048	1,160,000	17,400	1,177,400
	<u>\$ 17,140,000</u>	<u>\$ 9,361,409</u>	<u>\$ 26,501,409</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
Series 2023--by Years
July 31, 2025

Due During Fiscal Years Ending	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1, March 1	Total
2026	\$ 90,000	\$ 161,832	\$ 251,832
2027	90,000	157,331	247,331
2028	95,000	152,707	247,707
2029	100,000	147,331	247,331
2030	105,000	141,182	246,182
2031	110,000	135,831	245,831
2032	115,000	131,332	246,332
2033	120,000	126,631	246,631
2034	125,000	121,731	246,731
2035	135,000	116,531	251,531
2036	140,000	111,031	251,031
2037	145,000	105,331	250,331
2038	150,000	99,431	249,431
2039	160,000	93,131	253,131
2040	165,000	86,428	251,428
2041	175,000	79,306	254,306
2042	185,000	71,656	256,656
2043	190,000	63,688	253,688
2044	200,000	55,400	255,400
2045	210,000	46,556	256,556
2046	220,000	37,150	257,150
2047	230,000	27,306	257,306
2048	240,000	16,875	256,875
2049	255,000	5,738	260,738
	<u>\$ 3,750,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,291,466</u>	<u>\$ 6,041,466</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
Series 2023 Road--by Years
July 31, 2025

Due During Fiscal Years Ending	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1, March 1	Total
2026	\$ 140,000	\$ 250,174	\$ 390,174
2027	145,000	244,475	389,475
2028	150,000	238,574	388,574
2029	160,000	232,375	392,375
2030	165,000	225,875	390,875
2031	175,000	219,075	394,075
2032	180,000	211,975	391,975
2033	190,000	204,575	394,575
2034	200,000	196,775	396,775
2035	210,000	188,575	398,575
2036	220,000	179,975	399,975
2037	230,000	170,975	400,975
2038	240,000	161,425	401,425
2039	250,000	151,163	401,163
2040	265,000	140,219	405,219
2041	275,000	128,572	403,572
2042	290,000	116,213	406,213
2043	305,000	103,197	408,197
2044	320,000	89,325	409,325
2045	330,000	74,700	404,700
2046	350,000	59,400	409,400
2047	365,000	43,313	408,313
2048	380,000	26,550	406,550
2049	400,000	9,000	409,000
	<u>\$ 5,935,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,666,475</u>	<u>\$ 9,601,475</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
Series 2024 Park--by Years
July 31, 2025

Due During Fiscal Years Ending	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1, March 1	Total
2026	\$ 250,000	\$ 488,063	\$ 738,063
2027	290,000	473,212	763,212
2028	300,000	456,988	756,988
2029	315,000	440,075	755,075
2030	325,000	422,475	747,475
2031	340,000	404,400	744,400
2032	355,000	387,275	742,275
2033	370,000	369,575	739,575
2034	385,000	351,681	736,681
2035	405,000	335,400	740,400
2036	420,000	318,900	738,900
2037	435,000	301,800	736,800
2038	455,000	284,000	739,000
2039	475,000	265,400	740,400
2040	495,000	246,000	741,000
2041	515,000	225,800	740,800
2042	540,000	204,700	744,700
2043	560,000	182,700	742,700
2044	585,000	159,800	744,800
2045	610,000	135,900	745,900
2046	635,000	111,000	746,000
2047	665,000	85,000	750,000
2048	690,000	57,900	747,900
2049	720,000	33,300	753,300
2050	750,000	11,250	761,250
	<u>\$ 11,885,000</u>	<u>\$ 6,752,594</u>	<u>\$ 18,637,594</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements
All Bonded Debt Series--by Years
July 31, 2025

Due During Fiscal Years Ending	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1, March 1	Total
2026	\$ 3,100,000	\$ 3,236,947	\$ 6,336,947
2027	3,230,000	3,128,075	6,358,075
2028	3,350,000	3,017,039	6,367,039
2029	3,495,000	2,900,270	6,395,270
2030	3,620,000	2,778,081	6,398,081
2031	3,755,000	2,651,980	6,406,980
2032	3,900,000	2,523,420	6,423,420
2033	4,055,000	2,393,659	6,448,659
2034	4,210,000	2,261,653	6,471,653
2035	4,370,000	2,124,311	6,494,311
2036	4,535,000	1,979,996	6,514,996
2037	4,715,000	1,828,436	6,543,436
2038	4,890,000	1,669,603	6,559,603
2039	5,085,000	1,503,082	6,588,082
2040	5,280,000	1,327,504	6,607,504
2041	5,480,000	1,141,377	6,621,377
2042	5,695,000	945,428	6,640,428
2043	4,735,000	762,280	5,497,280
2044	4,275,000	604,023	4,879,023
2045	3,400,000	468,065	3,868,065
2046	3,535,000	344,172	3,879,172
2047	2,840,000	224,376	3,064,376
2048	2,560,000	120,694	2,680,694
2049	1,375,000	48,038	1,423,038
2050	750,000	11,250	761,250
	<u>\$ 96,235,000</u>	<u>\$ 39,993,759</u>	<u>\$ 136,228,759</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

	Bond Issue			
	Series 2016	Series 2016A Road	Series 2017	Series 2018
Interest rate	2.00% - 3.60%	1.75% - 3.60%	2.25% - 4.50%	3.25% - 5.00%
Dates interest payable	9/1; 3/1	9/1; 3/1	9/1; 3/1	9/1; 3/1
Maturity dates	9/1/19 - 9/1/41	9/1/18 - 9/1/41	9/1/18 - 9/1/42	9/1/19 - 9/1/43
Beginning bonds outstanding	\$ 7,470,000	\$ 7,760,000	\$ 8,485,000	\$ 7,400,000
Bonds issued				
Bonds retired	(300,000)	(310,000)	(305,000)	(245,000)
Ending bonds outstanding	<u>\$ 7,170,000</u>	<u>\$ 7,450,000</u>	<u>\$ 8,180,000</u>	<u>\$ 7,155,000</u>
Interest paid during fiscal year	<u>\$ 239,132</u>	<u>\$ 248,965</u>	<u>\$ 265,362</u>	<u>\$ 271,619</u>
Paying agent's name and city	BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas			
Series 2024 Park	Regions Bank, an Alabama State Banking Corporation, Houston, Texas			
All Other Series	Regions Bank, an Alabama State Banking Corporation, Houston, Texas			
Bond Authority:	Water, Sewer and Drainage and Refunding Bonds	Road and Refunding Bonds	Park and Refunding Bonds	
Amount Authorized by Voters	\$ 265,300,000	\$ 166,300,000	\$ 68,200,000	
Amount Issued	(50,405,000)	(44,735,000)	(11,885,000)	
Remaining To Be Issued	<u>\$ 214,895,000</u>	<u>\$ 121,565,000</u>	<u>\$ 56,315,000</u>	

All bonds are secured with tax revenues. Bonds may also be secured with other revenues in combination with taxes.

Debt Service Fund cash and investments balance as of July 31, 2025:	<u>\$ 8,263,110</u>
Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for remaining term of all debt:	<u>\$ 5,449,150</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-6. Change in Long-Term Bonded Debt (continued)
July 31, 2025

	Bond Issue			
	Series 2019 Road	Series 2020	Series 2021	Series 2021 Road
Interest rate	2.00% - 2.75%	2.00% - 3.00%	2.00% - 2.375%	2.00% - 2.375%
Dates interest payable	9/1; 3/1	9/1; 3/1	9/1; 3/1	9/1; 3/1
Maturity dates	9/1/20 - 9/1/43	9/1/22 - 9/1/45	9/1/23 - 9/1/46	9/1/23 - 9/1/46
Beginning bonds outstanding	\$ 6,665,000	\$ 13,685,000	\$ 3,090,000	\$ 3,740,000
Bonds issued				
Bonds retired	(225,000)	(460,000)	(100,000)	(125,000)
Ending bonds outstanding	<u>\$ 6,440,000</u>	<u>\$ 13,225,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,990,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,615,000</u>
Interest paid during fiscal year	<u>\$ 159,225</u>	<u>\$ 288,444</u>	<u>\$ 66,975</u>	<u>\$ 81,000</u>

See accompanying auditor's report.

Bond Issue					
Series 2022	Series 2022 Road	Series 2023	Series 2023 Road	Series 2024 Park	Totals
4.00% - 5.00%	3.00% - 5.50%	4.00% - 6.00%	4.00% - 4.50%	3.00% - 5.50%	
9/1; 3/1	9/1; 3/1	9/1; 3/1	9/1; 3/1	9/1; 3/1	
9/1/23 -	9/1/23 -	9/1/24 -	9/1/24 -	9/1/25 -	
9/1/47	9/1/47	9/1/48	9/1/48	9/1/49	
\$ 1,330,000	\$ 17,560,000	\$ 3,825,000	\$ 6,055,000	\$ -	\$ 87,065,000
				11,885,000	11,885,000
(30,000)	(420,000)	(75,000)	(120,000)		(2,715,000)
<u>\$ 1,300,000</u>	<u>\$ 17,140,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,750,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,935,000</u>	<u>\$ 11,885,000</u>	<u>\$ 96,235,000</u>
<u>\$ 56,319</u>	<u>\$ 745,763</u>	<u>\$ 165,956</u>	<u>\$ 255,375</u>	<u>\$ 196,600</u>	<u>\$ 3,040,735</u>

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-7a. Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - General Fund
For the Last Five Fiscal Years

	Amounts				
	2025	2024	2023	2022**	2021
Revenues					
Water service	\$ 843,603	\$ 925,146	\$ 858,377	\$ 1,010,087	\$ 709,882
Sewer service	1,199,371	1,199,069	1,165,937	1,385,325	923,339
Property taxes	583,456	852,165	1,165,238	964,086	754,679
Penalties and interest	38,576	41,430	51,877	45,357	15,367
Tap connection and inspection	62,303	227,523	77,045	317,855	743,747
Surface water fees	865,370	927,058	817,847	998,199	653,101
Fire protection fees	647,732	598,786	593,072	714,600	510,879
Miscellaneous	16,711	6,597	10,987	9,519	4,557
Investment earnings	255,897	258,782	150,289	12,808	8,796
Total Revenues	4,513,019	5,036,556	4,890,669	5,457,836	4,324,347
Expenditures					
Current service operations					
Professional fees	187,853	165,393	167,768	239,237	238,437
Contracted services	794,781	722,895	688,366	798,620	723,480
Repairs and maintenance	630,887	345,437	199,388	269,288	287,007
Utilities	112,419	105,204	84,791	31,213	765
Surface water fees	863,487	954,688	826,805	1,012,931	656,967
Administrative	69,761	73,721	68,055	77,614	67,429
Other	36,539	33,175	33,147	38,041	34,663
Capital outlay		70,833	65,441		
Intergovernmental					
Master District connection charges	739,999	903,538	875,269	1,156,309	734,055
Facilities renewal and replacement	76,011	85,715	82,351	96,551	43,729
Fire protection services	639,428	595,292	602,280	716,703	511,657
Total Expenditures	4,151,165	4,055,891	3,693,661	4,436,507	3,298,189
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 361,854	\$ 980,665	\$ 1,197,008	\$ 1,021,329	\$ 1,026,158
Total Active Retail Water Connections	2,243	2,231	2,185	2,167	2,027
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	2,151	2,141	2,099	2,079	1,939

*Percentage is negligible

**Fifteen-month period

See accompanying auditor's report.

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2025	2024	2023	2022**	2021
19%	18%	18%	19%	16%
27%	24%	24%	25%	22%
13%	17%	23%	18%	18%
1%	1%	1%	1%	*
1%	5%	2%	6%	17%
19%	18%	17%	18%	15%
14%	12%	12%	13%	12%
*	*	*	*	*
6%	5%	3%	*	*
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
4%	3%	3%	4%	6%
18%	14%	14%	15%	17%
14%	7%	4%	5%	7%
2%	2%	2%	1%	*
19%	19%	17%	19%	15%
2%	1%	1%	1%	2%
1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
	1%	1%		
16%	18%	18%	21%	17%
2%	2%	2%	2%	1%
14%	12%	12%	13%	12%
92%	80%	75%	82%	78%
8%	20%	25%	18%	22%

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4

TSI-7b. Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Debt Service Fund

For the Last Five Fiscal Years

	Amounts				
	2025	2024	2023	2022**	2021
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 10,275,053	\$ 9,578,266	\$ 8,339,606	\$ 6,534,360	\$ 5,128,239
Penalties and interest	59,856	52,377	40,763	31,572	24,045
Miscellaneous	17,084	11,007	15,822	4,743	13,500
Investment earnings	283,587	281,860	190,728	16,358	4,734
Total Revenues	<u>10,635,580</u>	<u>9,923,510</u>	<u>8,586,919</u>	<u>6,587,033</u>	<u>5,170,518</u>
Expenditures					
Tax collection services	187,725	133,688	133,488	117,295	68,860
Debt service					
Principal	2,715,000	2,385,000	1,715,000	1,230,000	1,205,000
Interest and fees	3,048,792	2,678,751	2,063,036	1,687,133	1,465,329
Intergovernmental					
Contractual obligations	3,704,595	3,756,828	2,986,993	2,749,963	1,902,673
Total Expenditures	<u>9,656,112</u>	<u>8,954,267</u>	<u>6,898,517</u>	<u>5,784,391</u>	<u>4,641,862</u>
Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>\$ 979,468</u>	<u>\$ 969,243</u>	<u>\$ 1,688,402</u>	<u>\$ 802,642</u>	<u>\$ 528,656</u>

*Percentage is negligible

** Fifteen-month period

See accompanying auditor's report.

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2025	2024	2023	2022**	2021
96%	96%	98%	100%	100%
1%	1%	*	*	*
*	*	*	*	*
3%	3%	2%	*	*
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
2%	1%	2%	2%	1%
26%	24%	20%	19%	23%
29%	27%	24%	26%	28%
35%	38%	35%	42%	37%
92%	90%	81%	89%	89%
8%	10%	19%	11%	11%

Sienna Municipal Utility District No. 4
TSI-8. Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants
For the Year Ended July 31, 2025

Complete District Mailing Address: 3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600, Houston, TX 77027
District Business Telephone Number: (713) 860-6400
Submission Date of the most recent District Registration Form
(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054): May 6, 2024
Limit on Fees of Office that a Director may receive during a fiscal year: \$ 7,200
(Set by Board Resolution -- TWC Section 49.060)

Names:	Term of Office (Elected or Appointed) or Date Hired	Fees of Office Paid *	Expense Reimburse- ments	Title at Year End
Board Members				
Ray Sick	05/22 to 05/26	\$ 442	\$ 35	President
Maris Reynolds	05/24 to 05/28	1,105	123	Vice President
Robert Vacek	05/22 to 05/26	884	80	Secretary
Jose A. Munoz	05/24 to 05/28	1,326	146	Assistant Vice President
Bryan D. Ives	05/24 to 05/28	1,326	135	Assistant Secretary
Consultants				
Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP	2004	<u>Amounts Paid</u>		Attorney
<i>General legal fees</i>		\$ 89,576		
<i>Bond counsel</i>		287,200		
Si Enviromental, LLC	2013	488,640		Operator
Municipal Accounts & Consulting	2017	81,924		Bookkeeper
Tax Tech, Inc.	2006	40,135		Tax Collector
Fort Bend Central Appraisal District	Legislation	109,868		Property Valuation
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, L.L.P.	2006	17,039		Delinquent Tax Attorney
LJA Engineering and Surveying	2000	131,941		Engineer
McGrath & Co., PLLC	2010	30,700		Auditor
Robert W. Baird & Co.	2015	240,159		Financial Advisor

* *Fees of Office* are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

See accompanying auditor's report.

APPENDIX C

Specimen Municipal Bond Insurance Policy



MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE POLICY

ISSUER: [NAME OF ISSUER]

Policy No: _____

MEMBER: [NAME OF MEMBER]

BONDS: \$ _____ in aggregate principal
amount of [NAME OF TRANSACTION]
[and maturing on]

Effective Date: _____

Risk Premium: \$ _____

Member Surplus Contribution: \$ _____

Total Insurance Payment: \$ _____

BUILD AMERICA MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY ("BAM"), for consideration received, hereby UNCONDITIONALLY AND IRREVOCABLY agrees to pay to the trustee (the "Trustee") or paying agent (the "Paying Agent") for the Bonds named above (as set forth in the documentation providing for the issuance and securing of the Bonds), for the benefit of the Owners or, at the election of BAM, directly to each Owner, subject only to the terms of this Policy (which includes each endorsement hereto), that portion of the principal of and interest on the Bonds that shall become Due for Payment but shall be unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Issuer.

On the later of the day on which such principal and interest becomes Due for Payment or the first Business Day following the Business Day on which BAM shall have received Notice of Nonpayment, BAM will disburse (but without duplication in the case of duplicate claims for the same Nonpayment) to or for the benefit of each Owner of the Bonds, the face amount of principal of and interest on the Bonds that is then Due for Payment but is then unpaid by reason of Nonpayment by the Issuer, but only upon receipt by BAM, in a form reasonably satisfactory to it, of (a) evidence of the Owner's right to receive payment of such principal or interest then Due for Payment and (b) evidence, including any appropriate instruments of assignment, that all of the Owner's rights with respect to payment of such principal or interest that is Due for Payment shall thereupon vest in BAM. A Notice of Nonpayment will be deemed received on a given Business Day if it is received prior to 1:00 p.m. (New York time) on such Business Day; otherwise, it will be deemed received on the next Business Day. If any Notice of Nonpayment received by BAM is incomplete, it shall be deemed not to have been received by BAM for purposes of the preceding sentence, and BAM shall promptly so advise the Trustee, Paying Agent or Owner, as appropriate, any of whom may submit an amended Notice of Nonpayment. Upon disbursement under this Policy in respect of a Bond and to the extent of such payment, BAM shall become the owner of such Bond, any appurtenant coupon to such Bond and right to receipt of payment of principal of or interest on such Bond and shall be fully subrogated to the rights of the Owner, including the Owner's right to receive payments under such Bond. Payment by BAM either to the Trustee or Paying Agent for the benefit of the Owners, or directly to the Owners, on account of any Nonpayment shall discharge the obligation of BAM under this Policy with respect to said Nonpayment.

Except to the extent expressly modified by an endorsement hereto, the following terms shall have the meanings specified for all purposes of this Policy. "Business Day" means any day other than (a) a Saturday or Sunday or (b) a day on which banking institutions in the State of New York or the Insurer's Fiscal Agent (as defined herein) are authorized or required by law or executive order to remain closed. "Due for Payment" means (a) when referring to the principal of a Bond, payable on the stated maturity date thereof or the date on which the same shall have been duly called for mandatory sinking fund redemption and does not refer to any earlier date on which payment is due by reason of call for redemption (other than by mandatory sinking fund redemption), acceleration or other advancement of maturity (unless BAM shall elect, in its sole discretion, to pay such principal due upon such acceleration together with any accrued interest to the date of acceleration) and (b) when referring to interest on a Bond, payable on the stated date for payment of interest. "Nonpayment" means, in respect of a Bond, the failure of the Issuer to have provided sufficient funds to the Trustee or, if there is no Trustee, to the Paying Agent for payment in full of all principal and interest that is Due for Payment on such Bond. "Nonpayment" shall also include, in respect of a Bond, any payment made to an Owner by or on behalf of the Issuer of principal or interest that is Due for Payment, which payment has been recovered from such Owner pursuant to the United States Bankruptcy Code in accordance with a final, nonappealable order of a court having competent jurisdiction. "Notice" means delivery to BAM of a notice of claim and certificate, by certified mail, email or telecopy as set forth on the attached Schedule or other acceptable electronic delivery, in a form satisfactory to BAM, from and signed by an Owner, the Trustee or the Paying Agent, which notice shall specify (a) the person or entity making the claim, (b) the Policy Number, (c) the claimed amount, (d) payment instructions and (e) the date such claimed amount becomes or became Due for Payment. "Owner" means, in respect of a Bond, the person or entity who, at the time of Nonpayment, is entitled under the terms of such Bond to payment thereof, except that "Owner" shall not include the Issuer, the Member or any other person or entity whose direct or indirect obligation constitutes the underlying security for the Bonds.

BAM may appoint a fiscal agent (the “Insurer’s Fiscal Agent”) for purposes of this Policy by giving written notice to the Trustee, the Paying Agent, the Member and the Issuer specifying the name and notice address of the Insurer’s Fiscal Agent. From and after the date of receipt of such notice by the Trustee, the Paying Agent, the Member or the Issuer (a) copies of all notices required to be delivered to BAM pursuant to this Policy shall be simultaneously delivered to the Insurer’s Fiscal Agent and to BAM and shall not be deemed received until received by both and (b) all payments required to be made by BAM under this Policy may be made directly by BAM or by the Insurer’s Fiscal Agent on behalf of BAM. The Insurer’s Fiscal Agent is the agent of BAM only, and the Insurer’s Fiscal Agent shall in no event be liable to the Trustee, Paying Agent or any Owner for any act of the Insurer’s Fiscal Agent or any failure of BAM to deposit or cause to be deposited sufficient funds to make payments due under this Policy.

To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, BAM agrees not to assert, and hereby waives, only for the benefit of each Owner, all rights (whether by counterclaim, setoff or otherwise) and defenses (including, without limitation, the defense of fraud), whether acquired by subrogation, assignment or otherwise, to the extent that such rights and defenses may be available to BAM to avoid payment of its obligations under this Policy in accordance with the express provisions of this Policy. This Policy may not be canceled or revoked.

This Policy sets forth in full the undertaking of BAM and shall not be modified, altered or affected by any other agreement or instrument, including any modification or amendment thereto. Except to the extent expressly modified by an endorsement hereto, any premium paid in respect of this Policy is nonrefundable for any reason whatsoever, including payment, or provision being made for payment, of the Bonds prior to maturity. THIS POLICY IS NOT COVERED BY THE PROPERTY/CASUALTY INSURANCE SECURITY FUND SPECIFIED IN ARTICLE 76 OF THE NEW YORK INSURANCE LAW. THIS POLICY IS ISSUED WITHOUT CONTINGENT MUTUAL LIABILITY FOR ASSESSMENT.

In witness whereof, BUILD AMERICA MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY has caused this Policy to be executed on its behalf by its Authorized Officer.

BUILD AMERICA MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY

By: _____
Authorized Officer

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Notices (Unless Otherwise Specified by BAM)

Email:

claims@buildamerica.com

Address:

28 Liberty Street, 59th Floor
New York, New York 10005

Telecopy:

212-962-1524 (attention: Claims)

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